Order No. MAC0308013D2

Service Manual

Room Air Conditioner

CS-E18CKE

Panasonic

⚠ **PRECAUTION OF LOW TEMPERATURE**

In order to avoid frostbite, be assured of no refrigerant leakage during the installation or repairing of refrigeration circuit.

1. Features

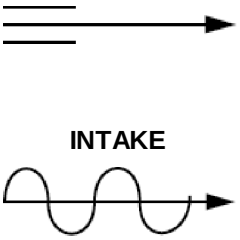
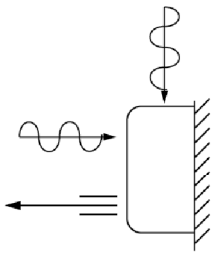
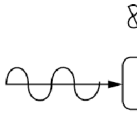
- Product
- Microcomputer-controlled compressor operating frequency
- Vertical and Horizontal Airflow Directions
- Five modes of operation selection
- Powerful Mode operation

- Delay ON Timer and OFF Timer
- Remote Control with illuminable buttons
- Power Monitor Display LED
- Catechin Air Purifying Filter
- Triple Deodorizing Filter
- Ionizer Mode Operation
- Quiet Mode Operation
- Serviceability
- Washable Front Panel
- Breakdown Self Diagnosis function
- Environmental Protection
- Non-ozone depletion substances refrigerant (R410A)
- Quality Improvement
- Gas leakage detection
- Deice operation
- Auto restart control

2. Functions

3. Product Specifications

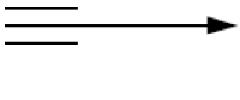
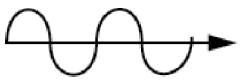
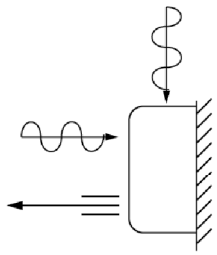
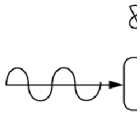
	Unit	CS-E18CKE	CU-E1
Cooling Capacity	kW kcal/h BTU/h	5.30 (0.90 - 6.00) 4,560 (770 - 5,160) 18,100 (3,070 - 20,500)	
Heating Capacity	kW kcal/h BTU/h	6.60 (0.90 - 8.00) 5,680 (770 - 6,880) 22,500 (3,070 - 27,300)	
Moisture Removal	l/h Pint/h	2.9 (6.1)	
Power Source	Phase V Cycle	Single 230 50	

		Unit	CS-E18CKE	CU-E1
Airflow Method		OUTLET  INTAKE 	SIDE VIEW 	TOP V 
Air Volume	Indoor Air (Lo)	m3/min (cfm)	Cooling; 12.5 (440) Heating; 13.9 (490)	—
	Indoor Air (Me)	m3/min (cfm)	Cooling; 14.0 (490) Heating; 15.5 (540)	—
	Indoor Air (Hi)	m3/min (cfm)	Cooling; 15.6 (550) Heating; 17.1 (600)	40.0 (1
Noise Level		dB (A)	Cooling; High 44, Low 37 Heating; High 44, Low 37	Coolir Heatir
		Power level dB	Cooling; High 57 Heating; High 57	Cooling; Heating;
Electrical Data	Input Power	W	Cooling; 1,650 (240 - 2,050 Heating; 1,790 (280 - 2,650	
	Running Current	A	Cooling; 7.4 Heating; 8.0	
	EER	W/W	Cooling; 3.21 (3.75 - 2.93)	
		BTU/hW	Cooling; 11.0 (12.8 - 10.0)	
	COP	W/W	Heating; 3.69 (3.21 - 3.02)	
		BTU/hW	Heating; 12.6 (11.0 - 10.3)	
	Starting Current	A	8.0	
Piping Connection Port (Flare piping)		inch inch	G ; Half Union 1/2” L ; Half Union 1/4”	G ; 3-way v L ; 2-way v

			Unit	CS-E18CKE	CU-E1
Pipe Size			inch	G (gas side) ; 1/2”	G (gas sid
(Flare piping)			inch	L (liquid side) ; 1/4”	L (liquid si
Drain Hose	Inner diameter		mm	12	—
	Length		m	0.65	—
Power Cord Length				2.1 m	—
Number of core-wire				3 core wires × 1.5 mm²	—
Dimensions	Height		inch (mm)	10 - 13/16 (275)	29 - 17/3
	Width		inch (mm)	39 - 9/32 (998)	34 - 7/1
	Depth		inch (mm)	8 - 9/32 (210)	13 - 19/3
Net Weight			lb (kg)	24 (11)	108
Compressor		Type		—	Involute
	Motor	Type		—	Brushless
	Rated	Output	W	—	90
Air Circulation		Type		Cross-flow Fan	Propell
		Material		ASHT-18	P.
	Motor	Type		Transistor (8-poles)	Transistor
		Rate Output	W	30	4(
	Fan Speed	Lo (Cool/ Heat)	rpm	1,150 / 1,270	—
		Me (Cool/ Heat)	rpm	1,290 / 1,410	—
		Hi (Cool/ Heat)	rpm	1,440 / 1,560	66
Heat Exchanger	Description			Evaporator	Conde
	Tube material			Copper	Cop
	Fin material			Aluminium (Pre Coat)	Aluminiu Coat
	Fin Type			Slit Fin	Corruga
	Row / Stage			(Plate fin configuration, forced	
				2 / 15	2 /
	FPI			21	1(
	Size (W × H × L)		mm	810 × 315 × 25.4	849.3 × 878 3
Refrigerant Control Device				—	Expansio
Refrigeration Oil			(c.c)	—	RB68A
Refrigerant (R410A)			kg (oz)	—	1.18 (
Thermostat				Electronic Control	—
Protection Device				Electronic Control	Electronic
Capillary Tube	Length		mm	—	—
	Flow Rate		l/min	—	—
	Inner Diameter		mm	—	—
Air Filter	Material			P.P.	—
	Style			Honeycomb	

- Specifications are subjected to change without notice for further

improvement.

		Unit	CS-E21CKE	CU-E2
Cooling Capacity		**kW** **kcal/h** **BTU/h**	**6.30 (0.90 - 7.10)** **5,420 (770 - 6,110)** **21,500 (3,070 - 24,200)**	
Heating Capacity		**kW** **kcal/h** **BTU/h**	**7.20 (0.90 - 8.50)** **6,190 (770 - 7,310)** **24,600 (3,070 - 29,000)**	
Moisture Removal		**l/h** **Pint/h**	**3.5** **(7.4)**	
Power Source		**Phase** **V** **Cycle**	**Single** **230** **50**	
Airflow Method		**OUTLET**  **INTAKE** 	**SIDE VIEW** 	**TOP V** 
Air Volume	**Indoor Air (Lo)**	**m3/min (cfm)**	**Cooling; 12.6 (440)** **Heating; 14.0 (490)**	**—**
	Indoor Air (Me)	**m3/min (cfm)**	**Cooling; 14.5 (510)** **Heating; 15.8 (560)**	**—**
	Indoor Air (Hi)	**m3/min (cfm)**	**Cooling; 16.6 (590)** **Heating; 17.7 (620)**	**Cooling; 4** **Heating; 4**
		dB (A)	**Cooling; High 45, Low 37** **Heating; High 45, Low 37**	**Coolir** **Heatir**

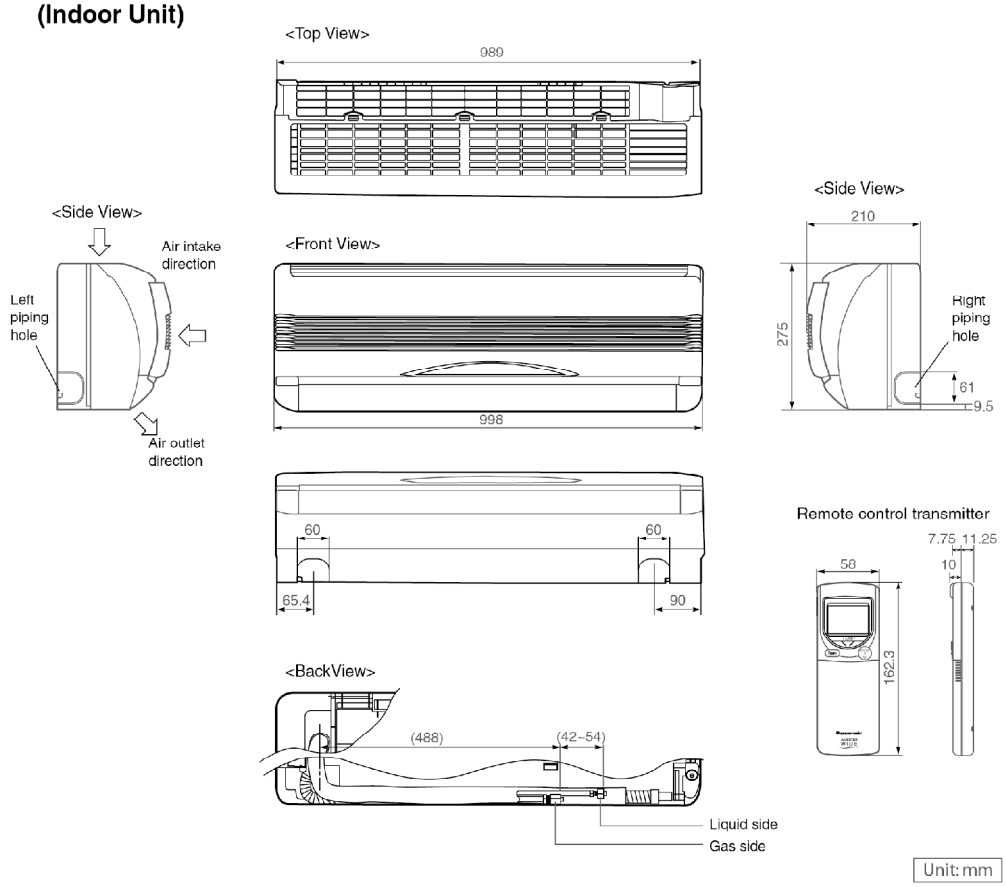
			Unit	CS-E21CKE	CU-E2
Noise Level					
			Power level dB	Cooling; High 58 Heating; High 58	Cooling; Heating;
Electrical Data	Input Power		W	Cooling; 2,210 (240 - 2,540 Heating; 2,100 (280 - 2,750	
	Running Current		A	Cooling; 9.9 Heating; 9.4	
	EER		W/W	Cooling; 2.85 (3.75 - 2.80)	
			BTU/hW	Cooling; 9.7 (12.8 - 9.5)	
	COP		W/W	Heating; 3.43 (3.21 - 3.09)	
			BTU/hW	Heating; 11.7 (11.0 - 10.5)	
	Starting Current		A	9.4	
Piping Connection Port (Flare piping)			inch inch	G ; Half Union 1/2” L ; Half Union 1/4”	G ; 3-way v L ; 2-way v
Pipe Size (Flare piping)			inch inch	G (gas side) ; 1/2” L (liquid side) ; 1/4”	G (gas sid L (liquid si
Drain Hose	Inner diameter Length		mm m	12 0.65	— —
Power Cord Length Number of core-wire				2.1 m 3 core wires × 1.5 mm²	— —
Dimensions	Height		inch (mm)	10 - 13/16 (275)	29 - 17/3
	Width		inch (mm)	39 - 9/32 (998)	34 - 7/1
	Depth		inch (mm)	8 - 9/32 (210)	13 - 19/3
Net Weight			lb (kg)	24 (11)	112
Compressor		Type		—	Involute
	Motor	Type		—	Brushless
	Rated	Output	W	—	90
Air Circulation		Type		Cross-flow Fan	Propell
		Material		ASHT-18	P.
	Motor	Type		Transistor (8-poles)	Transistor
		Rate Output	W	30	4(
	Fan Speed	Lo (Cool/ Heat)	rpm	1,150 / 1,270	—
		Me (Cool/ Heat)	rpm	1,330 / 1,440	—
		Hi (Cool/ Heat)	rpm	1,520 / 1,610	700 /

		Unit	CS-E21CKE	CU-E2
Heat Exchanger	Description		Evaporator	Cond
	Tube material		Copper	Cop
	Fin material		Aluminium (Pre Coat)	Aluminiu Coa
	Fin Type		Slit Fin	Corruga
	Row / Stage		(Plate fin configuration, forced	
			2 / 15	2 /
	FPI		21	1
	Size (W × H × L)	mm	810 × 315 × 25.4	849.3 × 878 3
Refrigerant Control Device			—	Expansi
Refrigeration Oil		(c.c)	—	RB68A
Refrigerant (R410A)		kg (oz)	—	1.29 (
Thermostat			Electronic Control	—
Protection Device			Electronic Control	Electroni
Capillary Tube	Length	mm	—	—
	Flow Rate	l/min	—	—
	Inner Diameter	mm	—	—
Air Filter	Material		P.P.	—
	Style		Honeycomb	

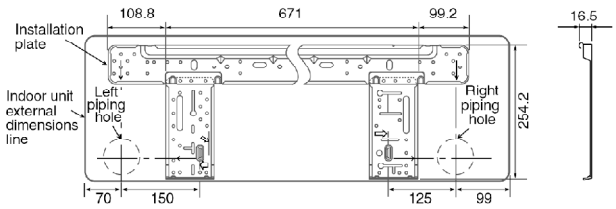
- Specifications are subjected to change without notice for further improvement.

4. Dimensions

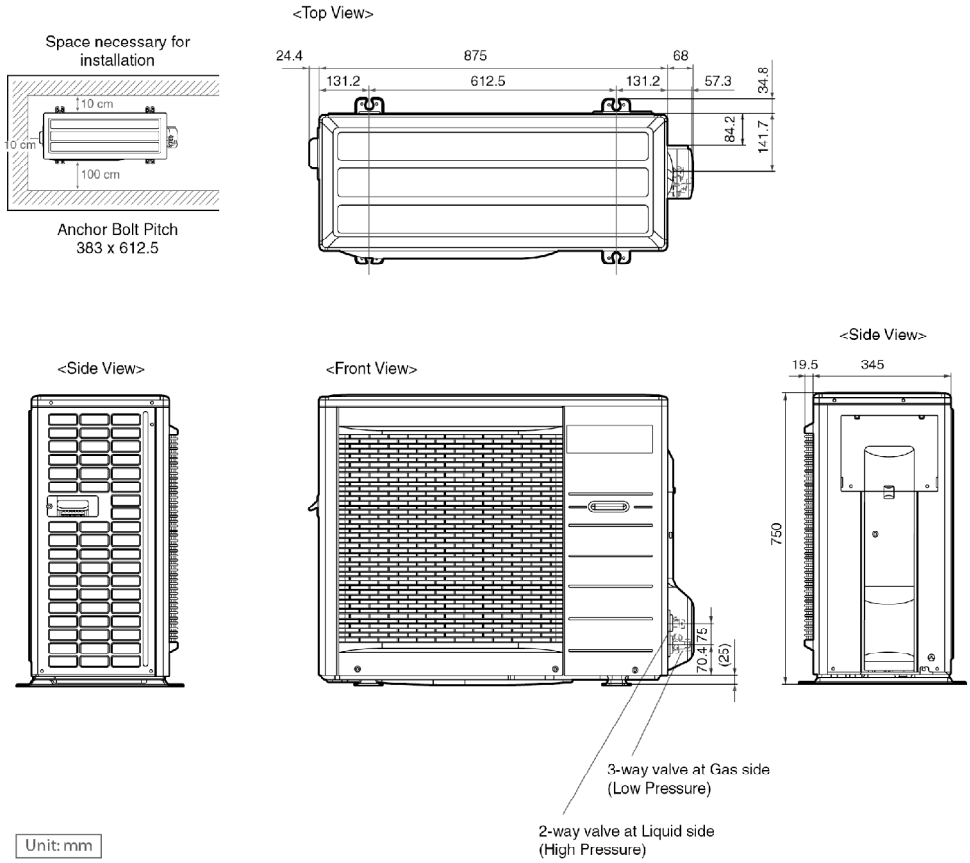
CS-E18CKE
CS-E21CKE
(Indoor Unit)



Relative position between the indoor unit and the installation plate <Front View>

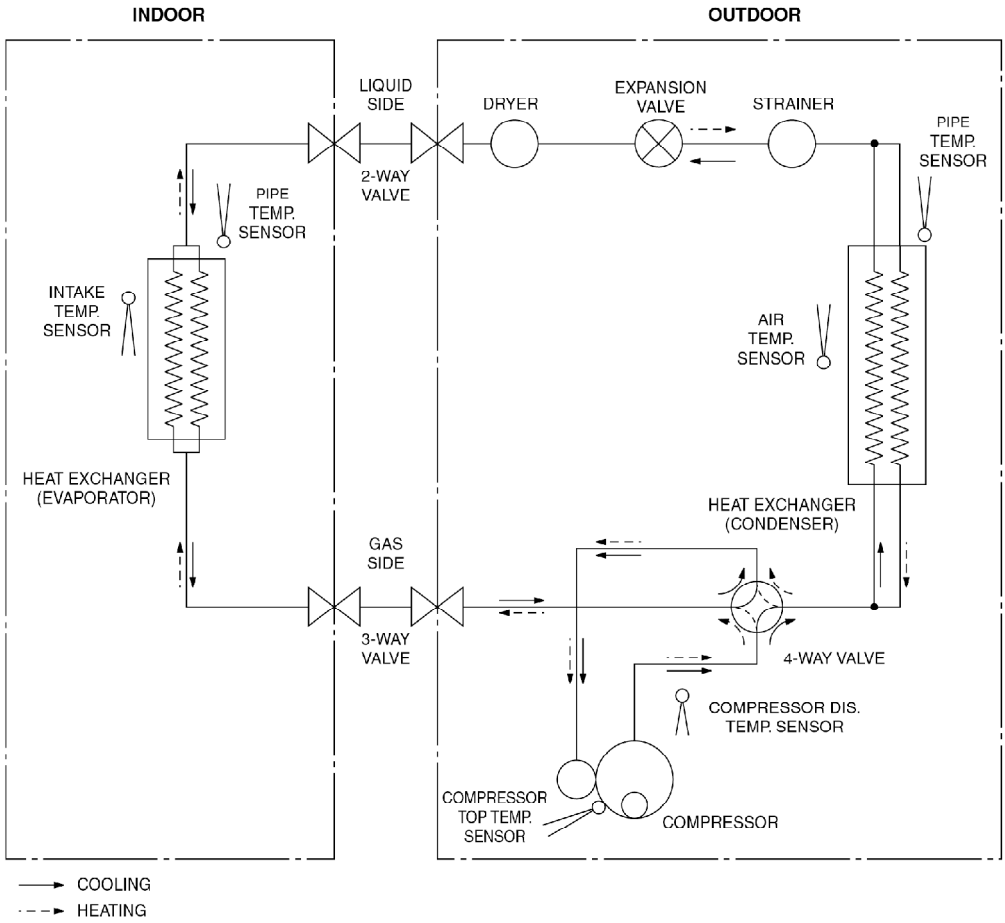


CU-E18CKE
CU-E21CKE
(Outdoor Unit)



5. Refrigeration Cycle Diagram

CS-E18CKE CU-E18CKE
CS-E21CKE CU-E21CKE

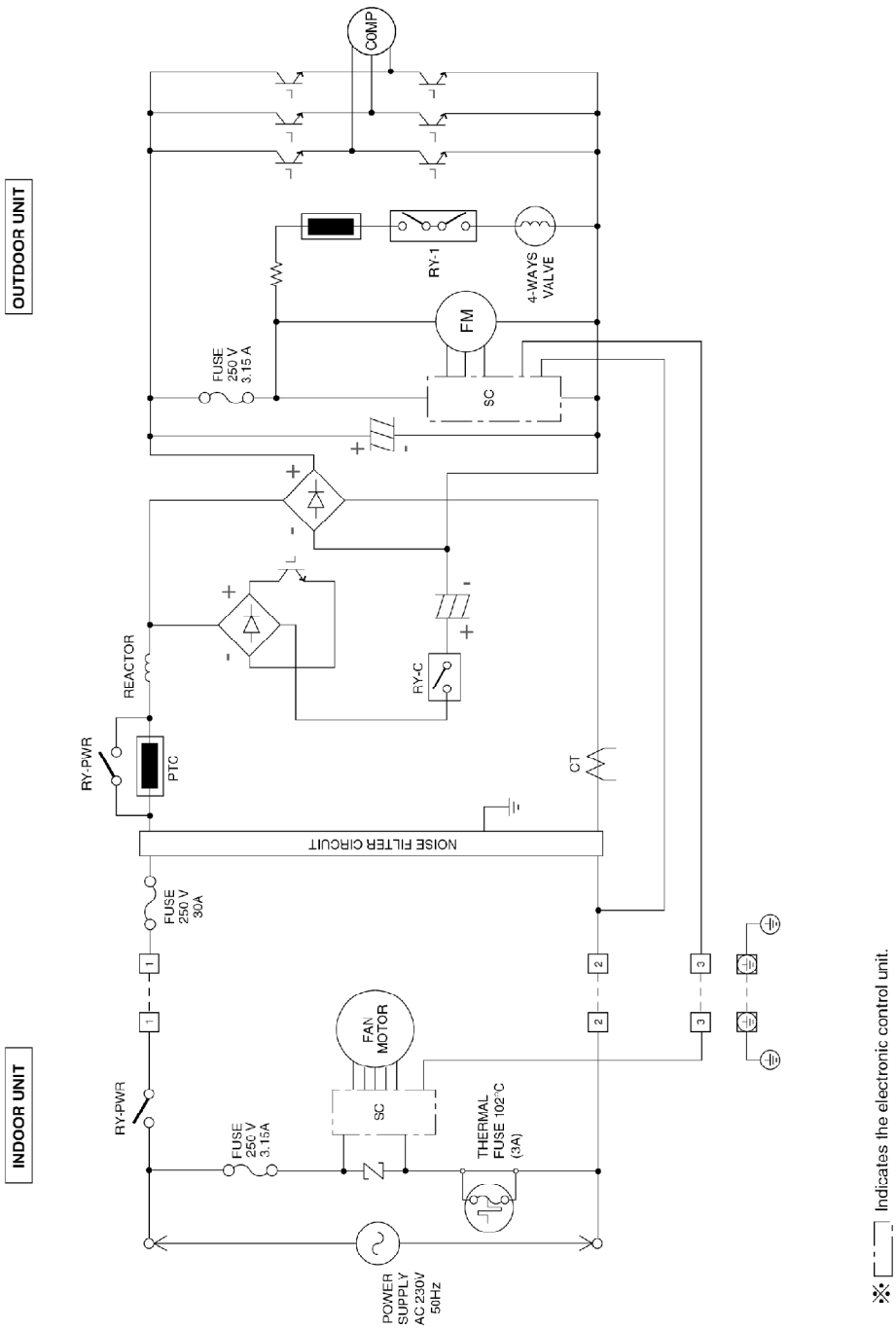


Model	Piping size		Rated Length (m)	Common Length (m)	Max. Elevation (m)	Max. Piping Length (m)	Additional Refrigerant (g/m)
	Gas	Liquid					
E18CK, E21CK	1/2"	1/4"	5	10	15	20	20

※ If piping length is over common length, additional refrigerant should be added as shown in the table.

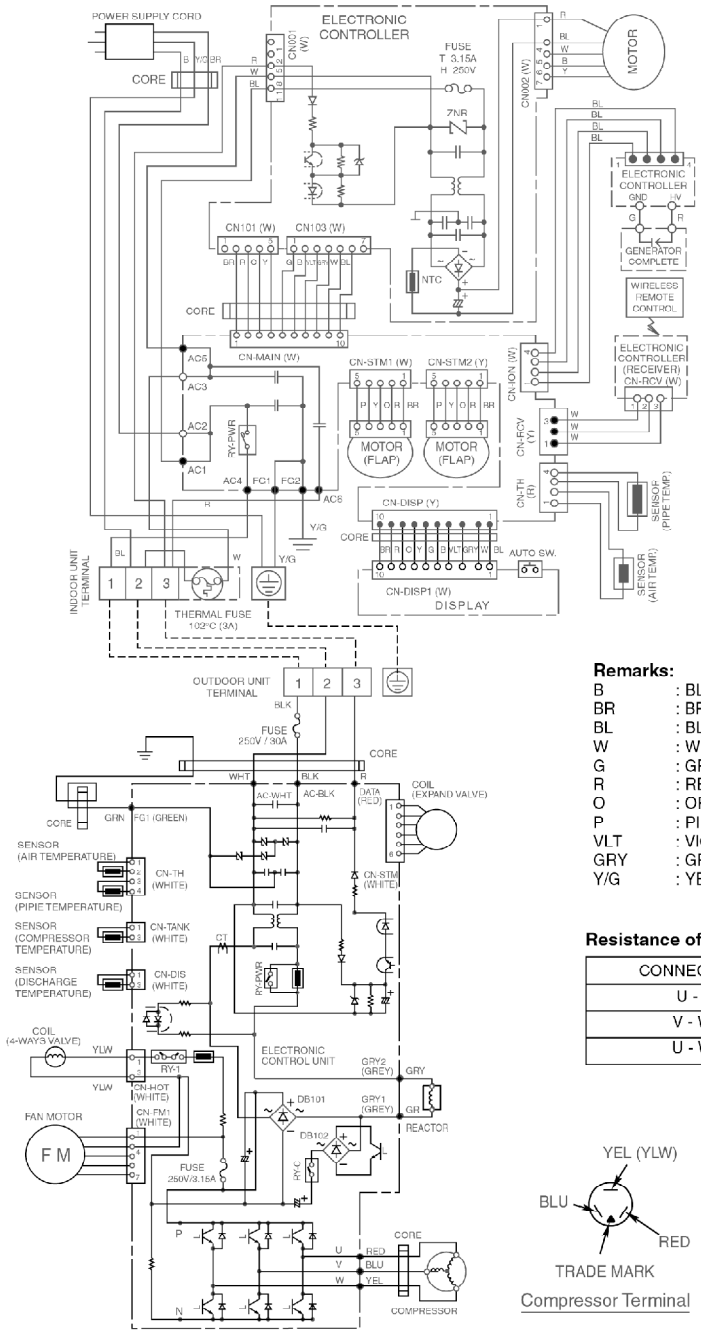
6. Block Diagram

CS-E18CKE CU-E18CKE
CS-E21CKE CU-E21CKE



7. Wiring Diagram

CS-E18CKE CU-E18CKE
CS-E21CKE CU-E21CKE



Remarks:

B	: BLUE
BR	: BROWN
BL	: BLACK
W	: WHITE
G	: GREEN
R	: RED
O	: ORANGE
P	: PINK
VLT	: VIOLET
GRY	: GRAY
Y/G	: YELLOW / GREEN

Resistance of Compressor Windings

CONNECTION	5CS130XAC03 (Ω)
U - V	0.9
V - W	0.9
U - W	0.9

Compressor Terminal

8. Operation Details

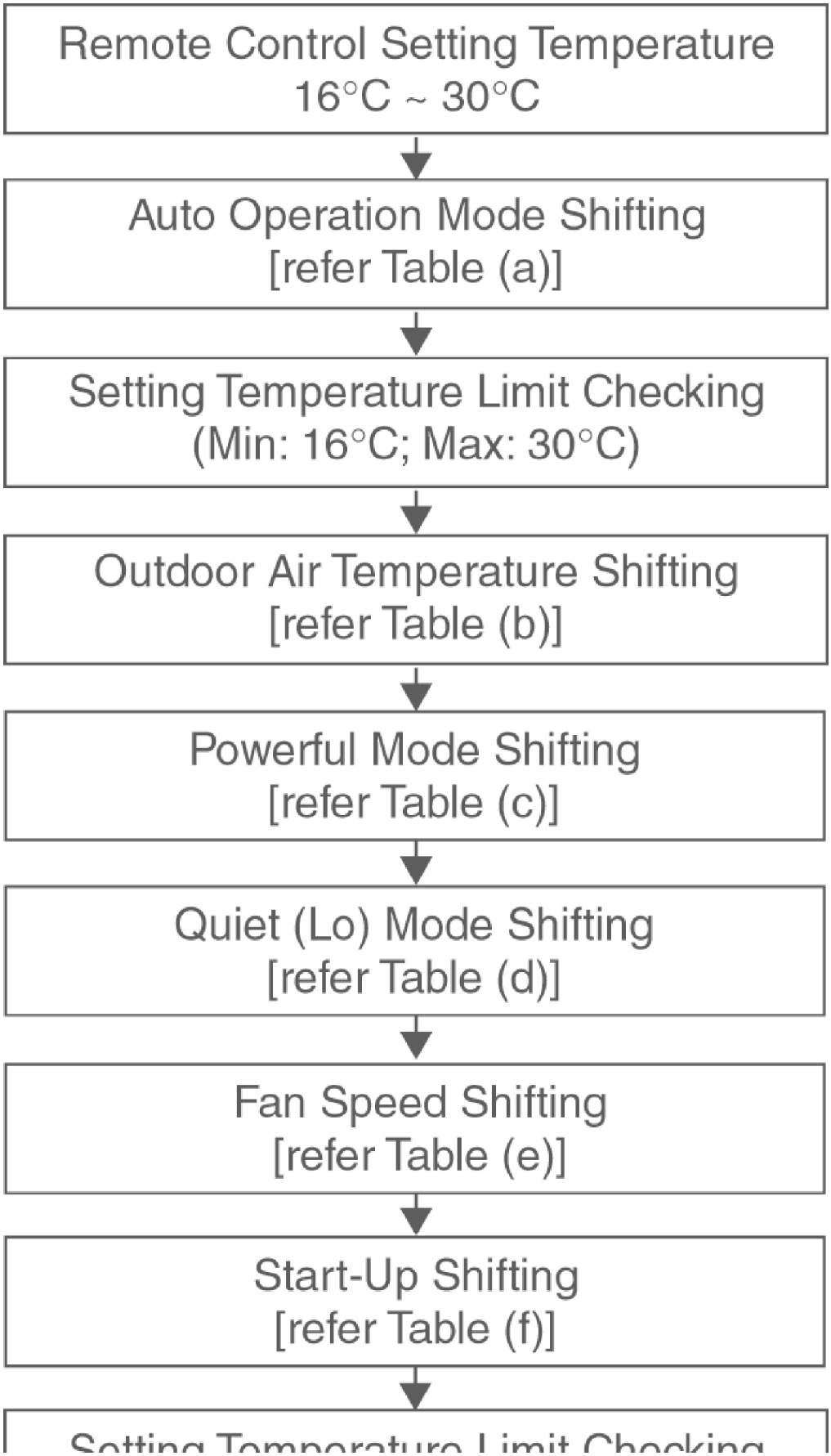
8.1. BASIC FUNCTION

Inverter control, which equipped with a microcomputer in determining the most suitable operating mode as time passes, automatically adjusts output power for maximum comfort always. In order to achieve the suitable operatingmode, the microcomputer

maintains the set temperature by measuring the temperature of the environment and performing temperature shifting. The compressor at outdoor unit is operating following the frequency instructed by the microcomputer at indoorunit that judging the condition according to internal setting temperature and intake air temperature.

8.1.1. Internal Setting Temperature

Once the operation starts, remote control setting temperature will be taken as base value for temperature shifting processes. These shifting processes are depending on the air conditioner settings and the operation environment.The final shifted value will be used as internal setting temperature and it is updated continuously whenever the electrical power is supplied to the unit.


Remote Control Setting Temperature
16°C ~ 30°C
Auto Operation Mode Shifting
[refer Table (a)]
Setting Temperature Limit Checking
(Min: 16°C; Max: 30°C)
Outdoor Air Temperature Shifting
[refer Table (b)]
Powerful Mode Shifting
[refer Table (c)]
Quiet (Lo) Mode Shifting
[refer Table (d)]
Fan Speed Shifting
[refer Table (e)]
Start-Up Shifting
[refer Table (f)]
Setting Temperature Limit Checking

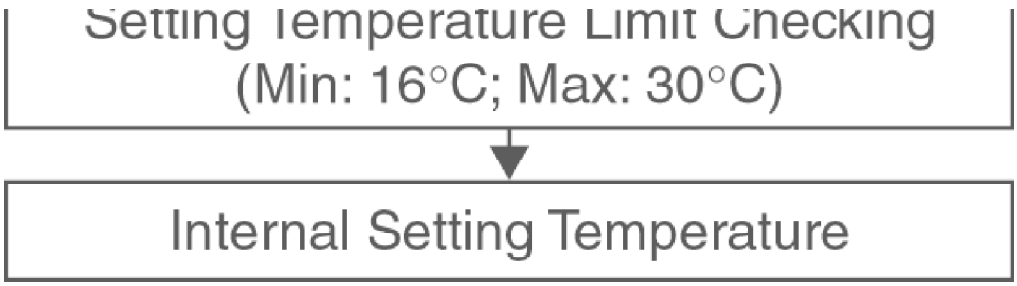


Table (a): Auto Operation Mode Setting

Mode Shift:	Temperature Shift (°C)
Cooling/Soft Dry → Heating	-2.0
Heating → Cooling/Soft Dry	+2.0

Table (b): Outdoor Air Temperature Shifting

Mode:	Outdoor Temperature, X (°C):	Temperature Shift (°C)	
		Manual Operation	Auto Operation
Cooling/Soft Dry	$38 \leq X$	1.50	2.00
	$30 \leq X < 38$	1.25	1.25
	$23 \leq X < 30$	1.25	1.25
	$X < 23$	1.75	1.75
Heating	$21 \leq X$	-2.25	-1.50
	$17 \leq X < 21$	-1.75	-1.00
	$13 \leq X < 17$	-0.75	0.00
	$9 \leq X < 13$	0.25	0.25
	$5 \leq X < 9$	1.25	1.00
	$1 \leq X < 5$	0.75	1.00
	$-3 \leq X < 1$	1.50	1.00
	$X < -3$	1.50	1.00

Table (c): Powerful Mode Shifting

Mode:	Period, X (min):	Temperature Shift (°C)
Cooling	$X < 20$	-2.0
	$X \geq 20$	0.0
Soft Dry	$X < 20$	-1.0
	$X \geq 20$	0.0
Heating	$X < 20$	+3.5
	$X \geq 20$	+3.25

Table (d): Quiet (Lo) Mode Shifting

Mode:	Period, X (min):	Temperature Shift (°C)
Cooling, Soft Dry	20 min $\leq$ X $\leq$ 50 min	-3.0
	50 min $<$ X $\leq$ 110 min	-4.0
	110 min $<$ X $\leq$ 440 min	-5.0

Table (e): Fan Speed Shifting

Mode:	Fan Speed:	Temperature Shift (°C)
Cooling	Lo	-0.25
	Me-, Me, Me+, Auto	0.00
	Hi	+0.25
Soft Dry	All	+0.25
Heating	Lo	+1.50
	Me-, Me, Me+, Auto	+0.75
	Hi	+0.75

Table (f): Start-Up Shifting

Mode within 60 Minutes from Start-up:	Temperature Shift (°C)
Cooling/Soft Dry	-1.0
Heating	+2.0

8.1.2. Compressor Operation Frequency

Zone	Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature (° C)		Freq. H		
	Cooling & Soft Dry	Heating	Cooling	Soft Dry	Heating
1	-2.0	1.5	1	1	1
2	-1.5	1.0	1	1	1
3	-1.0	0.5	14	8	11
4	-0.5	0.0	20	8	15
5	0.0	-0.5	27	8	22
6	0.5	-1.0	35	11	27
7	1.0	-1.5	43	11	36
8	1.5	-2.0	46	11	39
9	2.0	-2.5	46	11	39
10	2.5	-3.0	46	11	39
11	Nil	-3.5	Nil	Nil	39
12	Nil	-4.0	Nil	Nil	39

Operating Frequency Calculation Formula:

CompHz = Freq. A × Freq. H + Freq. C
Example Calculation:
Model No.: E18CK
Operation Mode: Cooling
When Intake Air Temperature - Internal setting Temperature: 1.5°C

CompHz= Freq. A × Freq. H + Freq. C
= 1.53 × 46 + 2.5
= 72 Hz (It cuts down less than a decimal point)

Cooling & Soft Dry	E18CK		E21CK	
	Freq. A	Freq. C	Freq. A	Freq. C
Low Load (Freq. H ≦ 9)	1.2	5.0	1.7	7.0
High Load (Freq. H > 10)	1.53	2.5	2.0	4.0

Heating	E18CK		E21CK	
	Freq. A	Freq. C	Freq. A	Freq. C
Low Load (Freq. H ≦ 11)	1.6	8.0	1.9	7.0
High Load (Freq. H > 12)	2.2	1.0	2.35	1.0

Freq. Range		E18CK	E21CK
Cooling	Fc	72	96
	Operation Range	12 ~ 86	12 ~ 102
Heating	Fh	86	92
	Operation Range	14 ~ 128	14 ~ 128

Remarks:

When Freq. H is equal to 46 (Cooling), 39 (Heating) or above, the Comp. may run at the freq. higher than Fc or Fh up to max. freq. operation.

Best Amenity Control

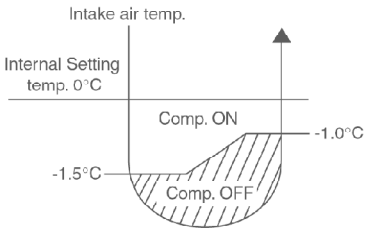
Every 90s (Cooling), 120s (Heating) maintain same zone Freq. H + 1 until Fc (46), Fh (39).

8.1.3. Cooling Operation

8.1.3.1. Thermostat control

- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature < -1.5°C.

- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature > Compressor OFF point +0.5°C.

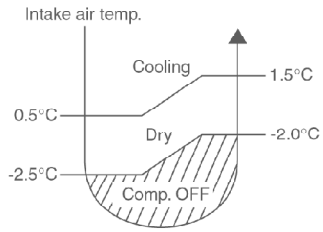


8.1.4. Soft Dry Operation

8.1.4.1. Thermostat control

- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature < -2.5°C.

- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature > Compressor OFF point.

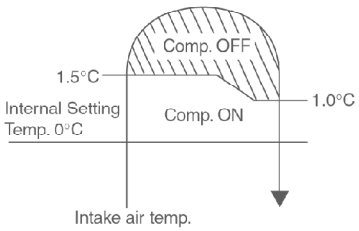


8.1.5. Heating Operation

8.1.5.1. Thermostat control

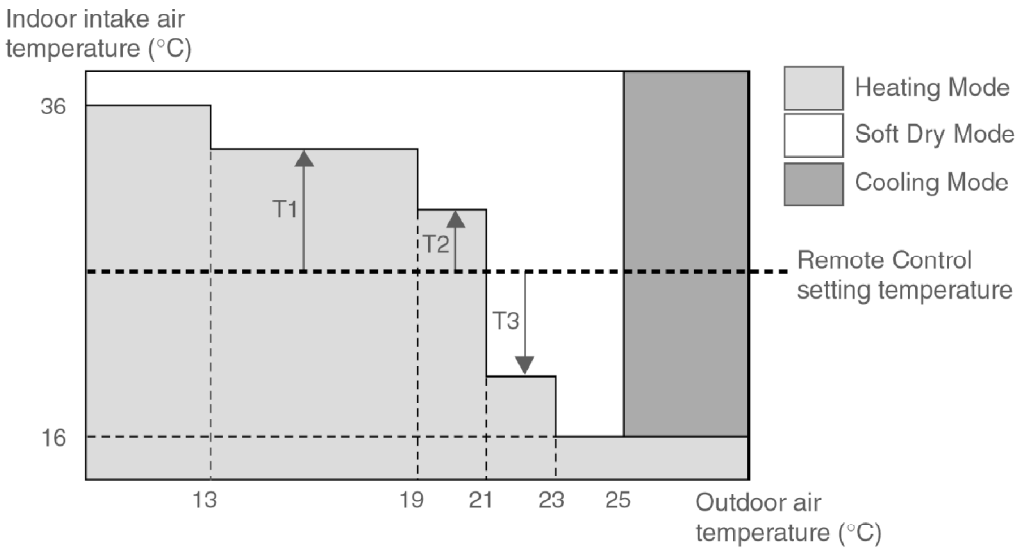
- Compressor is OFF when Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting > +1.5°C.

- Compressor is ON after waiting for 3 minutes, if the Intake Air Temperature - Internal Setting Temperature < Compressor OFF point -0.5°C.



8.1.6. Automatic Operation

This mode can be set using remote control and the operation is decided by remote control setting temperature, indoor intake air temperature and outdoor air temperature.
During operation mode judgment, indoor fan motor (with speed of Lo-) and outdoor fan motor are running for 30 seconds to detect the indoor intake and outdoor air temperature. The operation mode is decided based on below chart.



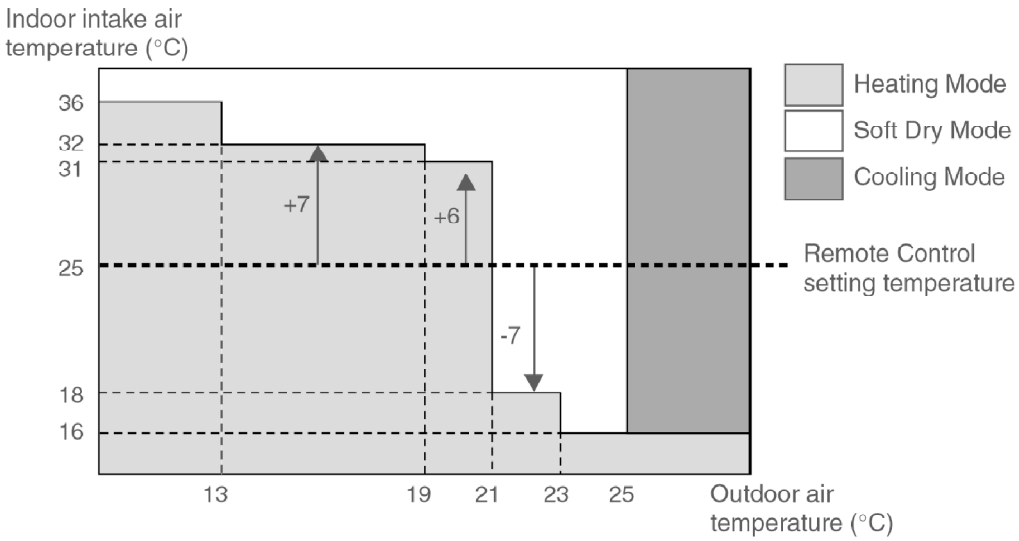
Values of T1, T2, and T3 depend on remote control setting temperature, as shown in below table. After the adjustment of T1, T2 and T3 values, the operation mode for that particular environment and remote control setting is judged and performed,based on the above operation mode chart, every 30 minutes.

Remote Control Setting Temperature (°C)	T1	T2	T3
16 ~ 18	+10	+8	-5
19 ~ 22	+8	+7	-7
23 ~ 26	+7	+6	-7
27 ~ 30	+6	+5	-8

There is a temperature shifting on T1, T2, and T3 if the operation mode judged is changed from Cooling/Soft Dry to Heating or vice verse.

Operation Mode change from	Temperature shifts (°C)
Cooling/Soft Dry → Heating	-2
Heating → Cooling/Soft Dry	+2

The operation mode chart for this example is as shown in below figure and the operation mode to be performed will depend on indoor intake air temperature and outdoor air temperature at the time when the judgment is made.



8.1.7. Indoor Fan Motor Operation

A. Basic Rotation Speed (rpm)

- Required rotation speed for fan is set to respond to the remote control setting (10 rpm unit)

[Cooling, Dry, Fan]

Remote Control	—	O	O	O	O	O	—	—	
Tab (rpm)	SHI	Hi	Me+	Me	Me-	Lo	Lo-	SLo	S
E18CK	1530	1440	1360	1290	1220	1150	850	760	
E21CK	1610	1520	1420	1330	1240	1150	890	800	

[Heating]

Remote Control	—	O	O	O	O	O	—	—	
Tab (rpm)	SSHI	SHi	Me+	Me	Me-	Lo	Lo-	SLo	S
E18CK	1590	1560	1480	1410	1340	1270	850	400	
E21CK	1640	1610	1520	1440	1350	1270	890	400	

B. Indoor Fan Control

i. Indoor fan control operation outline

1. Cooling / Dry

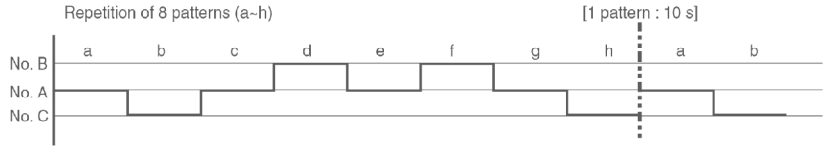
						Cooling	Dry	Ion Only
Protected Operation						Me		
Forced Cooling Operation						Hi	—	
Other than above	Min. control	Auto Operation Mode judgement				Lo-		
		On timer pre-operation Sampling						
	Other than above	Max. capacity operation				SHi	—	
		Other than above	ON timer reserve operation		Auto Airflow	Lo	SLo	
					Manual Airflow	Remo Control Setting		
			Anti Freezing Control			+40 rpm		
			Other than above	Auto Airflow	Powerful	Powerful program	SLo	
					Normal	Normal program		
					Quiet	Quiet program		
					—	—		Quiet program
				Manual Airflow	Powerful	Remote Control setting (+70 rpm)*		
					Quiet	-100 rpm refer to table		
					Other than above	Remote Control setting		
					—	—		Remote control setting (fan)

2. Heating

Protected Operation					Me
Heating Operation					Hi
Min. control	Auto Operation Mode judgement On timer reserve Operation Sampling				Lo-
	Indoor piping temperature control				Me
Other than above	During Hot Start				Stop
	During De-ice				Stop
	Max. Capacity Operation				SSHi
	Max. control	Thermo off (comp off)			Lo-
		Indoor piping temperature control (auto Fan Speed)			refer to Anti Cold Draft Control
	Other than above	ON timer standby operation	Auto Fan Speed		Lo-
			Manual Fan Speed		Remote Control Setting
		Other than above	Auto Fan Speed	Powerful	refer to Anti Cold Draft Control
					Remote Control Setting
				Quiet	If FM ≥ Lo – 100 rpm shift If FM < Lo maintain RPM
				Other than above	Refer to Anti Cold Draft Control
			Manual Fan Speed	Powerful	Remote Control setting + 70 rpm
				Quiet	If FM ≥ Lo – 100 rpm shift If FM < Lo maintain RPM

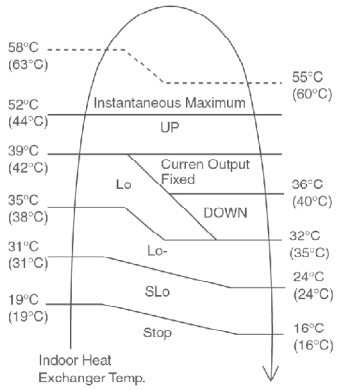
ii. Auto Fan Speed

1. Cooling



	Model	No. A	No. B	No. C
Powerful Program	E18CK	1070	1100	1040
	E21CK	1140	1170	1110
Normal Program	E18CK	1000	1030	970
	E21CK	1070	1100	1040
Quiet Program	E18CK	900	930	870
	E21CK	970	1000	940

2. Heating



Note:

1. UP:

- **If move from Lo, the fan speed will be shifted to Maximum 1520 rpm (E21CK), 1480 rpm (E18CK).**
- **If move from Maximum, the fan speed no change.**
- **In up zone, 10 rpm is added for every 10s until Maximum 1520 rpm (E21CK), 1480 rpm (E18CK).**

2. DOWN:

- **The fan speed will be decreased one step every 10 sec. until Minimum 1270 rpm.**

3. Current Output Fixed:

- **Maintain at present fan speed.**

4. Instantaneous Maximum:

- **Fan speed will be increased to maximum auto fan speed.**

5. Temperature in ( ) is for Powerful Mode operation.

iii. Max Capacity Condition

a) During Cooling operation, if all to the following condition is fulfilled, the indoor fan speed is set to Shi.

1. Indoor intake temperature ≥ 24°C.

2. Operation frequency 72 Hz (E18CK), 95 Hz (E21CK) & above.

3. Remote Control setting temperature 16°C.

4. Remote Control setting fan speed Hi.

5. Outdoor temperature ≥ 30°C.

6. Operation start ≤ within 30 minutes.

*** If any of above conditions is not valid, the condition is ended.**

b) During Heating operation, if all to the following condition is fulfilled, the indoor fan speed is set to SSHi.

1. Indoor intake temperature is 17°C or above and less than 23°C.

2. Operation frequency 86 Hz (E18CK), 93 Hz (E21CK) & above.

3. Remote Control setting temperature 30°C.

4. Remote Control setting fan speed Hi.

5. Outdoor temperature < 4°C.

6. Operation start ≥ 2 hours.

*** If any of above conditions is not valid, the condition is ended.**

C. Fan Motor Control

i. Motor specification

High voltage PWM Motor

ii. Feedback Control

1. Rotation speed feedback
Immediately after the fan started, rpm is checked and duty is added, and feedback control is performed.

iii. Abnormal Detection

1. Condition * **Step out signal input**
Feedback rotation speed is more than 2550 rpm or below 50 rpm.
* **However, 10s after fan start, rotation abnormality is not detected.**

2. Control * **Fan stop**

3. Return * **Restart after 5s**
However, in case the fan is stopped by the above conditions within 25s after f started, and happened continuously for 7 times, restart will not be performed.
→ Indoorfan motor lock abnormal (H19)

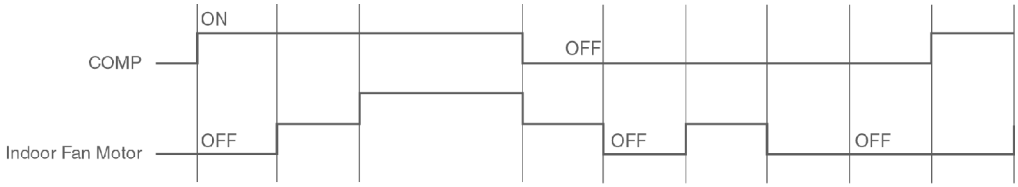
iv. Restart Prohibition Control

Prohibit to restart within 5s after fan stop.
(except when power is ON)

D. Deodorizing Control
i. Control condition
Control at cooling/dry operation and auto fan speed.
No Deodorizing Control is performed during ON timer standby operation and during Anti-freezing control prevention.
ii. Operation
The odor status is arranged as below and it is shifted as follow.

* **When COMP is ON** **1 → 2 → 3**
(Shift to 4 when COMP is OFF)
* **When COMP is OFF** **4 → 5 → 4 ← → 5**
(Shift to 1 when COMP is ON)
* **Start from 4 if the Thermostat is OFF during the start operation.**

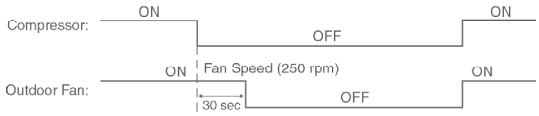
Odor Status		1	2	3	4	5	4	5	4.5.4...	1
Status Shift according to COMP		ON			OFF					ON
Status Shift according to time (s)	Cooling zone	40	50	—	20	90	20	90	.....	ON
	Dry zone									
Fan Speed	Cooling zone	OFF	SLo	Auto Fan Speed	SLo	OFF	SLo	OFF	.....	
	Dry zone	OFF		SLo		OFF				



※ During FM OFF state, auto judgement will cause the FM to ON.

8.1.8. Outdoor Fan Motor Operation

Outdoor fan motor is operated with 15 fan speed. It starts when compressor starts operation and it stops 30 seconds after compressor stops operation.



Basic Rotation Speed

No.	Rpm during Fan Speed	
	E18CK	E21CK
15	730	750
14	730	750
13	680	700
12	660	680
11	620	640
10	600	620
9	580	580
8	500	500
7	430	430
6	340	340
5	280	280
4	250	250
3	220	220
2	190	190
1	150	150

Unit: rpm

E18 CK	Hz ≤ 15 Hz	15 Hz < Hz ≤ 38 Hz	38 Hz < Hz ≤ 78 Hz	78 Hz < Hz
Cooling	580 rpm	620 rpm	660 rpm	680 rpm

E24 CK	0 < Hz < 15 Hz	15 Hz < Hz < 38 Hz	38 Hz < Hz < 98 Hz	98 Hz < Hz
Cooling	580 rpm	640 rpm	700 rpm	700 rpm

E18CK	Hz ≤ 18 Hz	18 Hz < Hz
Dry	500 rpm	580 rpm

E24CK	0 ≤ Hz ≤ 18 Hz	18 Hz < Hz
Dry	500 rpm	580 rpm

E18CK	Hz ≤ 15 Hz	15 Hz < Hz ≤ 41 Hz	41 Hz < Hz ≤ 88 Hz	88 Hz < Hz ≤ 97 Hz	97 Hz < Hz
Heating	580 rpm	620 rpm	660 rpm	680 rpm	730 rpm

E24CK	0 ≤ Hz < 15 Hz	15 Hz ≤ Hz < 41 Hz	41 Hz ≤ Hz < 97 Hz	97 Hz ≤ Hz < 100 Hz	100 Hz ≤ Hz
Heating	580 rpm	640 rpm	680 rpm	700 rpm	750 rpm

8.1.9. Airflow Direction

1. **There are two types of airflow, vertical airflow (directed by horizontal vane) and horizontal airflow (directed by vertical vanes).**
2. **Control of airflow direction can be automatic (angles of direction is determined by operation mode, heat exchanger temperature and intake air temperature) and manual (angles of direction can be adjusted using remote control).**

Vertical Airflow

Operation Mode	Airflow Direction	Vane Angle (°)				
		1	2	3	4	5
Heating	Auto with Heat Exchanger Temperature	17				
		58				
		7				
	Manual	7	17	33	49	67
Cooling, Soft Dry and Fan, Ion	Auto	7 ~ 37				
	Manual	7	17	25	33	41
Mode Judgment in Auto	Auto	7				
	Manual	7	17	25	33	41

1. **Automatic vertical airflow direction can be set using remote control ; the vane swings up and down within the angles as stated above. For heating mode operation, the angle of the vane depends on the indoor heat exchanger temperature as Figure1 below. When the air conditioner is stopped using remote control, the vane will shift to close position.**
2. **Manual vertical airflow direction can be set using remote control; the angles of the vane are as stated above and the positions of the vane are as Figure 2 below. When the air conditioner is stopped using remote control, the vane will shiftto close position.**

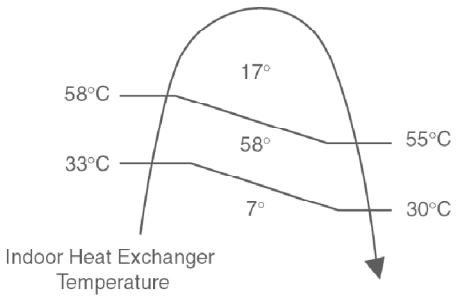


Figure 1

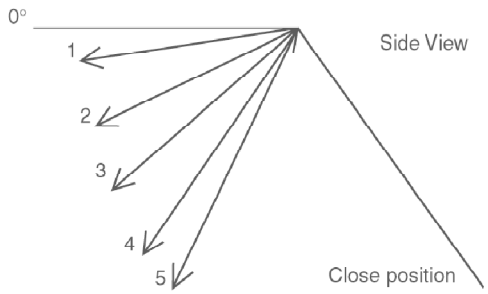


Figure 2

Horizontal Airflow

1. **Automatic horizontal airflow direction can be set using remote control; the vane swings left and right within the angles as stated below. For heating mode operation, the angle of the vane depends on the indoor heat exchanger temperatureas Figure 1 below.**

Operation Mode		Vane Angle (°)
Heating, with heat exchanger temperature	A	55 ~ 125
	B	90
Cooling, Soft Dry and Fan, Ion		55 ~ 125

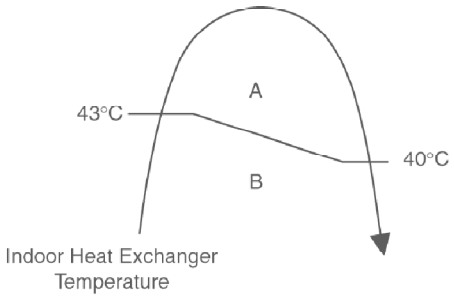


Figure 1

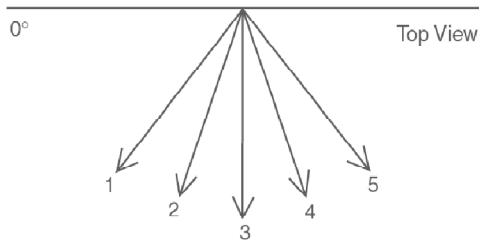
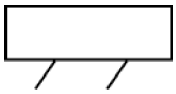
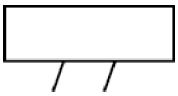
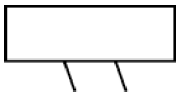
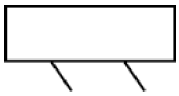


Figure 2

2. Manual horizontal airflow direction can be set using remote control ; the angles of the vane are as stated below and the positions of the vane are as Figure 2 above.

Pattern	1	2	3	4	5
Airflow Direction Patterns at Remote Control					
Vane Angle (°)	90	55	70	110	125

8.1.10. Quiet operation (Cooling Mode / Cooling area of Dry Mode)

A. Purpose

To provide quiet cooling operation compare to normal operation.

B. Control condition

a. Quiet operation start condition

- When “quiet” button at remote control is pressed.
Quiet LED illuminates.

b. Quiet operation stop condition

1. When one of the following conditions is satisfied, quiet operation stops:
A. Powerful button is pressed.

B. Stop by OFF/ON switch.
C. Timer “off” activates.
D. When change mode to fan only mode.
E. Quiet button is pressed again.

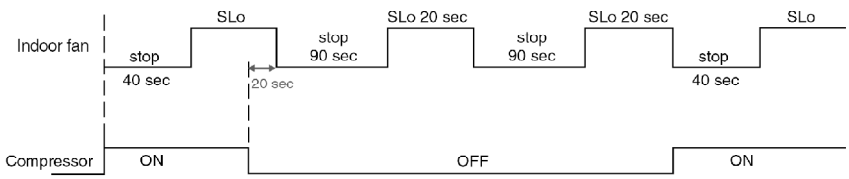
2. **When quiet operation is stopped, operation is shifted to normal operation with previous setting.**
3. **When fan speed is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new fan speed.**
4. **When operation mode is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new mode, except fan only mode.**
5. **During quiet operation, if timer “on” activates, quiet operation maintains.**
6. **After off, when on back, quiet operation is not memorised.**

D. Control contents

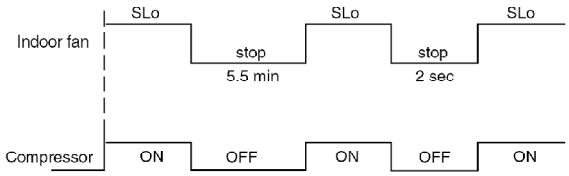
1. **Fan speed is changed from normal setting to quiet setting of respective fan speed.**
   This is to reduce sound of Hi, Me, Lo for 3dB.
2. **Fan speed for quiet operation is -100 rpm from setting fan speed. (Cool and fan mode)**

8.1.10.1. Quiet operation under Soft Dry operation (Dry area at Dry Mode)

Automatic Fan Speed (Dry operation)



Manual Fan Speed (Dry operation)



8.1.10.2. Quiet operation (Heating)

A. Purpose

To provide quiet heating operation compare to normal operation.

B. Control condition

a. Quiet operation start condition

- When “quiet” button at remote control is pressed.
Quiet LED illuminates.

b. Quiet operation stop condition

1. **When one of the following conditions is satisfied, quiet operation stops:**
   - **A. Powerful button is pressed.**
   - **B. Stop by OFF/ON switch.**
   - **C. Timer “off” activates.**
   - **D. When change mode to fan only mode.**
   - **E. Quiet button is pressed again.**
2. **When quiet operation is stopped, operation is shifted to normal operation with previous setting.**
3. **When fan speed is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new fan speed.**
4. **When operation mode is changed, quiet operation is shifted to quiet operation of the new mode, except fan only mode.**
5. **During quiet operation, if timer “on” activates, quiet operation maintains.**
6. **After off, when on back, quiet operation is not memorised.**

C. Control contents

a. Fan Speed manual

1. **Fan speed is changed from normal setting to quiet setting of respective fan speed.**
   This is to reduce sound of Hi, Me, Lo for 3dB.

2. Fan speed for quiet operation is -100 rpm from setting fan speed.

3. Fan Speed Auto

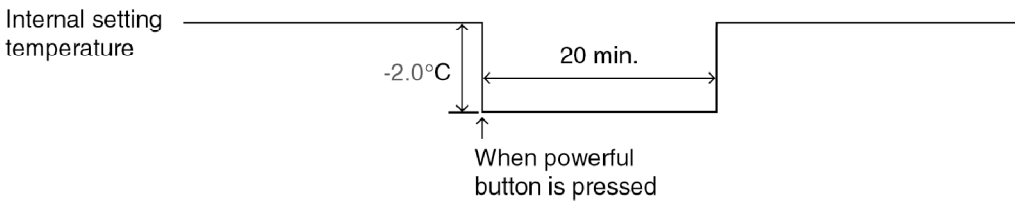
- If FM ≥ Lo
-100 rpm reduce from normal Heating Auto Fan Speed
- If FM < Lo
maintain RPM

Indoor FM RPM depends on pipe temp sensor of indoor heat exchanger.

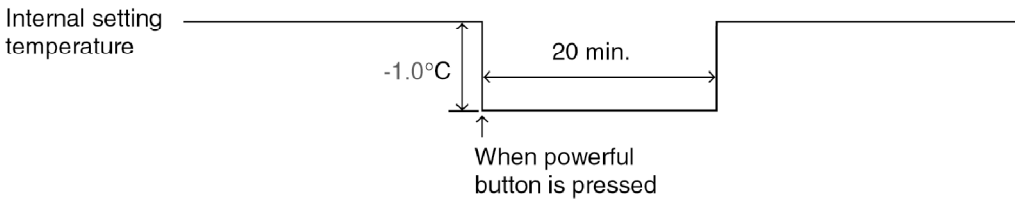
8.1.11. Powerful Mode Operation

When the powerful mode is selected, the internal setting temperature will shift to achieve the setting temperature quickly.

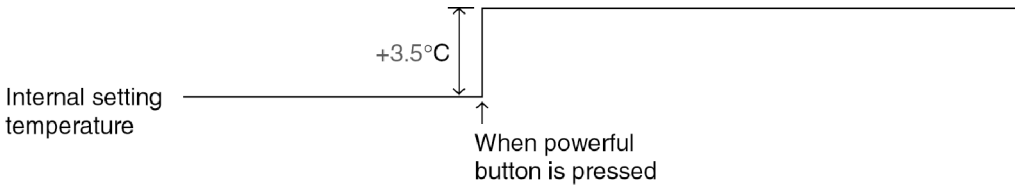
(a) Cooling Operation



(b) Soft Dry Operation



(c) Heating Operation



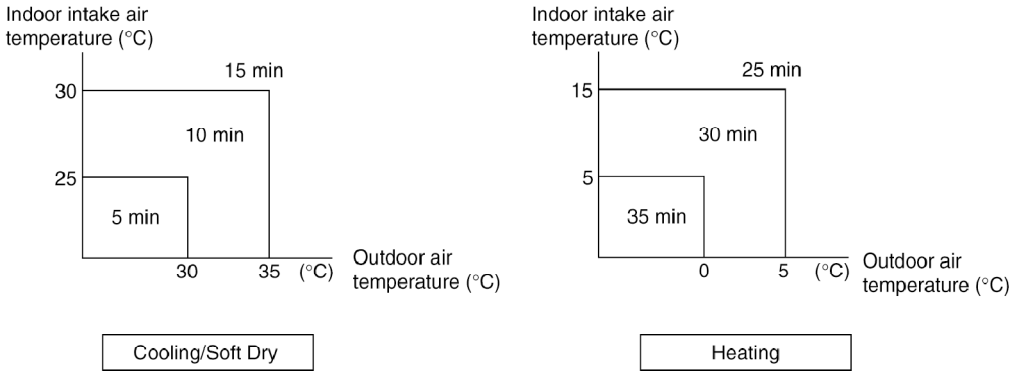
8.1.12. Delay ON Timer Control

Delay ON timer can be set using remote control, the unit with timer set will start operate earlier than the setting time. This is to provide a comfortable environment when reaching the set ON time.

Seventy minutes before the set time, indoor (at fan speed of Lo-) and outdoor fan motor start operate for 30 seconds to determine the indoor intake air temperature and outdoor air temperature in order to judge the operation starting time.

From the above judgment, the decided operation will start operate earlier than the set time as

shown below.



8.1.13. Delay OFF Timer Control

Delay OFF timer can be set using remote control, the unit with timer set will stop operate at set time.

8.1.14. Auto Restart Control

1. **When the power supply is cut off during the operation of air conditioner, the compressor will re-operate within three to four minutes (there are 10 patterns between 2 minutes 58 seconds and 3 minutes 52 seconds to be selected randomly) after powersupply resumes.**
2. **This type of control is not applicable during ON/OFF Timer setting.**

8.1.15. Indication Panel

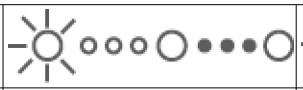
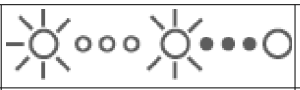
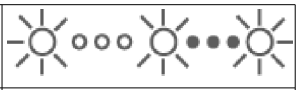
LED	POWER MONITOR	POWER	QUIET	TIMER	POWERFUL	
Color	Green	Green	Orange	Orange	Orange	(
Light ON	Compressor ON	Operation ON	Quiet Mode ON	Timer Setting ON	Powerful Mode ON	Ion I
Light OFF	Compressor OFF	Operation OFF	Quiet Mode OFF	Timer Setting OFF	Powerful Mode OFF	Ion M

Note:

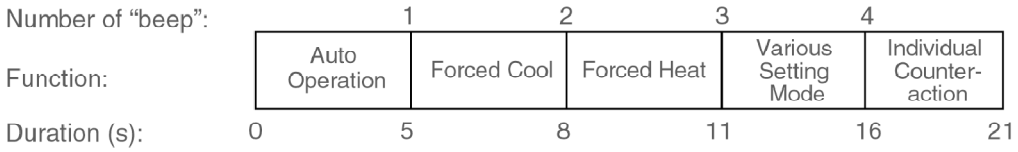
- **If POWER LED is blinking, the possible operations of the unit are Hot Start, during Deice operation, operation mode judgment, or delay ON timer sampling.**
- **If Timer LED is blinking, there is an abnormality operation occurs.**
- **If Ionizer, LED is blinking, there is an abnormality of Ionizer occurs.**

Power Monitor LED Control Frequency

Lighting of 3 LED base on instructed running frequency from indoor unit to compressor at cool, dry & heating operation.

Position of LED			
Cool, Dry Instructed Hz No	0 < Hz < 35	35 ≤ Hz < 59	Hz ≥ 59
Heat Instructed Hz No	0 < Hz < 44	40 ≤ Hz < 63	Hz ≥ 63

8.1.16. Auto Operation Switch



1. **When the switch is pressed between 0 to 5 seconds, Auto Mode operation starts to function.**
2. **When the switch is pressed between 5 to 8 seconds, the unit is forced to operate in Cooling Mode.**
3. **When the switch is pressed between 8 to 11 seconds, the unit is forced to operate in Heating Mode.**
4. **When the switch is pressed between 11 to 16 seconds and together with the signal from remote control, the unit can be changed to different controlling setting (4 type of transmission codes).**
5. **When the switch is pressed between 16 to 21 seconds, either "H14" error detection selection mode or the remote control signal receiving sound can be cancelled or turned on.**

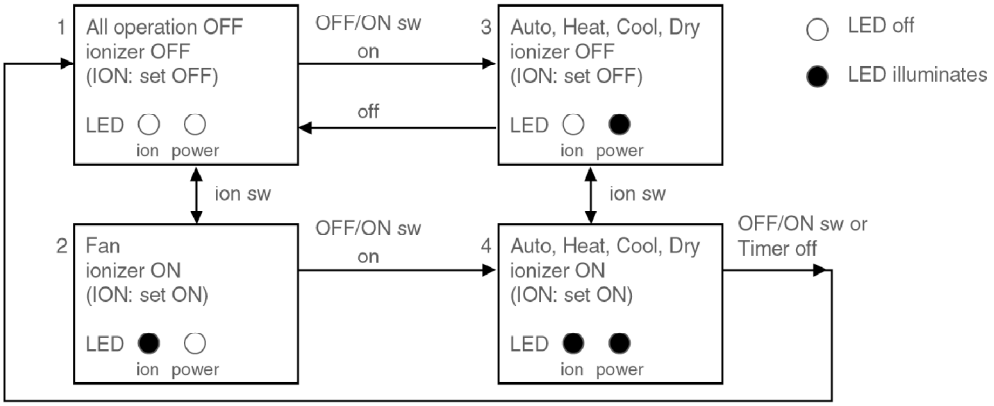
8.1.17. Indoor Power Relay Control

Power relay will turn on during operation or in progress of stopping operation. Although operation stops, the power relay continues on for three minutes.
However, during instantaneous power failure (< 0.5s), power relay will turn off. Then, it will turn on 2 minutes after power recover and the unit will operate as previous operation condition.

8.1.18. Ionizer Operation

Purpose
To provide fresh air effect to users by discharging minus ion to air.

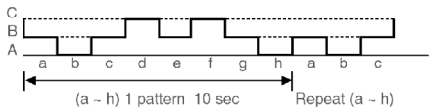
Control Condition



a. Ionizer Only Operation.

1. When air-conditioner unit is at "OFF" condition (standby) and ION operation button at remote control is pressed.
Fan & ionizer on, ION LED illuminates, but power LED maintain off. (1 → 2)
However, fan speed can be adjusted later by customer during this operation.

Fan speed	
manual	Remote Control set fan speed
Auto	Repetition of 8 patterns as shown below



Airflow direction (Horizontal Vane) control:
Follow vane direction control at cooling mode.
Horizontal vane can be changed by customer during ion only operation.

b. Operation Mode + Ionizer Operation.

1. Ionising Operation Start Condition
When air conditioner unit is in "ON" condition (Heat, Cool, Dry, Fan, Auto mode) and ION operation button at remote control is pressed. Ionizer on & ION LED illuminates. (3 → 4)
Power LED also illuminates.

2. Ionising Operation Stop Condition
When one of the following condition is satisfied, ION operation stops.
A. Stopped by ON/OFF switch.
B. Timer OFF activates.
C. ION operation button is pressed again.
D. ION feedback signal shows error.

3. Ionizer operation status is not memorised by micon. After OFF, when operation is "ON" again, air conditioner operates without ionizer operation.

c. Timer during ionizer operation
Refer to case study in next page for detail.

8.1.18.1. Ionizer Problem Detection Control

i. Purpose
To inform user of ionizer problems and detection.
ii. Two types of problem detection control:

Control	Detection Method	Protection	Recover
ERROR PROTECTION			
(i) Actual ion: ON	**(i) Actual ion ON for 10s & OFF for 30 min. continuously for 24 times (approx. 11 hr. 30 min.)**	**(i) Actual ion is permanently OFF & ion LED is blinking.**	**(i) Press ON/ button to C**
(ii) ion feedback signal: 0V	**(ii) Within 24 counts, if anytime CONDITION becomes false then count is cleared.**	**(ii) Press remote control ion button for a) ON: Ion LED blink & buzzer = beep b) OFF: Ion LED OFF & buzzer = beep**	**(ii) Reset pow** **Off by forc (iii) operation**
BREAKDOWN PROTECTION			

Control	Detection Method	Protection	Recover
(i) Actual ion: OFF ion feedback (ii) signal: 5V	(i) Actual ion OFF ≥ 2s	Case 1: During Air-Con. ON. (i) Air-Cond OFF with abnormal no. H26 is activated with timer LED is blinking permanently. Case 2: During Air-Con. OFF. (i) Abnormal no. H26 is activated with timer LED is blinking permanently for both cases 1 & 2. (ii) Press remote control ion button for a) ON: Ion LED blink b) OFF: Ion LED OFF (iii) Press any remote control button to a) ON: Buzzer = beep beep beep beep b) OFF: Buzzer = beep beep beep beep	(i) When anyt CONDITIO becomes f (ii) Once reco ion & Time stops blink permanent (iii) Main powe reset.

8.1.18.2. Ionizer Operation case study

Case 1

Current Operation \ Timer		24 hours Timer	
		Set to ON	Set to OFF
ION	ON	Continue ON	Stop
	OFF	Not Applicable (*2)	Continue OFF
Operation Any Mode (*1)	ON	Continue ON	Stop
	OFF	Start	Stop

*1. Cool, Dry, Fan and Auto.
*2. You may ON by pressing Ion button.

8.2. Protection Control Features

8.2.1. Protection Control For All Operations

8.2.1.1. Time Delay Safety Control

1. The compressor will not start for three minutes after stop of operation.
2. This control is not applicable if the power supply is cut off and on again or after 4-way valve deices condition.

8.2.1.2. 30 Seconds Forced Operation

1. Once the compressor starts operation, it will not stop its operation for 30 seconds.

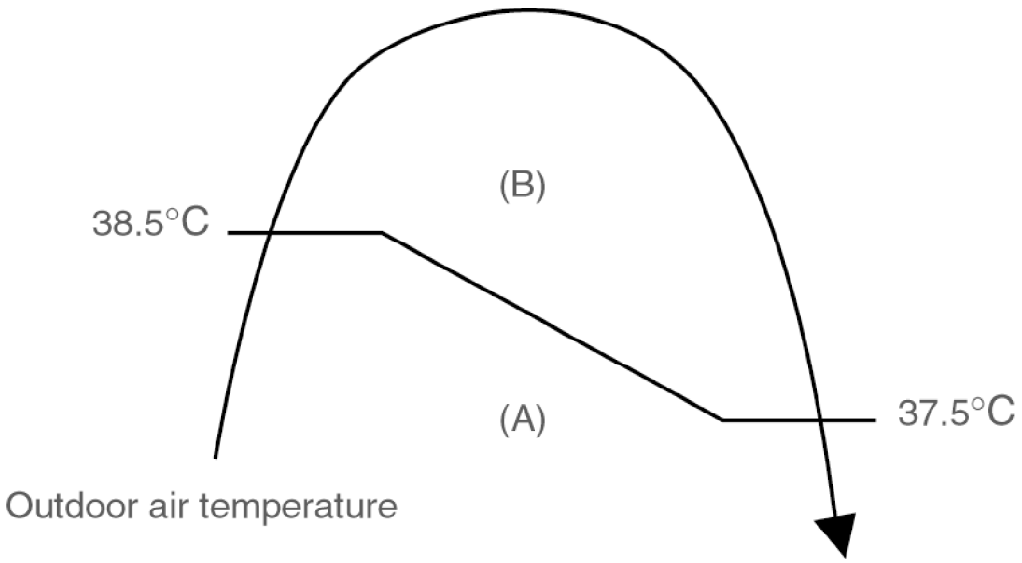
2. However, it can be stopped using remote control or Auto Switch at indoor unit.

8.2.1.3. Total Running Current Control

1. When the outdoor unit total running current (AC) exceeds X value, the frequency instructed for compressor operation will be decreased.
2. If the running current does not exceed X value for five seconds, the frequency instructed will be increased.
3. However, if total outdoor unit running current exceeds Y value, compressor will be stopped immediately for three minutes.

	E21CK		E18CK	
Operation Mode	**X (A)**	**Y (A)**	**X (A)**	**Y (A)**
Cooling/Soft Dry (A)	**11.0**	**15.0**	**8.8**	**15.0**
Cooling/Soft Dry (B)	**9.6**	**15.0**	**7.7**	**15.0**
Heating	**11.5**	**17.0**	**10.8**	**17.0**

4. The first 30 minutes of cooling operation, (A) will be applied.



8.2.1.4. IPM (Power transistor) Prevention Control

A. Overheating Prevention Control

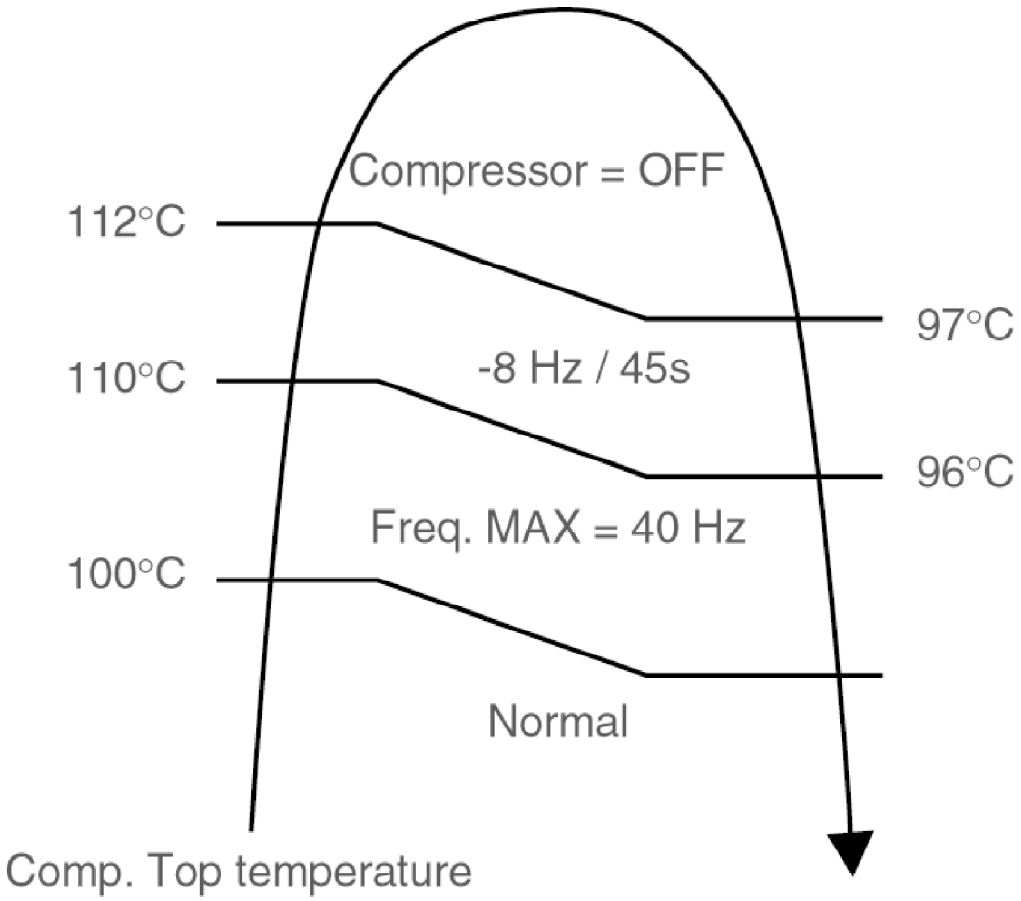
1. When the IPM temperature rises to 110°C, compressor operation will stop immediately.
2. Compressor operation restarts after three minutes the temperature decreases to 95°C.

B. DC Peak Current Control

1. **When electric current to IPM exceeds set value of 25.0 ± 4.0 A, the compressor will stop operate. Then, operation will restart after three minutes.**
2. **If the set value is exceeded again more than 30 seconds after the compressor starts, the operation will restart after two minute.**
3. **If the set value is exceeded again within 30 seconds after the compressor starts, the operation will restart after one minute. If this condition repeats continuously for seven times, all indoor and outdoor relays will be cut off.**

8.2.1.5. Compressor Overheating Prevention Control

Instructed frequency for compressor operation will be regulated by compressor top temperature. The changes of frequency are as below figure.



8.2.1.6. Low Pressure Prevention Control (Gas Leakage Detection)

1. When the conditions listed in below table occur, the compressor stops and restarts after three minutes.
2. If this phenomenon is continuously occurring for twice within 20 minutes, all indoor and outdoor relays will be cut off.
3. This control is not applicable for deice operation.

Conditions	E18CK		E21CK	
	Cooling/Soft Dry	Heating	Cooling/Soft Dry	Heating
1. Compressor frequency (Hz)	≥86	≥86	≥102	≥93
2. Outdoor total running current (A)	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5	<1.5
3. Indoor heat exchanger temperature (°C)	≥20	<25	≥20	<25

8.2.1.7. CT Disconnection Detection

1. Control Starting Condition
   A. Total Current is below 0.74 ~ 0.94 Amp.
   B. Operating Frequency is 72 Hz (E18CK), 95 Hz (E21CK) +1 and above.
   C. Continuously for 20s.
2. Control Contents
   A. Abnormal signal transmitted to indoor unit after 3 minutes outdoor power is supplied. (Indoor unit stop)
3. Control Cancellation Condition
   Starting condition, (1) is not fulfilled.

8.2.1.8. Low Frequency Protection Control 1

When the compressor operate at frequency lower than 22 Hz for 240 minutes, the operation frequency will be increased to 22 Hz for two minutes.

8.2.1.9. Low Frequency Protection Control 2

When all the below conditions occur, minimum value (Freq. MIN) for the frequency instructed to compressor will change to 30 Hz.

Temperature, T, for:	Cooling/Soft Dry	Heating
Indoor intake air (°C)	T<15 or T>30	T<14 or T>28
Outdoor air (°C)	T<13 or T≥38	T<4 or T≥24
Indoor heat exchanger (°C)	T<30	T>0

8.2.1.10. Minimum Frequency Protection Control

- During cooling operation (Anti Freezing control, soft dry) carry out

the following operation.

1. During remote control setting is less than 28 deg

Indoor Fan Speed		
Above Hi	minHz =	21
Above Me-	minHz =	21
Less than Me-	minHz =	18
Auto	minHz =	16

2. During Powerful ON

	minHz =	22

However, when less than thermo OFF for 120 sec. continuously, the above control will be cancel.

- During heating operation, operate the followings control.

1. During Remote Control setting is less than 18 deg

Indoor Fan Speed		
Above Hi	minHz =	30
Above Lo	minHz =	25
Less than Lo	minHz =	15

2. During Powerful ON

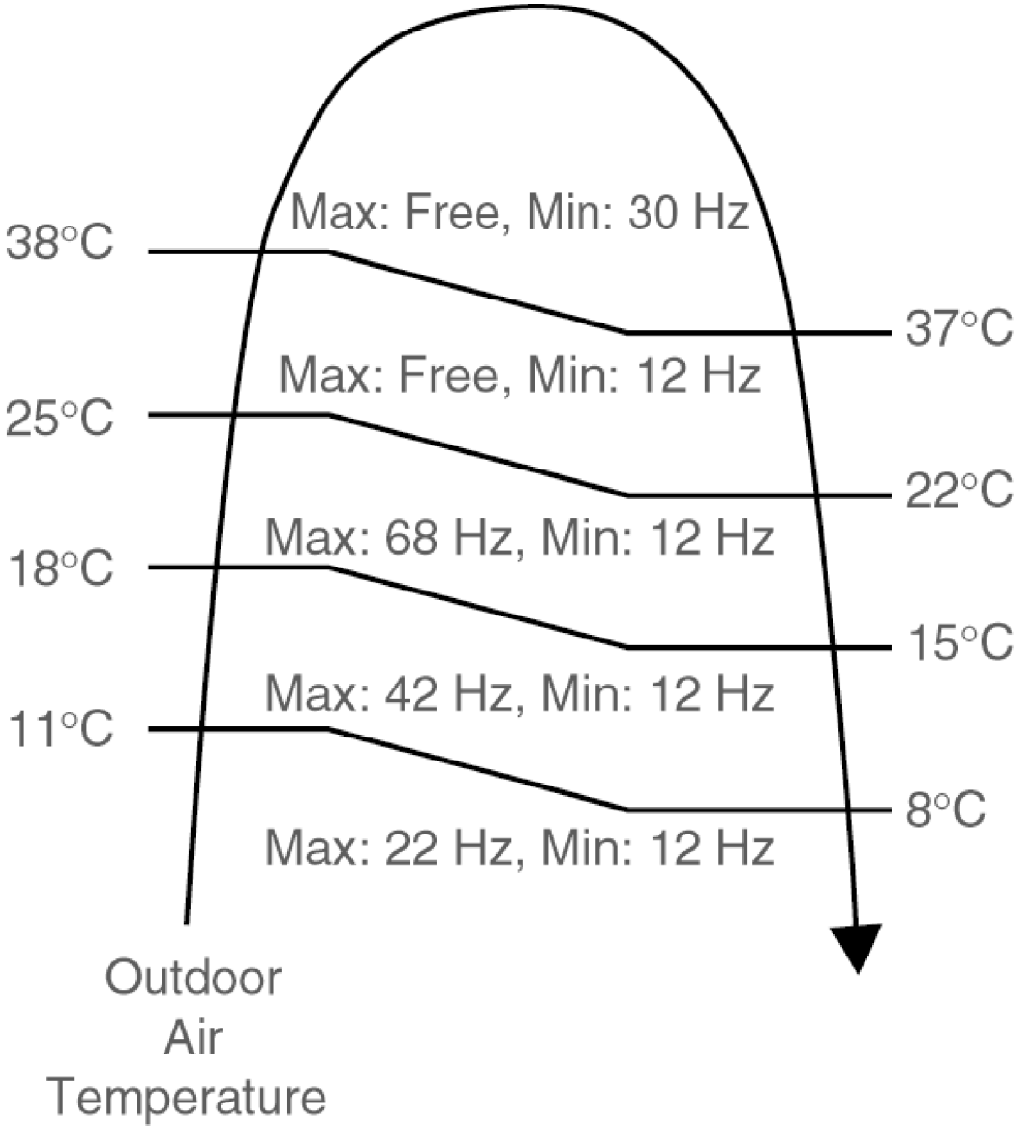
	minHz =	35

However, when less than thermo OFF for 100 sec. continuously, the above control will be cancel.

8.2.2. Protection Control For Cooling & Soft Dry Operation

8.2.2.1. Outdoor Air Temperature Control

The compressor operating frequency is regulated in accordance to the outdoor air temperature as shown in the diagram below.



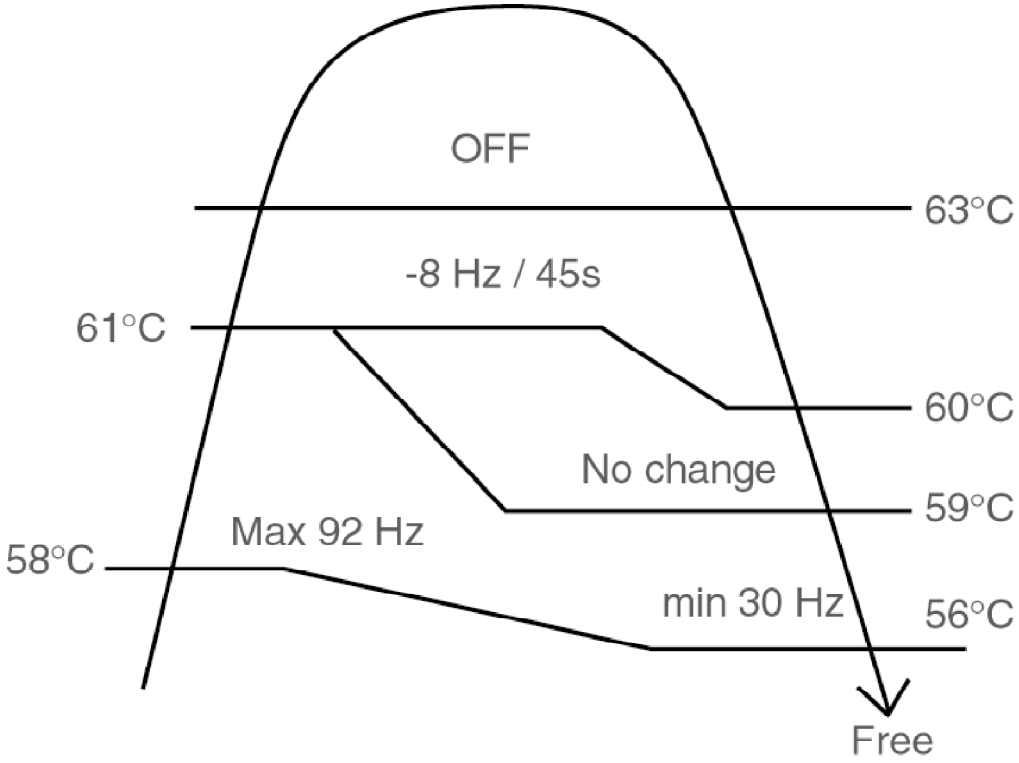
8.2.2.2. Cooling Overload Control

i. Pipe temperature limitation/restriction

- Detects the Outdoor pipe temperature and carry out below restriction/limitation (Limit the compressor Operation frequency)

- The compressor stop if outdoor pipe temperature exceeds 63°C

- If the compressor stops 4 times in 20 minutes, Timer LED blinking (F95: outdoor high pressure rise protection)



ii. Electrical part temperature rise protection control

- To prevent electrical component temperature rise during cooling overload.

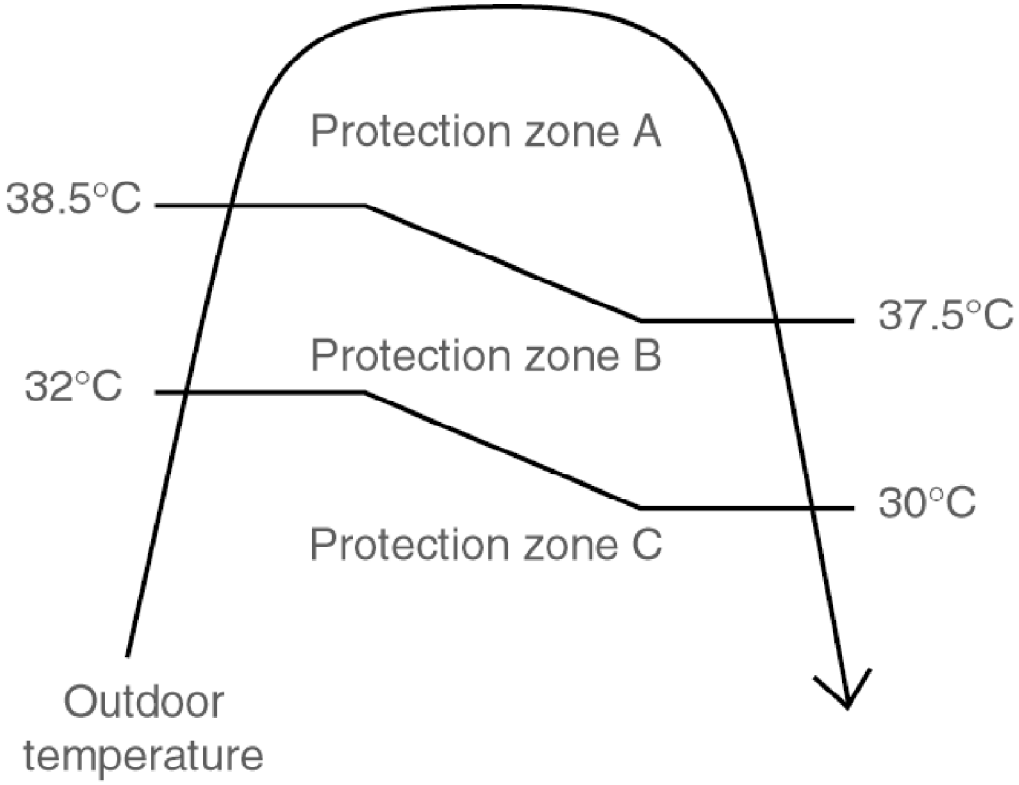
- Judgement condition is by outdoor temperature (sampled every 10s).

- Control contents:

Outdoor fan speed (switch to zone A and B minimum fan speed).

Outdoor total current (zone C) higher than the specified.

- Cancellation condition: When one of above is not satisfied.

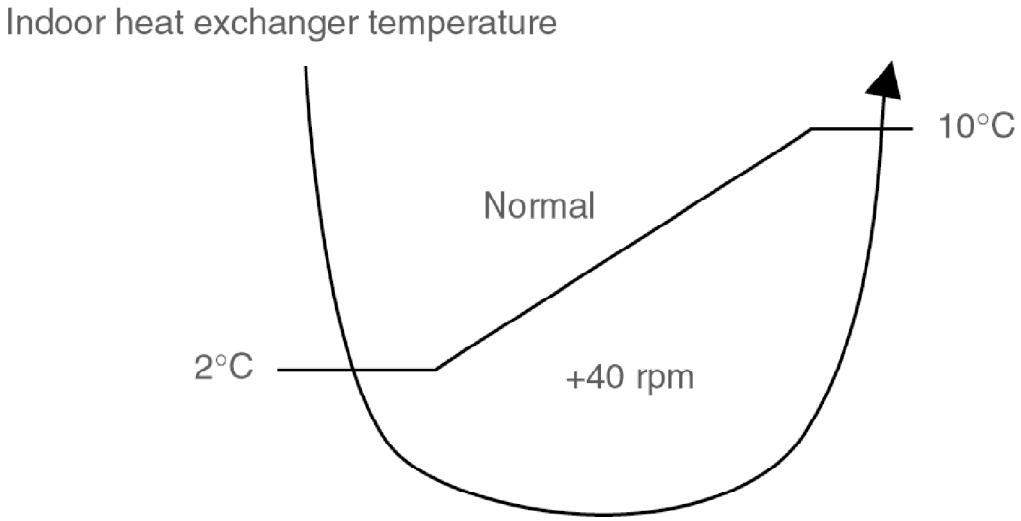


Outdoor total current

zone A	13.0 A
zone B	11.0 A
zone C	5.0 A

8.2.2.3. Anti-Freezing Control

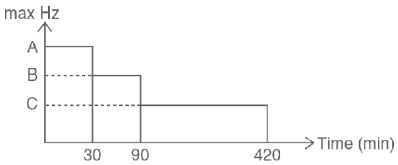
1. **When indoor heat exchanger temperature is lower than 2°C continuously for six minutes, compressor will stop operating.**
2. **Compressor will resume its operation three minutes after the indoor heat exchanger is higher than 10°C.**
3. **At the same time, indoor fan speed increase +40 rpm compared to its normal operation.**
4. **If indoor heat exchanger temperature is higher than 10°C for five minutes, the fan speed will return to its normal operation.**



8.2.2.4. Anti-Dew Formation Control

a) Control 1

- During anti-dew formation control, compressor operates at frequency shift as shown below when indoor fan speed is less than Me.



	E21CK	E18CK
A	81	61
B	60	45
C	56	43

- This control is cancelled after started for 420 minutes, or remote control setting temperature or fan speed setting is changed.

b) Control 2

- When the following conditions occurs for 20 minutes continuously, anti-dew formation is controlled and air vane change Horizontal vane shift to 2nd position and Vertical vane shift to center position.

1. **Indoor intake air temperature is 25°C or above and less than 29°C.**
2. **Outdoor air temperature is less than 30°C.**
3. **Air vane control: Manual Horizontal Airflow and Manual Vertical Airflow.**
4. **Fan speed is quiet Lo.**

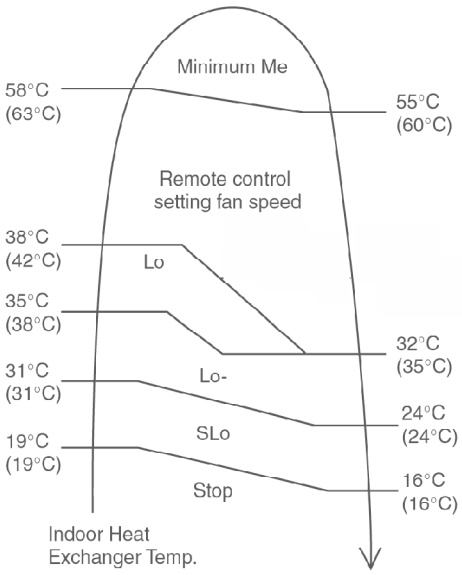
8.2.3. Protection Control For Heating Operation

8.2.3.1. Anti Cold Draft Control

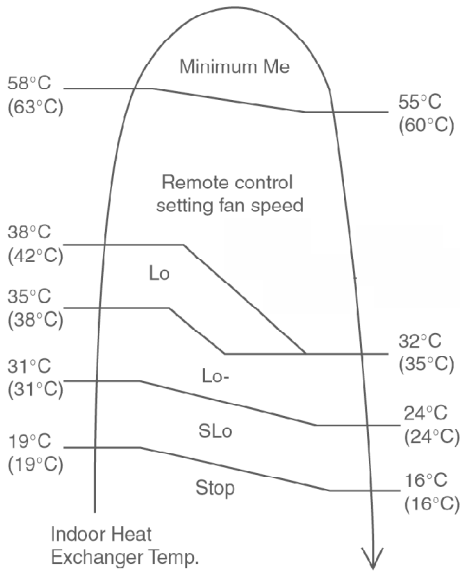
Indoor fan speed varies in accordance to indoor heat exchanger temperature, based on type of air volume and direction, as shown below.

1. Manual Fan Speed

( ): Powerful

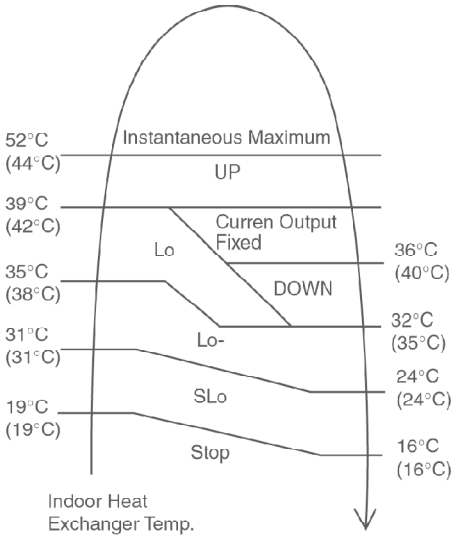


Auto Airflow Direction

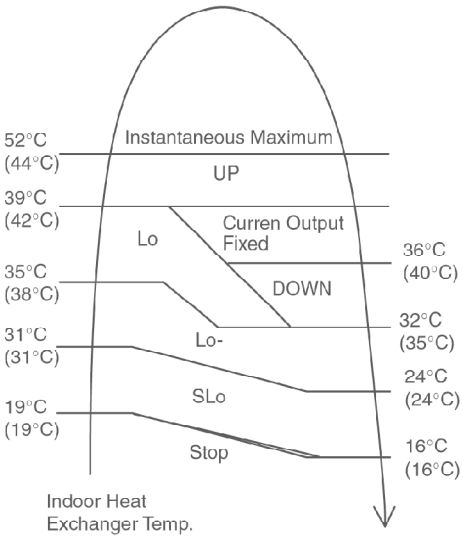


Manual Airflow Direction

2. Auto Fan Speed



Auto Airflow Direction



Manual Airflow Direction

Note:

A. UP:

- If move from Lo, the fan speed will be shifted to Maximum 1520 rpm (E21CK), 1480 rpm (E18CK).

- If move from Maximum, the fan speed no change.

- In up zone, 10 rpm is added for every 10s until Maximum 1520 rpm (E21CK), 1480 rpm (E18CK).

B. DOWN:

- The fan speed will be decreased one step every 10 sec. until Minimum 1270 rpm.

C. Current Output Fixed:

- Maintain at present fan speed.

D. Instantaneous Maximum:

- Fan speed will be increased to maximum auto fan speed.

E. Temperature in ( ) is for Powerful Mode operation.

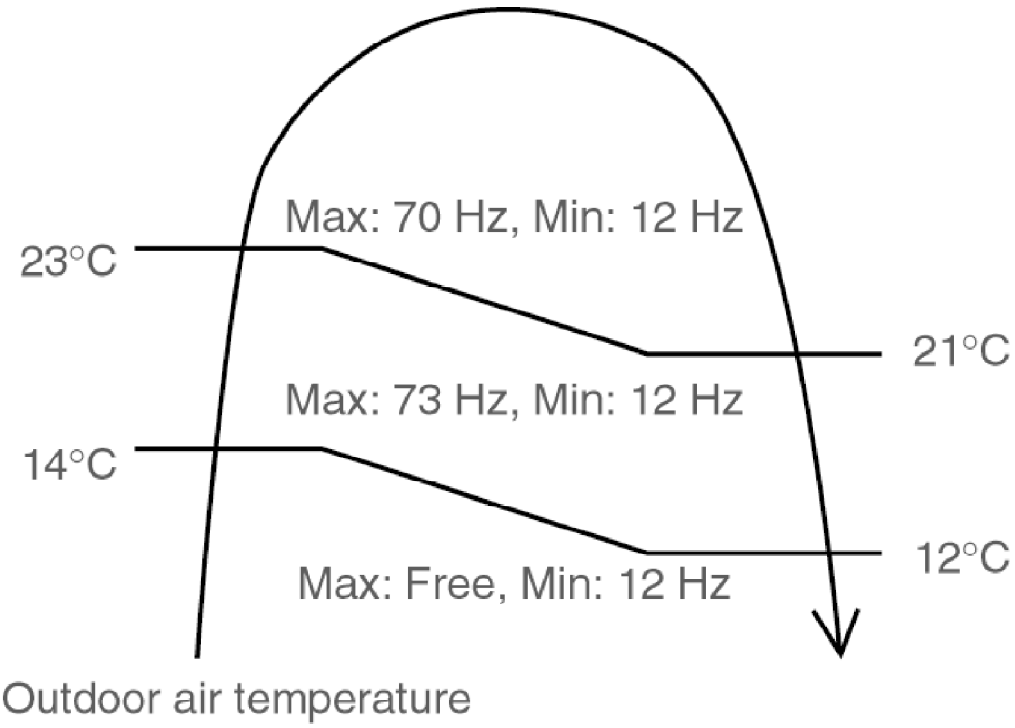
8.2.3.2. Intake Air Temperature Control

Compressor will operate at maximum of 128 Hz respectively if either one of the below conditions occur:

1. **When the indoor intake air temperature is above 10°C and remote control setting fan speed is lower Me-.**
2. **When the indoor intake air temperature is 30°C or above.**

8.2.3.3. Outdoor Air Temperature Control

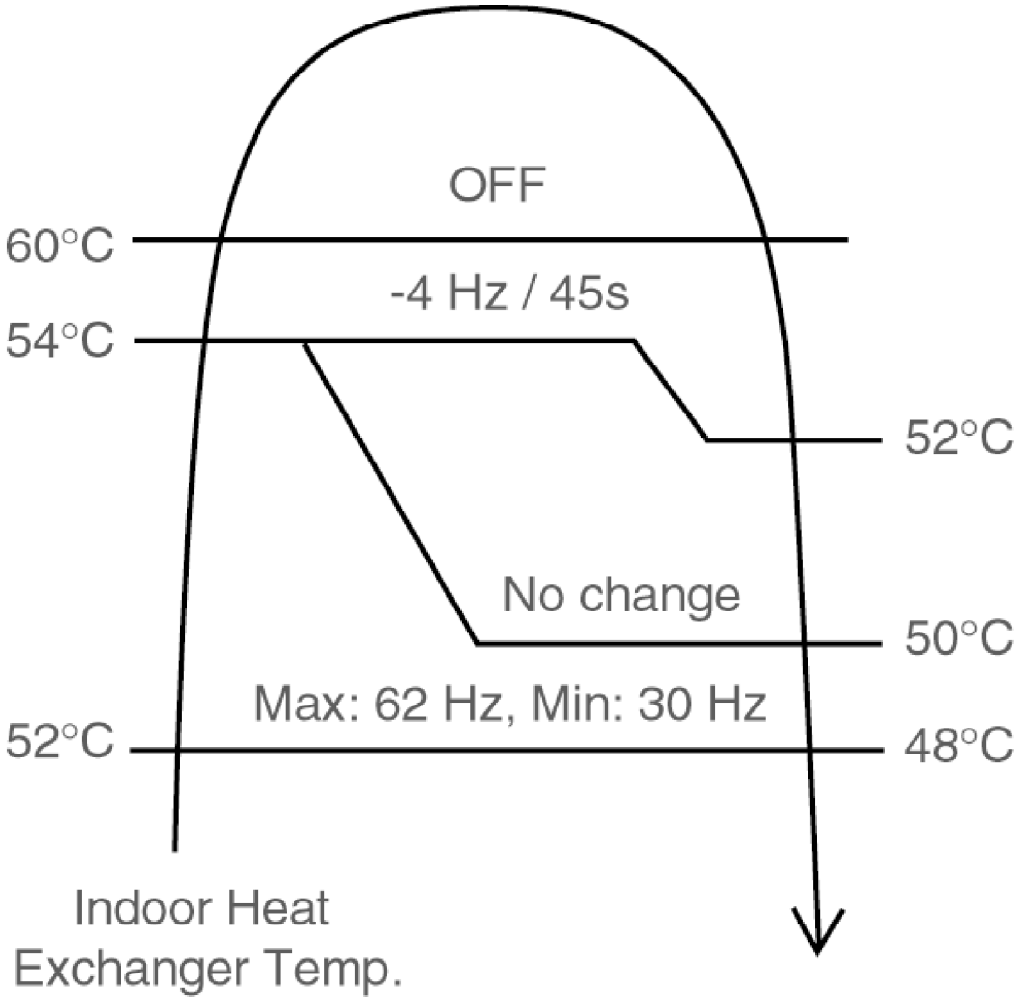
The compressor operating frequency is regulated in accordance to the outdoor air temperature as shown in the below figures. This control will begin one minute after the compressor starts.



8.2.3.4. Overload Protection Control

The compressor operating frequency is regulated in accordance to indoor heat exchanger

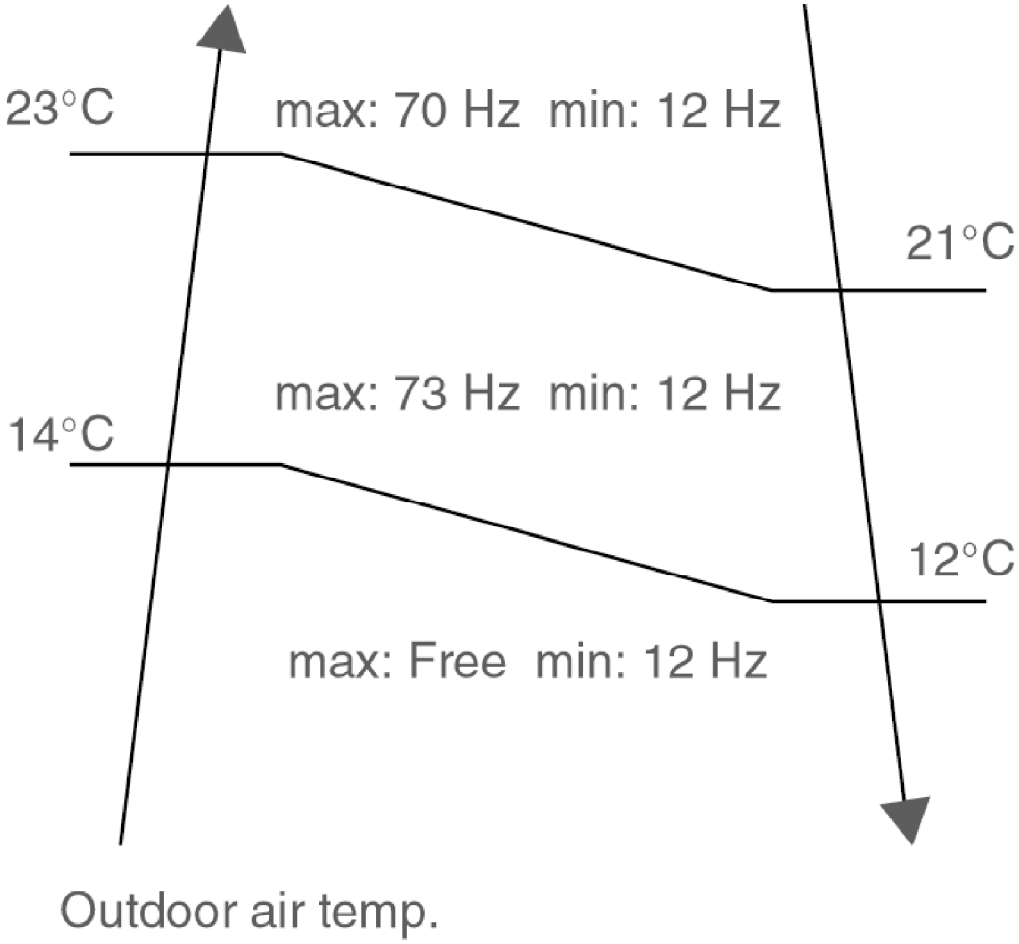
temperature as shown in below figures.



8.2.3.5. Outdoor Temperature Control

- Outdoor temperature is detected and the following control is perform.

- Control operates after more than 1 minute the compressor has started.

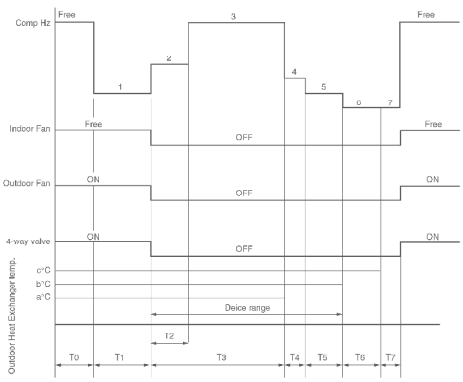


8.2.3.6. Deice Control

A. Deice operation (Normal Deice Operation)

1. Detection methods
Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor, timer.

2. Deice operation time chart



Notes

1. During deice operation, the relationship between outdoor pipe temperature and time T1 is such operation will proceed to next

stage.

2. The deice will be performed only after 1 hour from when the operation has started.

3. When Comp. OFF by the sequence No. 1, 6, 7 compressor can restart back without 3 minutes waits (immediate restart).

Sequence range	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Time	30 min.	30 s ← max 10 min. 30 s →			max: 30 s	59 s	30 s
Frequency (Hz)	40	75	85	55	22	0	0
Indoor fan	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Outdoor fan	580 rpm	OFF			OFF	580 rpm	580 rpm
4-way valve	ON	OFF			OFF	OFF	OFF

Outdoor heat exchanger temperature

a	**15°C**
b	**18°C**
c	**25°C**

3. Explanation of operation

1) Before the deice is started, compressor frequency is set to the specified value for T0-timer.

2) After deice is started, the 4-way valve, OD Fan and ID fan are OFF.

3) After 4-way valve is OFF for 30 s, compressor frequency is set to the specified value.

4) Before deice is ended, if the outdoor heat exchanger temperature exceeds a°C, set compres frequency and expansion valve to the specified values.

5) When outdoor heat exchanger temperature exceeds b°C, or 10.5 minutes has passed since t valve is OFF, operation at timer T5 will be started.

6) After the above 5) operation, if the specified time has passed, the deice operation ending sig produced. The comp. Hz is set to the specified value and at the same time outdoor fan moto signalis produced.

7) After T6 the deice ending signal is produced, 4-way valve is set to ON, indoor fan is ON, Com frequency is FREE, and return to normal heating operation.

4. Deice operation judgement condition

When any of below a, b, c, d condition is satisfied, deice signal is produced.

A. Continuously, outdoor heat exchanger temperature < 3°C for 120 minutes and outdoor heat exchanger temperature < -5°C for 3 minutes and outdoor air temperature > -1°C and Comp. is ON.

B. Continuously, outdoor heat exchanger temperature < 3°C for 80

minutes and outdoor heat exchanger temperature < -6°C for 3 minutes and outdoor air temperature > -1°C and Comp. is ON.

C. Continuously, outdoor heat exchanger temperature < 3°C for 40 minutes and outdoor heat exchanger temperature < -7°C and outdoor air temperature ≥ -3°Cfor 3 minutes and Comp. is ON.

D. Continuously, outdoor heat exchanger temperature < 3°C for 40 minutes and outdoor heat exchanger temperature < -8°C for 3 minutes and outdoor air temperature < -3°C and Comp. is ON.

However, the first deice will start only after minimum of 60 minutes in operation.

(2nd deice and onward shall follow above conditions)

B. Auto clean deice

1. Purpose

To improve heating start-up operation by detecting the residual ice on OD heat exchanger and perform deice operation automatically before operation is started by ON Timer.

2. Control Content:

1). Auto deice is performed 15 min. before standby operation (pre-deice operation in 15 min.).

2). When below deice conditions are fulfilled, auto clean deice operation will start.

3). After auto clean deice is completed, standby operation is performed as per load.

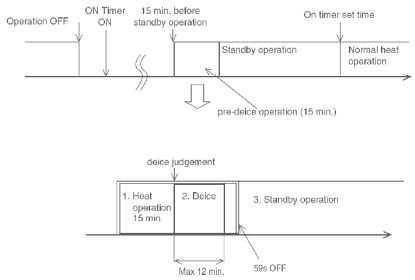
4). When deice conditions are not fulfilled, auto clean deice will not happen and will continue with standby operation.

3. Deice condition:

OD air temp. t ≤ 0°C.

OD heat exchanger temp. ≤ 0°C for 14 min.

OD heat exchanger temp. ≤ -8°C for 10 min.



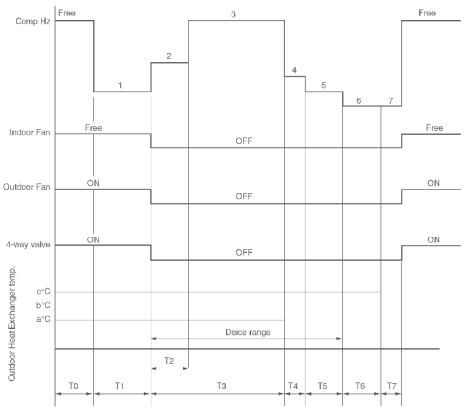
4. Auto clean deice time chart

Similar to deice operation 2 except for frequency values.

A. Detection methods

Outdoor heat exchanger temp. sensor, timer, indoor air temp. sensor.

B. Deice operation control time chart.



Notes

1. **During deice operation, the relationship between outdoor pipe temperature and time T1 is such proceed to next operation.**
2. **The deice will be performed only after 1 hour from when the operation has started.**
3. **When Comp. OFF by the sequence No. 1, 6, 7 compressor can restart back without 3 minutes waits (immediate restart).**

Sequence range	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Time	30 min.	30 s ← max 10 min. 30 s →			max: 30 s	59 s	30 s
Frequency (Hz)	40	45	45	45	22	0	0
Indoor fan	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFF
Outdoor fan	580 rpm	OFF			OFF	580 rpm	580 rpm
4-way valve	ON	OFF			OFF	OFF	OFF

Outdoor heat exchanger pipe temperature

a	15°C
b	18°C
c	25°C

9. Operating Instructions

10. Installation And Servicing Air Conditioner Using R410A

10.1. OUTLINE

10.1.1. About R410A Refrigerant

1. Converting air conditioners to R410A / Since it was declared in1974 that chlorofluorocarbons (CFC), hydro chlorofluorocarbons (HCFC) and other substances pose a destructive danger to the ozone layer in the earth~s upper stratosphere (20to 40 km above the earth), measures have been taken around the world to prevent this destruction. / The R22 refrigerant which has conventionally been used in ACs is an HCFC refrigerant and, therefore, possesses this ozone-destroying potential. Internationalregulations (the Montreal Protocol Ozone-Damaging Substances) and the domestic laws of various countries call for the early substitution of R22 by a refrigerant which will not harm the ozone layer.

   - In ACs, the HFC refrigerant which has become the mainstream alternative called R410A.Compared with R22, the pressure of R410A is approximately 1.6 times as high at the same refrigerant temperature, but the energy efficiency is about thesame. Consisting of hydrogen (H), fluorine (F) and carbon (C), R410A is an HFC refrigerant. Another typical HFC refrigerant is R407C. While the energy efficiency of R407C is some what inferior to that of R410A, it offers the advantage of having pressurecharacteristics which are about the same as those of R22, and is used mainly in packaged ACs.

2. The characteristics of HFC (R410A) refrigerants
   A. Chemical characteristics / The chemical characteristics of R410A are similar to those of R22 in that both are chemically

stable, non-flammable refrigerants with low toxicity. / However, just like R22, the specific gravity of R410A gasis heavier than that of air. Because of this, it can cause an oxygen deficiency if it leaks into a closed room since it collects in the lower area of the room. It also generates toxic gas when it is directly exposed to a flame, so it must be used ina well ventilated environment where it will not collect.

Table 1 Physical comparison of R410A and R22

	R410A	R22
Composition (wt%)	R32/R125 (50/50)	R22 (100)
Boiling point (°C)	-51.4	-40.8
Vaporizing pressure (25°C)	1.56 Mpa (15.9 kgf/cm^2)	0.94 Mpa (9.6 kgf/cm^2)
Saturated vapor density	64.0 kg/m^3	44.4 kg/m^3
Flammability	Non-flammable	Non-flammable
Ozone-destroying point (ODP)	0	0.005
Global-warming point (GWP)	1730	1700

B. Compositional change (pseudo-azeotropic characteristics) / R410A is a pseudo-azeotropic mixture comprising the two components R32 and R125. Multi-component refrigerants with these chemical characteristics exhibit little compositional changeeven from phase changes due to vaporization 9or condensation), which means that there is little change in the circulating refrigerant composition even when the refrigerant leaks from the gaseous section of the piping. / Accordingly, R410A can be handledin almost the same manner as the single-component refrigerant R22. However, when charging, because there is a slight change in composition between the gas phase and the liquid phase inside a cylinder or other container, charging should basically beginwith the liquid side.

C. Pressure characteristics / As seen in Table 2, the gas pressure of R410A is approximately 1.6 times as high as that of R22 at the same refrigerant temperature, which means that special R410A tools and materials with high-pressure specificationsmust be used for all refrigerant piping work and servicing.

Table 2 Comparison of R410A and R22 saturated vapor density / Unit: MPa

Refrigerant Temperature (°C)	R410A	R22
-20	0.30	0.14
0	0.70	0.40
20	1.35	0.81
40	2.32	1.43
60	3.73	2.33
65	4.15	2.60

D. R410A refrigerating machine oil / Conventionally, mineral oil or a synthetic oil such as alkylbenzene has been used for R22 refrigerating machine oil. Because of the poor compatibility between R410A and conventional oils like mineral oil, however,there is a tendency for the refrigerating machine oil to collect in the refrigerating cycle. For this reason, polyester and other synthetic oils which have a high compatibility with R410A are used as refrigerating machine oil. / Because of the highhygroscopic property of synthetic oil, more care must be taken in its handling than was necessary with conventional refrigerating machine oils. Also, these synthetic oils will degrade if mixed with mineral oil or alkylbenzene, causing clogging in capillarytubes or compressor malfunction. Do not mix them under any circumstances.

10.1.2. Safety Measure When Installing / Receiving Refrigerant Piping

Cause the gas pressure of R410A is approximately 1.6 times as high as that of R22, a mistake in installation or servicing could result in a major accident. It is essential that you use R410a tools and materials, and that you observe the followingprecautions to ensure safety.

1. **Do not use any refrigerant other than R410A in ACs that have been used with R410A.**
2. **If any refrigerant gas leaks while you are working, ventilate the room. Toxic gas may be generated if refrigerant gas is exposed to a direct flame.**
3. **When installing or transferring an AC, do not allow any air or substance other than R410A to mix into the refrigeration cycle. If it does, the pressure in the refrigeration cycle can become abnormally high, possibly causing an explosion and/orinjury.**
4. **After finishing the installation, check to make sure there is no refrigerant gas leaking.**

5. When installing or transferring an AC, follow the instructions in the installation instructions carefully. Incorrect installation can result in an abnormal refrigeration cycle or water leakage, electric shock, fire, etc.
6. Do not perform any alterations on the AC unit under any circumstances. Have all repair work done by a specialist. Incorrect repairs can result in an water leakage, electric shock, fire, etc.

10.2. TOOL FOR INSTALLING / SERVICING REFRIGERANT PIPING

10.2.1. Necessary Tools

In order to prevent an R410A AC from mistakenly being charged with any other refrigerant, the diameter of the 3-way valve service port on the outdoor unit has been changed. Also, to increase its ability to withstand pressure, the opposing dimensionshave been changed for the refrigerant pipe flaring size and flare nut. Accordingly, when installing or servicing refrigerant piping, you must have both the R410A and ordinary tools listed below.

Table 3 Tools for installation, transferring or replacement

Type of work	Ordinary tools	R410A tools
Flaring	Flaring tool (clutch type), pipe cutter, reamer	Copper pipe gauge for clearance Adjustment, flaring tool (clutch type)*1)
Bending, connecting pipes	Torque wrench(nominal diameter 1/4, 3/8,1/2) Fixed spanner(opposing sides 12 mm, 17 mm, 19 mm)Adjustable wrench, Spring bender	
Air purging	Vacuum pumpHexagonal wrench(opposing sides 4 mm)	Manifold gauge, charging hose,vacuum pump adaptor
Gas leak inspection	Gas leak inspection fluid or soapy water	Electric gas leak detector for HFC refrigerant*2)

***1) You can use the conventional (R22) flaring tool. If you need to buy a new tool, buy the R410A type.**
***2) Use when it is necessary to detect small gas leaks.**
For other installation work, you should have the usual tools, such as screwdrivers (+,-), a metal-cutting saw, an electrical drill, a hole core drill (65 or 70 dia.), a tape measure, a level, a thermometer, a clamp meter, an insulationtester, a voltmeter, etc.

Table 4 Tools for serving

Type of work	Ordinary tools	R410A tools
Refrigerant charging		Electronic scale for refrigerant charging Refrigerant cylinderCharging orifice and packing for refrigerant cylinder
Brazing(Replacing refrigerating cycle part*1)	Nitrogen blow set (be sure to use nitrogen blowing for all brazing), and brazing), and brazing machine	

***1) Always replace the dryer of the outdoor unit at the same time. The replacement dryer is wrapped in a vacuum pack. Replace it last among the refrigerating cycle parts. Start brazing as soon as you have opened the vacuum pack, and beginthe vacuuming operation within 2 hours.**

10.2.2. R410A Tools

1. Cooper tube gauge for clearance adjustment / (used when flaring with the conventional flaring tool (clutch type))

- This gauge makes it easy to set the clearance for the copper tube to 1.0-1.5 mm from the clamp bar of the flaring tool.

2. Flaring tool (clutch type)

- In the R410A flaring tool, the receiving hole for the clamp bar is enlarged so the clearance from the clamp bar can be set to 0-0.5 mm, and the spring inside the tool is strengthened to increase the strength of the pipe-expanding torque.This flaring tools can also be used with R22 piping, so we recommend that you select it if you are buying a new flaring tool.

3. Torque wrenches

Fig. 1 Copper tube gauge for clearance adjustment

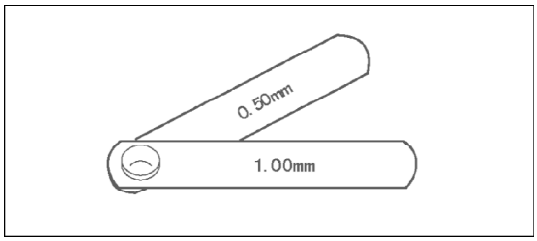


Fig. 2 Flaring tool (clutch type)

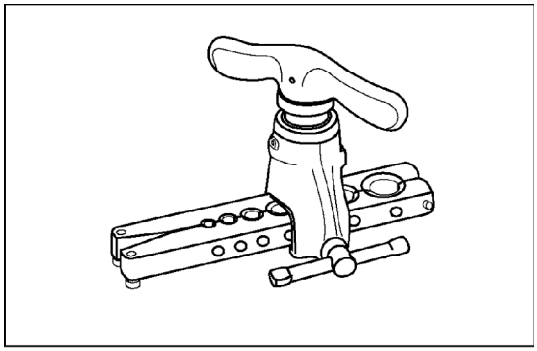


Fig. 3 Torque wrenches

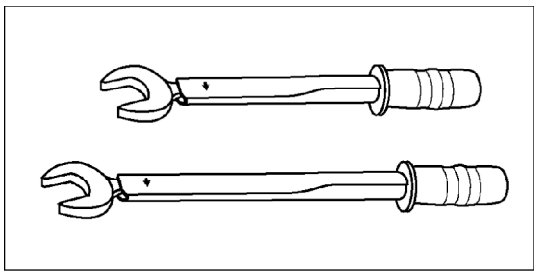


Table 5

	Conventional wrenches	R410A wrenches
For 1/4 (opposite side x torque)	17 mm x 18 N.m (180 kgf.cm)	17 mm x 18 N.m (180 kgf.cm)
For 3/3 (opposite side x torque)	22 mm x 42 N.m (180 kgf.cm)	22 mm x 42 N.m (180 kgf.cm)
For 1/2 (opposite side x torque)	24 mm x 55 N.m (180 kgf.cm)	26 mm x 55 N.m (180 kgf.cm)

4. Manifold gauge

- Because the pressure is higher for the R410A type, the conventional type cannot be used.

Table 6 Difference between R410A and conventional high / low-pressure gauges

	Conventional wrenches	R410A wrenches
High-pressure gauge (red)	-76 cmHg - 35 kgf/cm3	-0.1 - 5.3 Mpa -76 cmHg - 53 kgf/ cm3
High-pressure gauge (blue)	-76 cmHg - 17 kgf/cm3	-0.1 - 3.8 Mpa -76 cmHg - 38 kgf/ cm3

- The shape of the manifold ports has been changed to prevent the possibility of mistakenly charging with another type of refrigerant.

Table 7 Difference between R410A and conventional manifold port size

	Conventional gauges	R410A gauges
Port size	7/6 UNF 20 threads	1/2 UNF 20 threads

5. Charging hose

- The pressure resistance of the charging hose has been raised to match the higher pressure of R410A. The hose material has also been changed to suit HFC use, and the size of the fitting has been changed to match the manifold ports.

Fig. 4 Manifold gauge charging hose

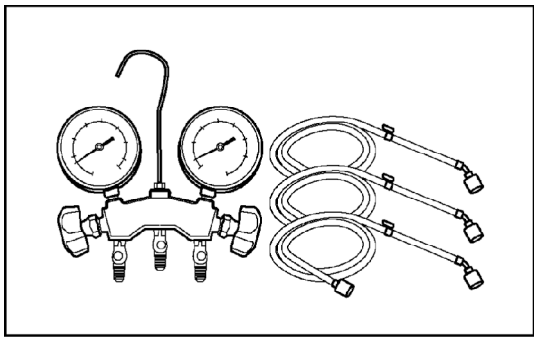


Table 8 Difference between R410A and conventional charging hoses

		Conventional hoses	R410A hoses
Pressureresistance	Working pressure	3.4 MPa (35 kgf/cm3)	5.1 MPa (52 kgf/cm3)
	Bursting pressure	17.2 MPa (175 kgf/cm3)	27.4 MPa (280 kgf/cm3)
Material		NBR rubber	HNBR rubber Nylon coati inside

6. Vacuum pump adaptor

- When using a vacuum pump for R410A, it is necessary to install an electromagnetic valve to prevent the vacuum pump oil from flowing back into the charging hose. The vacuum pump adaptor is installed for that purpose. if the vacuum pump oil(mineral oil) becomes mixed with R410A, it will damage the unit.

7. Electric gas leak detector for HFC refrigerant

- The leak detector and halide torch that were used with CFC and HCFC cannot be used with R410A (because there is no chlorine in the refrigerant).
- The present R134a leak detector can be used, but the detection sensitivity will be lower (setting the sensitivity for R134a at 1, the level for R410A will drop to 0.6).

- For detecting small amounts of gas leakage, use the electric gas leak detector for HFC refrigerant. (Detection sensitivity with R410A is about 23 g/year).

Fig. 5 Vacuum pump adaptor

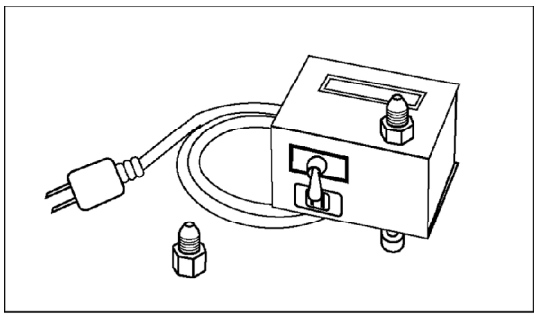
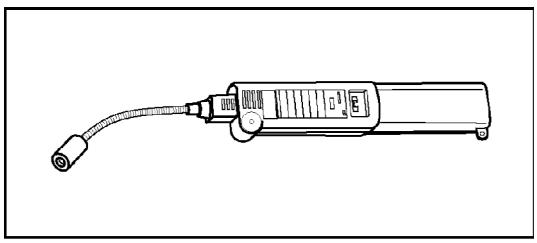


Fig. 6 Electric gas leak detector for HFC refrigerant



8. Electronic scale for refrigerant charging

- Because of the high pressure and fast vaporizing speed of R410A, the refrigerant cannot be held in a liquid phase inside the charging cylinder when charging is done using the charging cylinder method, causing bubbles to form in the measurementscale glass and making it difficult to see the reading. (Naturally, the conventional R22 charging cylinder cannot be used because of the differences in the pressure resistance, scale gradation, connecting port size, etc.)

- The electronic scale has been strengthened by using a structure in which the weight detector for the refrigerant cylinder is held by four supports. It is also equipped with two connection ports, one for R22 *7/16 UNF, 20 threads)and one for R410A (1/2 UNF, 20 threads), so it can also be used for conventional refrigerant charging.

- There are two types of electronic scales, one for 10-kg cylinders and one for 20-kg cylinders. (The 10-kg cylinder is recommended.)

Refrigerant charging is done manually by opening and closing

the valve.

9. Refrigerant cylinders

- The R410A cylinders are labeled with the refrigerant name, and the coating color of the cylinder protector is pink, which is the color stipulated by ARI of the U.S.
- Cylinder equipped with a siphon tube are available to allow the cylinder to stand upright for liquid refrigerant charging.

10. Charging orifice and packing for refrigerant cylinders

- The charging orifice must match the size of the charging hose fitting (1/2 UNF, 20 threads).
- The packing must also be made of an HFC-resistant material.

Fig. 7 Electronic scale for refrigerant charging

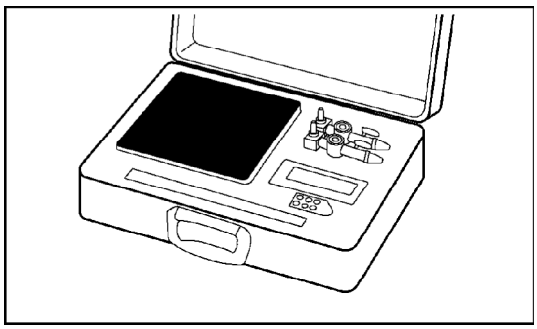


Fig. 8 Refrigerant cylinders

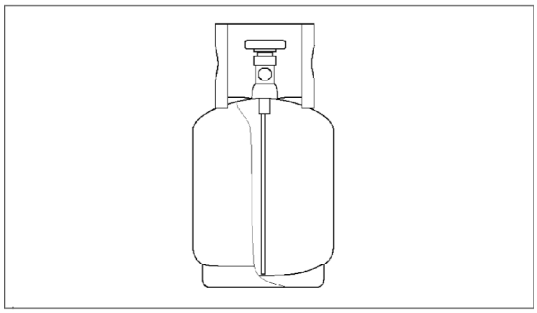
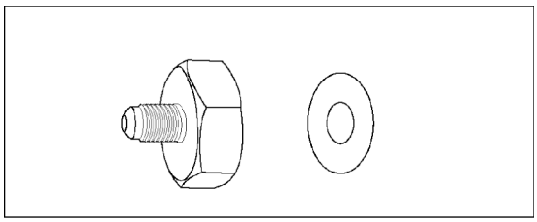


Fig. 9 Charging orifice and packing



10.2.3. R410A Tools Which Are Usable for R22 Models

Table 9 R410A tools which are usable for R22 models

	R410A tools	Usable for R22 models
(1)	Copper tube gauge for clearance adjustment	OK
(2)	Flaring tool (clutch type)	OK
(3)	Manifold gauge	NG
(4)	Charging hose	NG
(5)	Vacuum pump adaptor	OK
(6)	Electric gas leak detector for HFC refrigerant	NG
(7)	Electronic scale for refrigerant charging	OK
(8)	Refrigerant cylinder	NG
(9)	Charging orifice and packing for refrigerant cylinder	NG

10.3. REFRIGERANT PIPING WORK

10.3.1. Piping Materials

It is recommended that you use copper and copper alloy jointless pipes with a maximum oil adherence of 40 mg/10m. Do not used pipes that are crushed, deformed, or discolored (especially the inside surface). If these inferior pipes are used,impurities may clog the expansion valves or capillaries. / Because the pressure of ACs using R410A is higher than those using R22, it is essential that you select materials that are appropriate for these standards. / The thickness of the copper tubingused for R410A is shown in Table 10. Please be aware that tubing with a thickness of only 0.7 mm is also available on the market, but this should never be used.

Table 10 Difference between R410A and conventional copper tube

Soft pipe		Thickness (mm)	
Nominal diameter	Outside diameter (mm)	R410A	(Reference) R22
1/4	6.35	0.80	0.80
3/8	9.52	0.80	0.80
1/2	12.7	0.80	0.80

10.3.2. Processing and Connecting Piping Materials

When working with refrigerant piping, the following points must be carefully observed: no moisture od dust must be allowed to enter the piping, and there must be no refrigerant leaks.

1. Procedure and precautions for flaring work

A. Cut the pipe / Use a pipe cutter, and cut slowly so the pipe will not be deformed.

B. Remove burrs and clean shavings from the cut surface / If the shape of the pipe end is poor after removing burrs, or if shavings adhere to the flared area, it may lead to refrigerant leaks. / To prevent this, turn the cut surface downwardand remove burrs, then clean the surface, carefully.

C. Insert the flare nut (be sure to used the same nut that is used on the AC unit)

D. Flaring / Check the clamp bar and the cleanliness of the copper

pipe. / Be sure to sued the clamp bar to do the flaring with accuracy. Use either an R410A flaring tool, or a conventional flaring tool. flaring tools come in different sizes,so be sure to check the size before using. When using a conventional flaring tool, use the copper pipe gauge for clearance adjustment, etc., to ensure the correct A dimension (see Fig. 10)

Fig. 10 Flaring dimensions

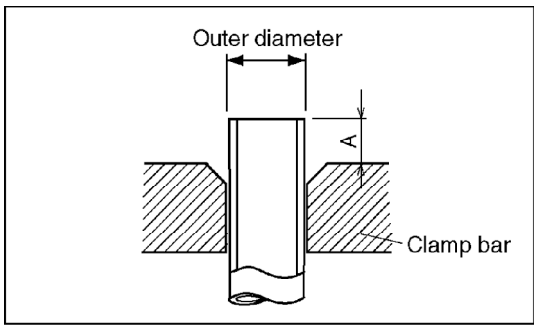


Fig. 11 Relation between the flare nut structure and flaring tool end

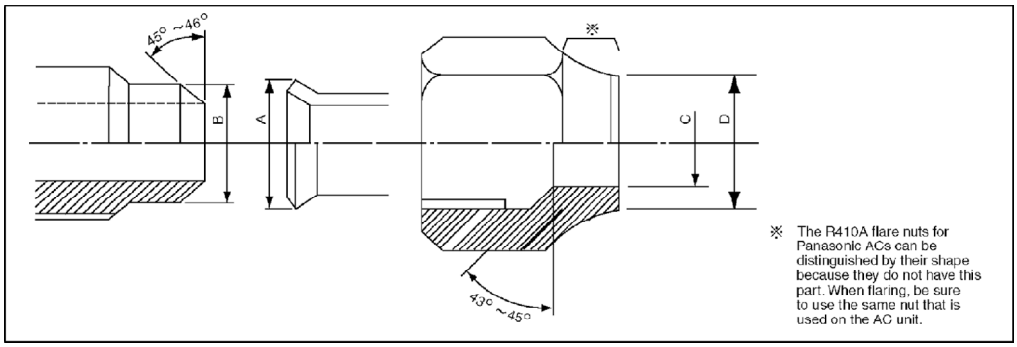

45° ~46°
B
A
※
C
D
43° ~45°
※ The R410A flare nuts for Panasonic ACs can be distinguished by their shape because they do not have this part. When flaring, be sure to use the same nut that is used on the AC unit.

Table 11 R410A flaring dimensions

Nominal diameter	Outside diameter (mm)	Wall thickness (mm)	A (mm)		
			R410A flaring tool, clutch type	Conventional flaring tool	
				Clutch type	Wing-nut type
1/4	6.35	0.8	0 - 0.5	1.0 - 1.5	1.5 - 2.0
3/8	9.52	0.8	0 - 0.5	1.0 - 1.5	1.5 - 2.0
1/2	12.70	0.8	0 - 0.5	1.0 - 1.5	2.0 - 2.5

Table 12 R410A flaring dimensions

Nominal diameter	Outside diameter (mm)	Wall thickness (mm)	A (mm)		
			R410A flaring tool, clutch type	Conventional flaring tool	
				Clutch type	Wing-nut type
1/4	6.35	0.8	0 - 0.5	0.5 - 1.0	1.0 - 1.5
3/8	9.52	0.8	0 - 0.5	0.5 - 1.0	1.0 - 1.5
1/2	12.70	0.8	0 - 0.5	0.5 - 1.0	1.5 - 2.0

Table 13 R410A flaring and flare nut dimensions Unit: mm

Nominal diameter	Outside diameter (mm)	Wall thickness (mm)	A +0, -0.4	B dimension	C dimension	D dimension	Flare nut width
1/4	6.35	0.8	9.1	9.2	6.5	13	17
3/8	9.52	0.8	13.2	13.5	9.7	20	22
1/2	12.70	0.8	16.6	16.0	12.9	23	26

Table 14 R410A flaring and flare nut dimensions Unit: mm

Nominal diameter	Outside diameter (mm)	Wall thickness (mm)	A +0, -0.4	B dimension	C dimension	D dimension	Flare nut width
1/4	6.35	0.8	9.0	9.2	6.5	13	17
3/8	9.52	0.8	13.0	13.5	9.7	20	22
1/2	12.70	0.8	16.2	16.0	12.9	20	24

2. Procedure and precautions for flare connection

A. Check to make sure there are no scratches, dust, etc., on the flare and union.

B. Align the flared surface with the axial center of the union.

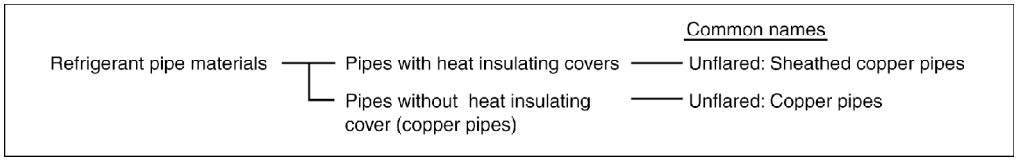
C. Use a torque wrench, and tighten to the specified torque. The tightening torque for R410A is the same as the conventional torque value for R22. Be careful, because if the torque is too weak, it may lead to a gas leak. If it is too strong, itmay split the flare nut or make it impossible to remove the flare nut.

Table 15 R410A tightening torque

Nominal diameter	Outside diameter (mm)	Tightening torque N.m (kgf.cm)	Torque wrench tightening torque N.m (kgf.cm)
1/4	6.35	14 - 18 (140 - 180)	18 (180)
3/8	9.52	33 - 42 (330 -420)	42 (420)
1/2	12.70	55 (550)	55 (550)

10.3.3. Storing and managing Piping Materials

1. Types of piping and their storage / The following is a general classification of the refrigerant pipe materials used for ACs.


Common names
Refrigerant pipe materials
Pipes with heat insulating covers
Unflared: Sheathed copper pipes
Pipes without heat insulating cover (copper pipes)
Unflared: Copper pipes

Because the gas pressure of R410A is approximately 1.6 times as high as that of R22, copper pipes with the thickness shown in Table 10, and with minimal impurities must be used. Care must also be taken during storage to ensure that pipes are not crushed,deformed, or scratched, and that no dust, moisture or other substance enters the pipe interior. When storing sheathed copper pipes or plain copper pipes, seal the openings by pinching or taping them securely.

2. Makings and management

A. Sheathed copper pipes and copper-element pipes / When using these pipes, check to make sure that they are the stipulated thickness. For flare nuts, be sure to used the same nut that is used on the AC unit.

B. Copper pipes / Use only copper pipes with the thickness given in table 10, and with minimal impurities. Because the surface of the pipe is exposed, you should take special care, and also take measures such as marking the pipes to make surethey are easily distinguished from other piping materials, to prevent mistaken use.

3. Precautions during refrigerant piping work / Take the following precautions on-site when connecting pipes. (Keep in mind that the need to control the entry of moisture and dust is even more important that in conventional piping).

A. Keep the open ends of all pipes sealed until connection with AC equipment is complete.

B. Take special care when doing piping work on rainy days. The entering of moisture will degrade the refrigerating machine oil, and lead to malfunctions in the equipment.

C. Complete all pipe connections in as short a time as possible. If the pipe must be left standing for a long time after removing the seal, it must be thoroughly purged with nitrogen, or dried with a vacuum pump.

10.4. INSTALLATION, TRANSFERRING, SERVICING

10.4.1. Inspecting Gas Leaks with a Vacuum Pump for New Installations (Using New Refrigerant Piping)

1. From the viewpoint of protecting the global environment, please do not release refrigerant into the atmosphere.

A. Connect the projecting side (pin-pushing side) of the charging hose for the manifold gauge to the service port of the 3-way valve. (1)

B. Fully open the handle Lo of the manifold gauge and run the vacuum pump. (2) (If the needle of the low-pressure gauge instantly reaches vacuum, re-check step a).)

C. Continue the vacuum process for at least 15 minutes, then check to make sure the low-pressure gauge has reached -0.1 MPa (-76 cmHg). Once the vacuum process has finished, fully close the handle Lo of the manifold gauge and stop the vacuum pumpoperation, then remove the charging hose that is connected to the vacuum pump adaptor. (Leave the unit in that condition for 1-2 minutes, and make sure that the needle of the manifold gauge does not return.) (2) and (3)

D. Turn the valve stem of the 2-way valve 90 counter-clockwise to open it, then, after 10 seconds, close it and inspect for a gas leak (4)

E. Remove the charging hose from the 3-way valve service port, then open both the 2-way valve and 3-way valve. (1) (4) (Turn the valve stem in the counter-clockwise direction until it gently makes contact. Do not turn it forcefully).

F. Tighten the service port cap with a torque wrench (18 N.m (1.8 kgf.m)). (5) Then tighten the 2-way valve and 3-way valve caps with a torque wrench (42 N.m (4.2 kgf.m)) or (55 N.m (5.5 kgf.m)).

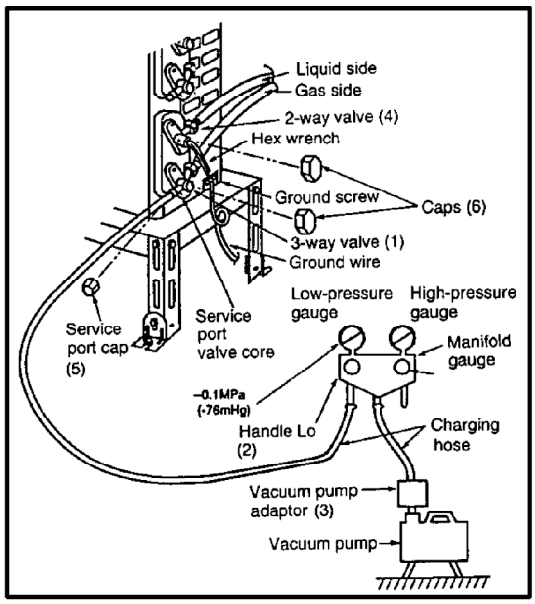
G. After attaching each of the caps, inspect for a gas leak around the cap area. (5) (6)

Precautions

- Be sure to read the instructions for the vacuum pump, vacuum pump adaptor and manifold gauge prior to use, and follow the instructions carefully.

- Make sure that the vacuum pump is filled with oil up to the designated line on the oil gauge.
- The gas pressure back flow prevention valve on the charging hose is generally open during use. When you are removing the charging hose from the service port, it will come off more easily if you close this valve.

Fig. 12 Vacuum pump air purging configuration



10.4.2. Transferring (Using New Refrigerant Piping)

1. Removing the unit

A. Collecting the refrigerant into the outdoor unit by pumping down / The refrigerant can be collected into the outdoor unit (pumping down) by pressing the TEST RUN button, even when the temperature of the room is low.

- Check to make sure that the valve stems of the 2-way valve and 3-way valve have been opened by turning them counter-clockwise. (Remove the valve stem caps and check to see that the valve stems are fully opened position. Always use a hexwrench (with 4-mm opposing sides) to operate the valve stems.)
- Press the TEST RUN button on the indoor unit, and allow preliminary for 5-6 minutes. (TEST RUN mode)
- After stopping the operation, let the unit sit for about 3 minutes, then close the 2-way valve by turning the valve stem

in the clockwise direction.

- Press the TEST RUN button on the indoor unit again, and after 2-3 minutes of operation, turn the valve stem of the 3-way valve quickly in the clockwise direction to close it, then stop the operation.
- Tighten the caps of the 2-way valve and 3-way valve to the stipulated torque.
- Remove the connection pipes (liquid side and gas side).

2. Installing the unit / Install the unit using new refrigerant piping. Follow the instructions in section 4.1 to evacuate the pipes connecting the indoor and outdoor units, and the pipes of the indoor unit, and check for gas leaks.

10.4.3. AC Units Replacement (Using Existing Refrigerant Piping)

When replacing and R410A AC unit with another R410A AC unit, you should re-flare the refrigerant piping. Even though the replacement AC unit uses the R410A, problems occur when, for example, either the AC unit maker or the refrigerating machineoil is different. / When replacing an R22 AC unit with an R410A AC unit, the following checks and cleaning procedures are necessary but are difficult to do because of the chemical characteristics of the refrigerating machine oil (as described in itemsc) and d) of section 10.1.1.(2)). In this case, you should use new refrigerant piping rather than the existing piping.

1. Piping check / Because of the different pressure characteristics of R22 and R410A, the design pressure for the equipment is 1.6 times different. the wall thickness of the piping must comply with that shown in Table 10, but this is not easyto check. Also, even if the thickness is correct, there may be flattened or bent portions midway through the piping due to sharp curves. Buried sections of the piping also cannot be checked.
2. Pipe cleaning / A large quantity of refrigerating machine oil (mineral oil) adheres to existing pipes due to the refrigeration cycle circulation. If the pipes are used just as they are for the R410A cycle, the capacity will be lowered due tothe incompatibility of this oil with the R410A, or irregularities may occur in the refrigeration cycle. For this reason, the piping must be thoroughly cleaned, but this is difficult with the present technology.

10.4.4. Refrigerant Compatibility (Using R410A Refrigerant in R22 ACs and Vice Versa)

Do not operate an existing R22 AC with the new R410A refrigerant. Doing so would result in

improper functioning of the equipment or malfunction, and might lead to a major accident such as an explosion in the refrigeration cycle. Similarly, do notoperate an R410A AC with R22 refrigerant. The chemical reaction between the refrigerating machine oil used in R410A ACs and the chlorine that is contained in R22 would cause the refrigerating machine oil to degrade and lead to malfunction.

10.4.5. Recharging Refrigerant During Servicing

When recharging is necessary, insert the specified amount of new refrigerant in accordance with the following procedure.

1. **Connect the charging hose to the service port of the outdoor unit.**
2. **Connect the charging hose to the vacuum pump adaptor. At this time, fully open the 2-way valve and 3-way valve.**
3. **Fully open the handle Lo of the manifold gauge, turn on the power of the vacuum pump and continue the vacuum process for at least one hour.**
4. **Confirm that the low pressure gauge shows a reading of -0.1 Mpa (-76 cmHg), then fully close the handle Lo, and turn off the vacuum pump. Wait for 1-2 minutes, then check to make sure that the needle of the Low pressure gauge has not returned. SeeFig. 13 for the remaining steps of this procedure.**
5. **Set the refrigerant cylinder onto the electronic scale, then correct the hose the cylinder and to the connection port for the electronic scale. (1)(2)**

   Precaution:

   Be sure to set up the cylinder for liquid charging. If you use a cylinder equipped with a siphon tube, you can charge the liquid without having to turn the cylinder around
6. **Remove the charging hose of the manifold gauge from the vacuum pump adaptor, and connect it to the connection port of the electronic scale. (2)(3)**
7. **Open the valve of the refrigerant cylinder, then open the charging valve slightly and close it. Next, press the check valve of the manifold gauge and purge the air. (2)(4) (Watch the liquid refrigerant closely at this point.)**
8. **After adjusting the electronic scale to zero, open the charging valve, then open the valve Lo of the manifold gauge and charge with the liquid refrigerant. (2)(5) (Be sure to read the operating**

instructions for the electronic scale.)

9. **If you cannot charge the stipulated amount, operate the unit in the cooling mode while charging a little of the liquid at a time (about 150 g/time as a guideline). If the charging amount is insufficient from one operation, wait aboutone minute, then use the same procedure to do the liquid charging again.**

   Precaution:

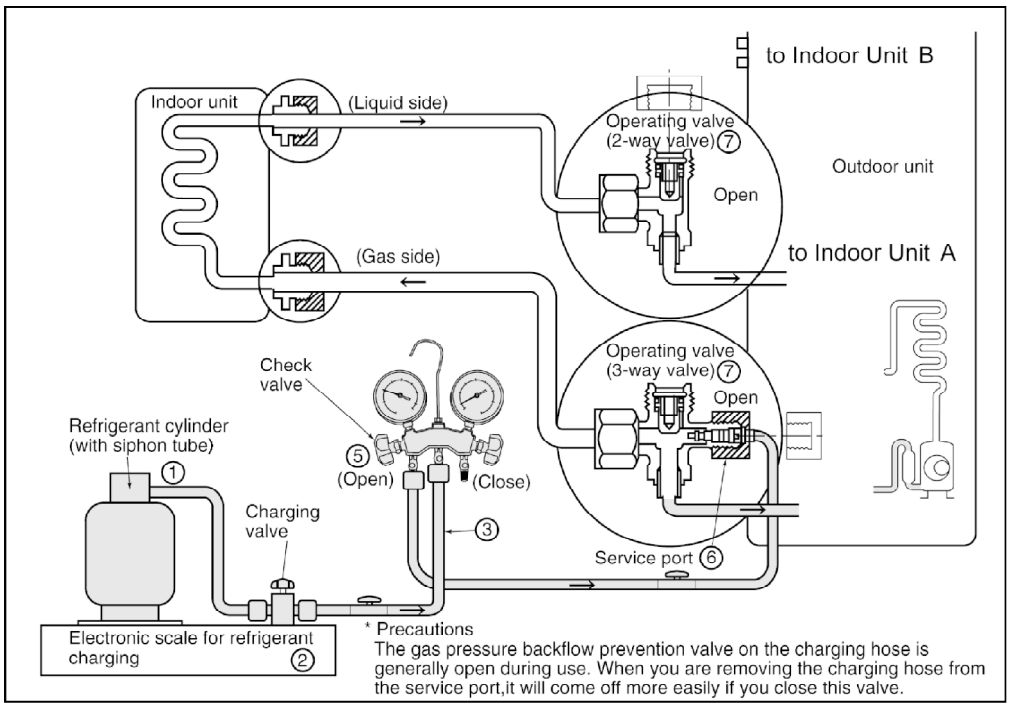
   Never use the gas side to allow a larger amount of liquid refrigerant to be charged while operating the unit.

10. **Close the charging valve, and after charging the liquid refrigerant inside the charging hose, fully close the valve Lo of the manifold gauge, and stop the operation of the unit. (2)(5)**

11. **Quickly remove the charging hose from the service port. (6) If you stop midway through, the refrigerant that is in the cycle will be discharged.**

12. **After putting on the caps for the service port and operating valve, inspect around the caps for a gas leak. (6)(7)**

Fig. 13 Re-charging refrigerant

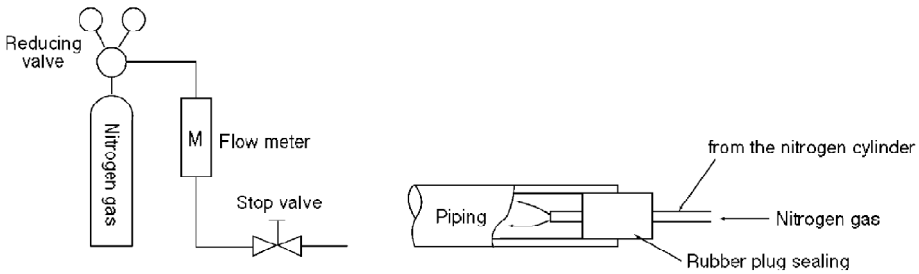


10.4.6. Brazing

As brazing requires sophisticated techniques and experiences, it must be performed by a qualified person. / In order to prevent the oxide film from occurring in the pipe interior during

brazing, it is effective to proceed with brazing while letting drynitrogen gas (N2) flow.
<Brazing Method for Preventing Oxidation>

1. **Attach a reducing valve to the nitrogen gas cylinder.**
2. **Attach a reducing valve to the nitrogen gas cylinder.**
3. **Apply a seal onto the clearance between the piping and inserted pipe for the nitrogen gas in order to prevent the nitrogen gas from flowing backward.**
4. **When the nitrogen gas is flowing, be sure to keep the piping end open.**
5. **Adjust the flow rate of nitrogen gas so that it is lower than 0.05 m^3/h, or 0.02 MPa (0.2 kgf/cm^2) by means of the reducing valve.**
6. **After taking the steps above, keep the nitrogen gas flowing until the piping cools down to a certain extent (i.e. temperature at which pipes are touchable with finger).**
7. **Completely remove the flux after brazing.**



Cautions during brazing

1. **General Cautions**
   - **A. The brazing strength should be high as required.**
   - **B. After operation, airtightness should be kept under pressurized condition.**
   - **C. During brazing do not allow component materials to become damaged due to overheating.**
   - **D. The refrigerant pipe work should not become blocked with scale or flux.**
   - **E. The brazed part should not restrict the flow in the refrigerant circuit.**
   - **F. No corrosion should occur from the brazed part.**
2. **Preventing of Overheating**

Due to heating, the interior and exterior surfaces of treated metal may oxidize. Especially, when the interior of the refrigerant circuit oxidizes due to overheating, scale occurs and stays in the circuit as dust, thus exerting a fatally adverseeffect. So, make brazing at adequate brazing temperature and with minimum of heating area.

3. **Overheating Protection**
   In order to prevent components near the brazed part from overheating damaged or quality deterioration due to flame or heat, take adequate steps for protection such as (1) by shielding with a metal plate, (2) by using a wet cloth, and (3) by meansof heat absorbent.
4. **Movement during Brazing**
   Eliminate all vibration during brazing to protect brazed joints from cracking and breakage.
5. **Oxidation Preventative**
   In order to improve the brazing efficiency, various types of antioxidant are available on the market. However, the constituents of these are widely varied, and some are anticipated to corrode the piping materials, or adversely affect HFC refrigerant,lubricating oil, etc. Exercise care when using an oxidation preventive.

10.4.7. Servicing Tips

The drier must also be replaced whenever replacing the refrigerant cycle parts. Replacing the refrigerant cycle parts first before replacing the drier. The drier is supplied in a vacuum pack. Perform brazing immediately after opening the vacuumpack, and then start the vacuum within two hours. In addition, the drier also needs to be replaced when the refrigerant has leaked completely. (Applicable for drier models only)

11. Installation Instructions

Required tools for Installation Works			
1. Philips screw driver	5. Spanner	9. Gas leak detector	13. Multimeter
2. Level gauge	6. Pipe cutter	10. Measuring tape	14. Torque wrench 18 N ● m (1.8 kgf ● m) 55 N ● m (5.5 kgf ● m) 65 N ● m (6.5 kgf ● m)
3. Electric drill, hole core drill (ø70 mm)	7. Reamer	11. Thermometer	15. Vacuum pump
4. Hexagonal wrench (4 mm)	8. Knife	12. Megameter	16. Gauge manifold

11.1. Safety Precautions

- Read the following "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully before installation.

- Electrical work must be installed by a licensed electrician. Be sure to use the correct rating of the power plug and main circuit for the model to be installed.

- The caution items stated here must be followed because these important contents are related to safety. The meaning of each indication used is as below. Incorrect installation due to ignoring of the instruction will cause harmor damage, and the seriousness is classified by the following indications.

⚠ WARNING	This indication shows the possibility of causing death or serious injury.

⚠ CAUTION	This indication shows the possibility of causing injury or damage to prope

The items to be followed are classified by the symbols:

⃠	Symbol with background white denotes item that is PROHIBITED from doi

- Carry out test running to confirm that no abnormality occurs after the installation. Then, explain to user the operation, care and

maintenance as stated in instructions. Please remind the customer to keep the operating instructionsfor future reference.

⚠ WARNING

1. **Engage dealer or specialist for installation. If installation done by the user is defective, it will ca water leakage, electrical shock or fire.**
2. **Install according to this installation instruction strictly. If installation is defective, it will cause w leakage, electrical shock or fire.**
3. **Use the attached accessories parts and specified parts for installation. Otherwise, it will cause fall, water leakage, fire or electrical shock.**
4. **Install at a strong and firm location which is able to withstand the set's weight. If the strength is enough or installation is not properly done, the set will drop and cause injury.**
5. **For electrical work, follow the local national wiring standard, regulation and this installation ins An independent circuit and single outlet must be used. If electrical circuit capacity isnot enough defect found in electrical work, it will cause electrical shock or fire.**
6. **Use the specified cable (2.5 mm2) and connect tightly for indoor/outdoor connection. Connect ti and clamp the cable so that no external force will be acted on the terminal.If connection or fixin perfect, it will cause heat-up or fire at the connection.**
7. **Wire routing must be properly arranged so that control board cover is fixed properly. If control b cover is not fixed perfectly, it will cause heat-up at connection point of terminal, fire or electrica**
8. **When carrying out piping connection, take care not to let air substances other than the specified refrigerant go into refrigeration cycle. Otherwise, it will cause lower capacity, abnormal high pressurein the refrigeration cycle, explosion and injury.**
9. **When connecting the piping, do not allow air or any substances other than the specified refrigerant (R410A) to enter the refrigeration cycle. Otherwise, this may lower the capacity, cause abnormallyhigh pressure in the refrigeration cycle, and possibly result in explosion and injury.**
10. **-When connecting the piping, do not use any existing (R22) pipes and flare nuts. Using such same may cause abnormally high pressure in the refrigeration cycle (piping), and possibly resultin explosion and injury. Use only R410A materials.**
    -Thickness of copper pipes used with R410A must be more than 0.8 mm. Never use copper pipes thinner than 0.8 mm.
    -It is desirable that the amount of residual oil is less than 40 mg/10 m.
11. **Do not modify the length of the power supply cord or use of the extension cord, and do not share the single outlet with other electrical appliances. Otherwise, it will cause fire or electrical shock.**

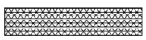
⚠ CAUTION

1. **The equipment must be earthed. It may cause electrical shock if grounding is not perfect.**
2. **Do not install the unit at place where leakage of flammable gas may occur. In case gas leaks and accumulates at surrounding of the unit, it may cause fire.**
3. **Carry out drainage piping as mentioned in installation instructions. If drainage is not perfect, wa enter the room and damage the furniture.**

ATTENTION

1. **Selection of the installation location.**
   Select a installation location which is rigid and strong enough to support or hold the unit, and s location for easy maintenance.
2. **Power supply connection to the room air conditioner.**
   Connect the power supply cord of the room air conditioner to the mains using one of the follow method.
   Power supply point shallbe the place where there is ease for access for the power disconnectio of emergency.
   In some countries, permanent connection of this room air conditioner to the power supply is pr
   1. Power supply connection to thereceptacle using a power plug. / Use an approved 16A power plug with earth pin for 2.0HP (E18CK, the connection to the socket.
   2. Power supply connection to a circuit breaker for the permanent connection. Use an approved 16A circuit breaker for 2.0HP (E18CK, the permanent connection. It must be a double pole switch with a minimum 3 mm contact gap.
3. **Do not release refrigerant.**
   Do not release refrigerant during piping work for installation, reinstallation and during repairing refrigeration parts. Take care of the liquid refrigerant, itmay cause frostbite.
4. **Installation work.**
   It may need two people to carry out the installation work.
5. **Do not install this appliance in a laundry room or other location where water may drip from the etc.**

Attached accessories

No.	Accesories part	Qty.	No.	Accessories part	Qty.
1	Installation plate	1	6	Triple Deodorizing filter 	1
2	Installation plate fixing screw	6	7	Remote Control holder	1
3	Remote control	1	8	Remote Control holder fixing screw	2
4	Battery	2	9	Drain elbow (E18CK, E21CK)	1
5	Air purifying filter	1			

Applicable piping kit
CZ-4F5, 7, 10AN (E18CK, E21CK)

SELECT THE BEST LOCATION

INDOOR UNIT

- **There should not be any heat source or steam near the unit.**
- **There should not be any obstacles blocking the air circulation.**
- **A place where air circulation in the room is good.**
- **A place where drainage can be easily done.**
- **A place where noise prevention is taken into consideration.**
- **Do not install the unit near the door way.**
- **Ensure the spaces indicated by arrows from the wall, ceiling, fence or other obstacles.**
- **Recommended installation height for indoor unit shall be at least 2.3 m.**

OUTDOOR UNIT

- **If an awning is built over the unit to prevent direct sunlight or rain, be careful that heat radiation from the condenser is not obstructed.**
- **There should not be any animal or plant which could be affected by hot air discharged.**
- **Keep the spaces indicated by arrows from wall, ceiling, fence or other obstacles.**
- **Do not place any obstacles which may cause a short circuit of the**

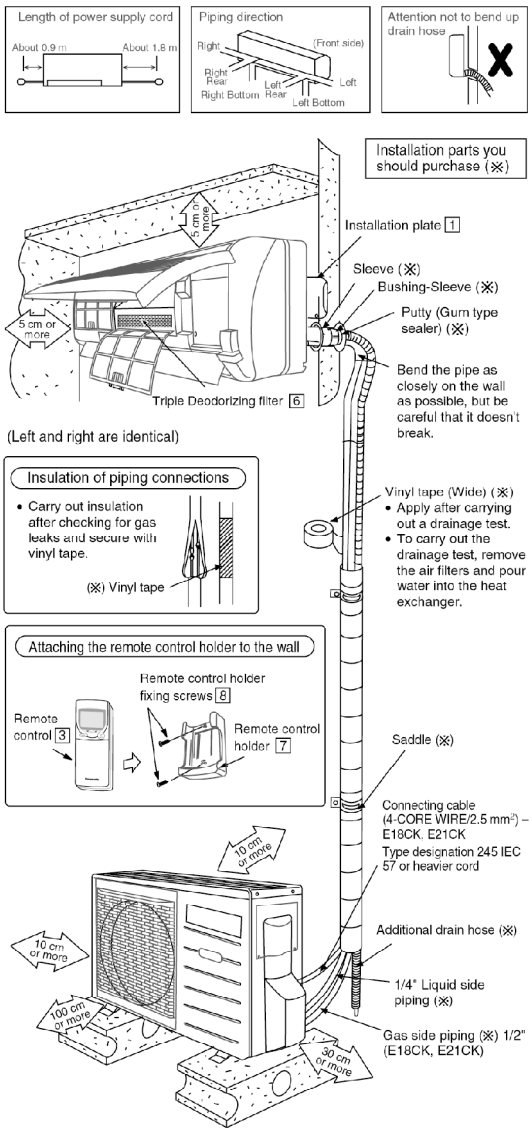
discharged air.

- If piping length is over 10m, additional refrigerant should be added as shown in the table.

Model	Piping size		Rated Length (m)	Common Length (m)	Max. Elevation (m)	Max. Piping Length (m)	Additional Refrigerant (g/m)
	Gas	Liquid					
E18CK, E21CK	1/2"	1/4"	5	10	15	20	20

Example: For E21CK
If the unit is installed at a 12m distance, the quantity of additional refrigerant should be 40g.... (12-10)m x 20g/m = 40g

Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram


Length of power supply cord
About 0.9 m
About 1.8 m
Piping direction
Right
(Front side)
Right Rear
Right Bottom
Left Rear
Left
Left Bottom
Attention not to bend up drain hose
Installation parts you should purchase (※)
5 cm or more
Installation plate 1
Sleeve (※)
Bushing-Sleeve (※)
Putty (Gum type sealer) (※)
Bend the pipe as closely on the wall as possible, but be careful that it doesn't break.
Triple Deodorizing filter 6
(Left and right are identical)
Insulation of piping connections
• Carry out insulation after checking for gas leaks and secure with vinyl tape.
(※) Vinyl tape
Vinyl tape (Wide) (※)
• Apply after carrying out a drainage test.
• To carry out the drainage test, remove the air filters and pour water into the heat exchanger.
Attaching the remote control holder to the wall
Remote control holder fixing screws 8
Remote control 3
Remote control holder 7
Saddle (※)
Connecting cable (4-CORE WIRE/2.5 mm²) – E18CK, E21CK
Type designation 245 IEC 57 or heavier cord
10 cm or more
Additional drain hose (※)
1/4" Liquid side piping (※)
100 cm or more
Gas side piping (※) 1/2" (E18CK, E21CK)
30 cm or more

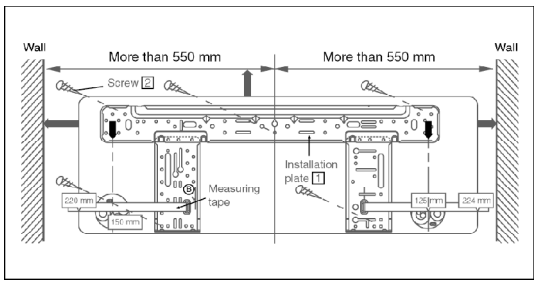
- This illustration is for explanation purposes only. / The indoor unit will actually face a different way.

11.2. INDOOR UNIT

11.2.1. SELECT THE BEST LOCATION / (Refer to " Select the best location " section)

11.2.2. HOW TO FIX INSTALLATION PLATE

The mounting wall is strong and solid enough to prevent it from the vibration.



The centre of installation plate should be at more than 550 mm at right and left of the wall.
The distance from installation plate edge to ceiling should more than 67 mm.
From installation plate left edge to unit's left side is 47 mm.
From installation plate right edge to unit's right is 73 mm.

Ⓑ : **For left side piping, piping connection for liquid should be about 126 mm from this line.**

: **For left side piping, piping connection for gas should be about 174 mm from this line.**

: **For left side piping,piping connecting cable should be about 984 mm from this line.**

1. Mount the installation plate on the wall with 5 screws or more. / (If mounting the unit on the concrete wall consider using anchor bolts.)

- Always mount the installation plate horizontally by aligning the marking-off line with the thread and using a level gauge.

2. Drill the piping plate hole with ø70 mm hole-core drill.

- Line according to the arrows marked on the lower left and right side of the installation plate. The meeting point of the extended line is the centre of the hole. Another method is by putting measuring tape at position as shown in the diagramabove. The hole centre is obtained by measuring the distance namely 150 mm and 125 mm for left and right hole respectively.

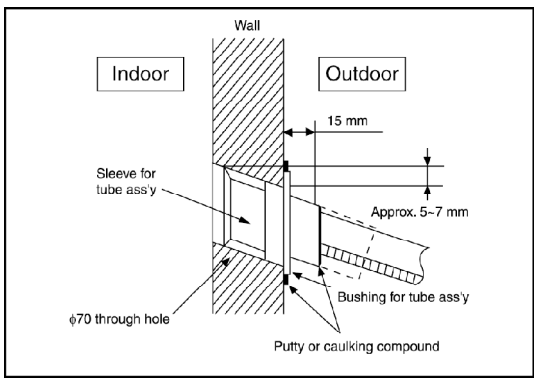
- Drill the piping hole at either the right or the left and the hole should be slightly slanted to the outdoor side.

11.2.3. TO DRILL A HOLE IN THE WALL AND INSTALL A SLEEVE OF PIPING

1. Insert the piping sleeve to the hole.
2. Fix the bushing to the sleeve.
3. Cut the sleeve until it extrudes about 15 mm from the wall.

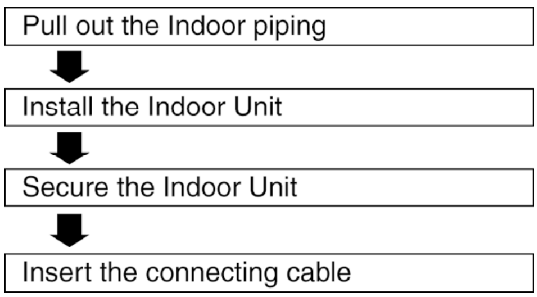
> **Caution**
> When the wall is hollow, please be sure to use the sleeve for tube ass'y to prevent dangers caused by mice biting the connecting cable.

4. Finish by sealing the sleeve with putty or caulking compound at the final stage.



11.2.4. INDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION

1. For the right rear piping



2. For the right and right bottom piping

Pull out the Indoor piping

↓

Install the Indoor Unit

↓

Insert the connecting cable

↓

Secure the Indoor Unit

3. For the embedded piping

Replace the drain hose

↓

Bend the embedded piping

↓ • Use a spring bender or equivalent to bend the piping so that the piping is not crushed.

Install the Indoor Unit

↓

Cut and flare the embedded piping

↓ • When determing the dimension of the piping, slide the unit all the way to the left on the installation plate.
Refer to the section "Cutting and flaring the piping".

Pull the connecting cable into Indoor Unit

↓ • The inside and outside connecting cable can be connected without removing the front grille.

Connect the piping

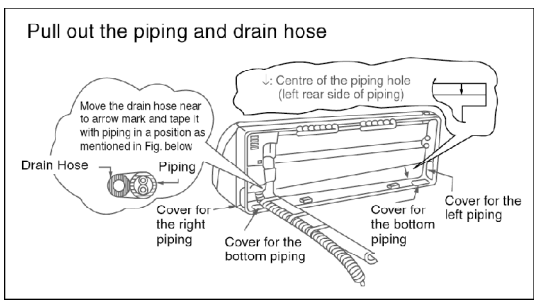
↓ • Please refer to "Connecting the piping" column in outdoor unit section. (Below steps are done after connecting the outdoor piping and gas-leakage confirmation.)

Insulate and finish the piping

↓ • Please refer to "Piping and finishing" column of outdoor section and "Insulation of piping connections" column as mentioned in Indoor/ Outdoor Unit Installation.

Secure the Indoor Unit

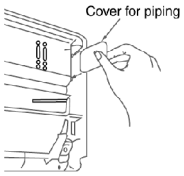
Pull out the piping and drain hose


: Centre of the piping hole (left rear side of piping)
Move the drain hose near to arrow mark and tape it with piping in a position as mentioned in Fig. below
Drain Hose
Piping
Cover for the right piping
Cover for the bottom piping
Cover for the bottom piping
Cover for the left piping

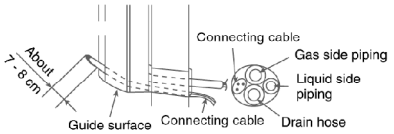
How to keep the cover

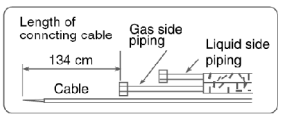
In case of the cover is cut, keep the cover at the rear of chassis as shown in the illustration for future reinstallation.

(Left, right and 2 bottom covers for piping)



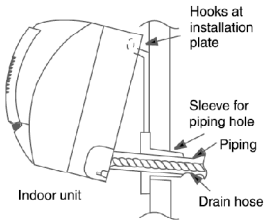
Insert the connecting cable





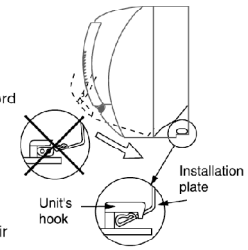
Install the Indoor Unit

Hook the indoor unit onto the upper portion of installation plate (Engage the indoor unit with the upper edge of the installation plate). Ensure the hooks are properly seated on the installation plate by moving in left and right.

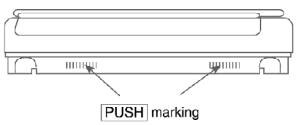


Secure the Indoor Unit

1. Tape the extra power supply cord in a bundle and keep it behind the chassis.
   - Ensure that the power supply cord is not clamped in between the unit's hook (2 positions) and installation plate.
2. Press the lower left and right side of the unit against the installation plate until hooks engages with their slots (sound click).



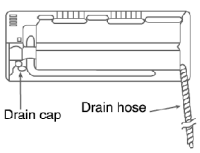
To take out the unit, push the PUSH marking at the bottom unit, and pull it slightly towards you to disengage the hooks from the unit.

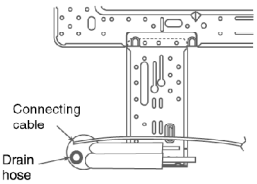


(This can be used for left rear piping & left bottom piping also.)

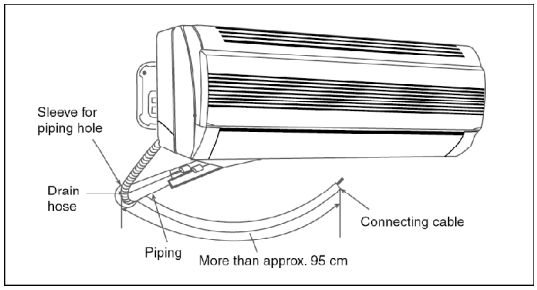
Exchange the drain hose and the cap

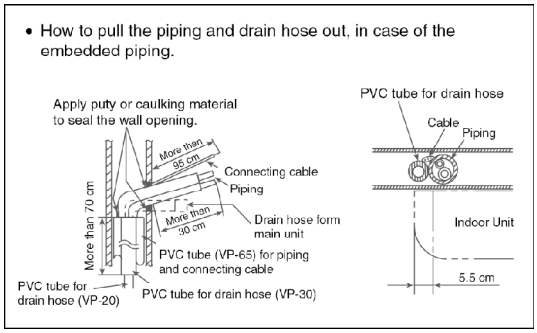
Refer view for left piping installation

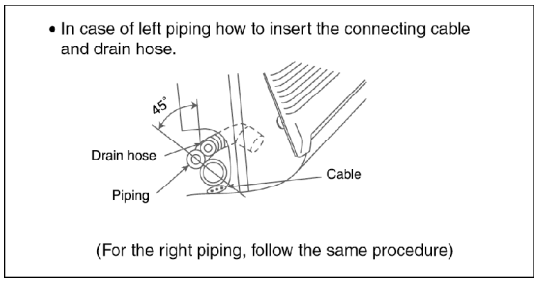




Adjust the piping slightly downwards




• How to pull the piping and drain hose out, in case of the embedded piping.
Apply puty or caulking material to seal the wall opening.
More than 95 cm
Connecting cable
Piping
More than 70 cm
More than 90 cm
Drain hose form main unit
PVC tube (VP-65) for piping and connecting cable
PVC tube for drain hose (VP-20)
PVC tube for drain hose (VP-30)
PVC tube for drain hose
Cable
Piping
Indoor Unit
5.5 cm


• In case of left piping how to insert the connecting cable and drain hose.
45°
Drain hose
Piping
Cable
(For the right piping, follow the same procedure)

11.2.5. CONNECT THE CABLE TO THE INDOOR UNIT

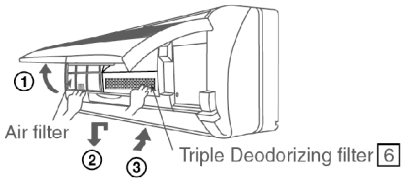
1. The inside and outside connecting cable can be connected without removing the front grille.

2. Connecting cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit shall be approved polychloroprene sheathed 4 × 2.5 mm^2 (E18CK, E21CK) flexible cord, type designation 245 IEC 57 or heavier cord.

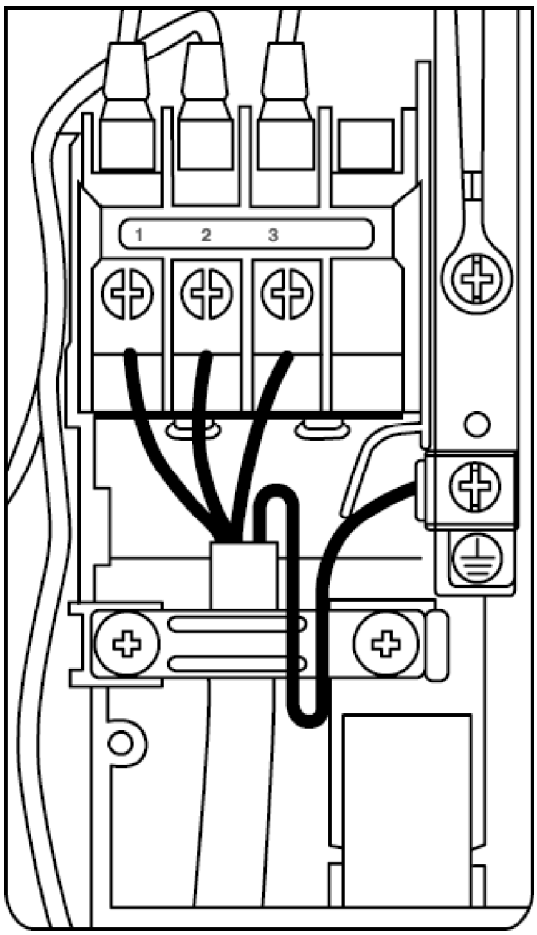
- Ensure the color of wires of outdoor unit and the terminal Nos. are the same to the indoor's respectively.
- Earth lead wire shall be longer than the other lead wires as shown in the figure for the electrical safety in case of the slipping out of the cord from the anchorage. /
- Secure the cable onto the control board with the holder (clamper).

INSTALLATION OF AIR PURIFYING FILTERS

A. Open the front panel.
B. Remove the air filters.
C. Put air purifying filters (left) and triple deodorizing filter (right) into place as shown in illustration below.



Terminals on the indoor unit	1	2	3	⏚
Color of wires				
Terminals on the outdoor unit	1	2	3	⏚



HOW TO TAKE OUT FRONT GRILLE

Please follow the steps below to take out front grille if necessary such as when servicing.

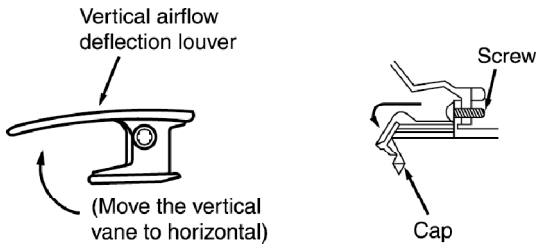
A. Open the intake grille and remove the screw at the front of the front grille.

B. Set the vertical airflow direction louver to the horizontal position.

C. Slide down the 3 caps on the front grille as shown in the illustration below, and then remove the 3 mounting screws.

D. Pull the lower section of the front grille towards you to remove the front grille.

When reinstalling the front grille, first set the vertical airflow direction louver to the horizontal position and then carry out above steps 2 - 3 in the reverse order.



AUTO SWITCH OPERATION

The below operations will be performed by pressing the "AUTO" switch.

1. AUTO OPERATION MODE

The Auto operation will be activated immediately once the Auto Switch is pressed.

2. TEST RUN OPERATION (FOR PUMP DOWN/SERVICING PURPOSE)

The Test Run operation will be activated if the Auto Switch is pressed continuously for more than 5 sec. to below 8 sec. A "beep" sound will occur at the fifth sec., in order to identify the starting of Test Run operation

3. HEATING TRIAL OPERATION

Press the AUTO Switch continuously for more than 8 sec. to below

11 sec. and release when a “beep beep” sound is occurred at eighth sec. (However, a “beep” sound is occurred at fifth sec.)

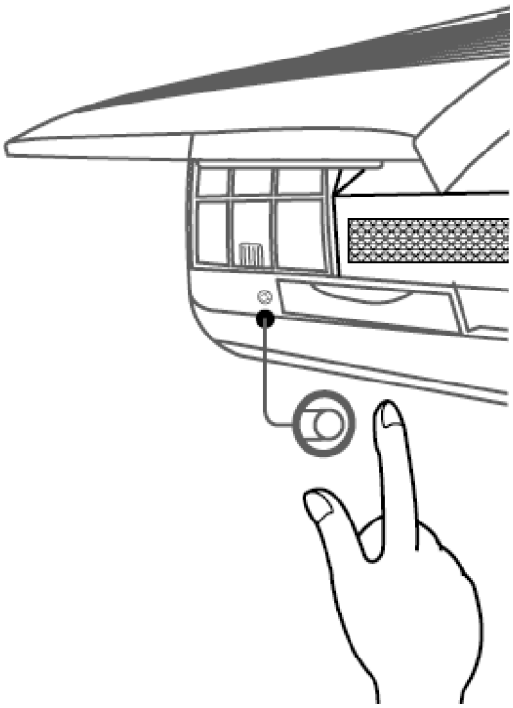
4. REMOTE CONTROL RECEIVING SOUND ON/OFF

The ON/OFF of Remote Control receiving sound can be changed over by following steps:

A. Press “AUTO” switch continuously for more than 16 sec. to below 21 sec. A “beep” “beep” “beep” “beep” sound will occur at sixteenth sec.

B. Press the “Check” button once at Remote Control. A “beep” sound will occur.

C. Press the “AUTO” switch once to select Remote Control receiving sound ON/OFF. A “beep” sound indicates receiving sound ON, and a “beep” sound indicates receiving sound OFF.



11.3. OUTDOOR UNIT

11.3.1. SELECT THE BEST LOCATION (Refer to “ Select the best location ” section)

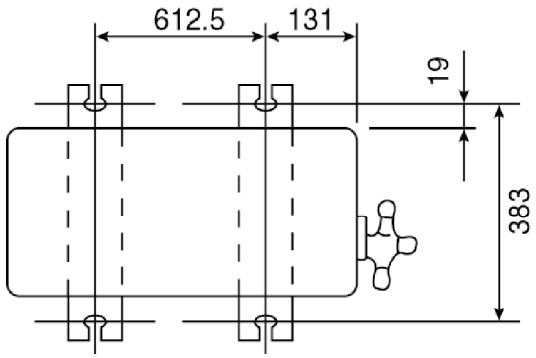
11.3.2. INSTALL THE OUTDOOR UNIT

- After selecting the best location, start installation according to Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram.

1. Fix the unit on concrete or rigid frame firmly and horizontally by

bolt nut. (ø10 mm).

2. When installing at roof, please consider strong wind and earthquake. Please fasten the installation stand firmly with bolt or nails.



11.3.3. CONNECTING THE PIPING

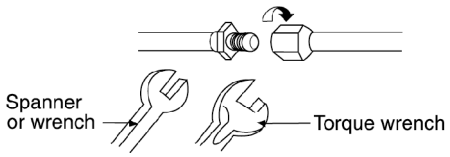
Connecting The Piping To Indoor Unit

Please make flare after inserting flare nut (locate at joint portion of tube assembly) onto the copper pipe. (In case of using long piping)

Connect the piping

- Align the center of piping and sufficiently tighten the flare nut with fingers.

- Further tighten the flare nut with torque wrench in specified torque as stated in the table.



MODEL	Piping size (Torque)	
	Gas	Liquid
E18CK, E21CK	1/2” (55 N.m)	1/4” (18 N.m)

Connecting The Piping to Outdoor Unit

Decide piping length and then cut by using pipe cutter. Remove burrs from cut edge. Make flare after inserting the flare nut (located at valve) onto the copper pipe.

Align center of piping to valves and then tighten with torque wrench to the specified torque as stated in the table.

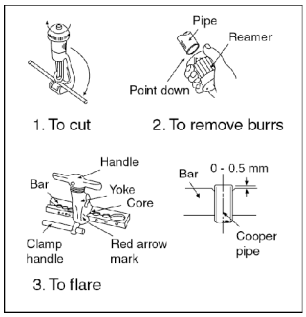
CUTTING AND FLARING THE PIPING

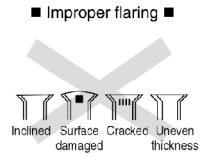
1. Please cut using pipe cutter and then remove the burrs.

2. Remove the burrs by using reamer. If burrs is not removed, gas

leakage may be caused.
Turn the piping end down to avoid the metal powder entering the pipe.

3. **Please make flare after inserting the flare nut onto the copper pipes.**

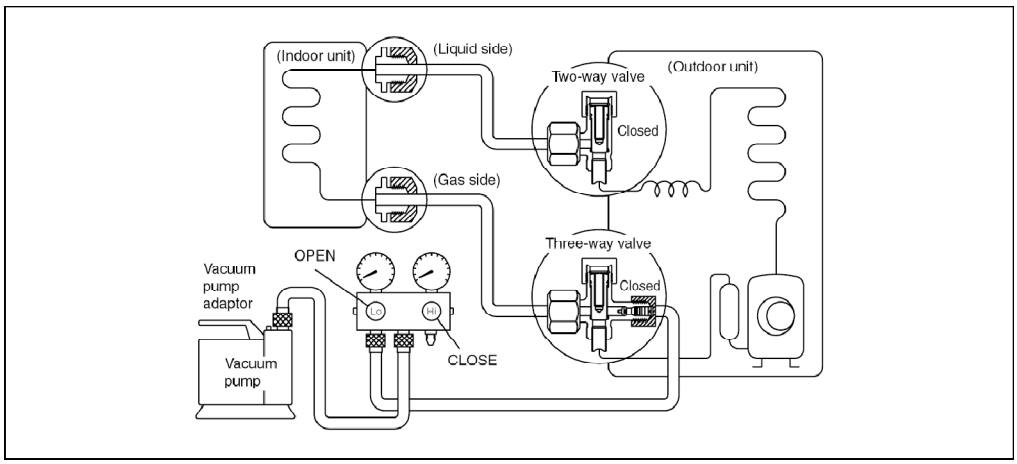




When properly flared, the internal surface of the flare will evenly shine and be of even thickness. Since the flare part comes into contact with the connections, carefully check the flare finish.

11.3.4. EVACUATION OF THE EQUIPMENT (FOR EUROPE & OCEANIA DESTINATION)

WHEN INSTALLING AN AIR CONDITIONER, BE SURE TO EVACUATE THE AIR INSIDE THE INDOOR UNIT AND PIPES in the following procedure.



1. **Connect a charging hose with a push pin to the Low side of a charging set and the service port of the 3-way valve.**

   - Be sure to connect the end of the charging hose with the push pin to the service port.

2. **Connect the center hose of the charging set to a vacuum pump with check valve, or vacuum pump and vacuum pump adaptor.**
3. **Turn on the power switch of the vacuum pump and make sure that the needle in the gauge moves from 0 cmHg (0 MPa) to / -76 cmHg**

(-0.1 MPa). Then evacuate the air approximately ten minutes.

4. Close the Low side valve of the charging set and turn off the vacuum pump. Make sure that the needle in the gauge does not move after approximately five minutes.
   Note: BE SURE TO FOLLOW THIS PROCEDURE IN ORDER TO AVOID REFRIGERANT GAS LEAKAGE.
5. Disconnect the charging hose from the vacuum pump and from the service port of the 3-way valve.
6. Tighten the service port caps of the 3-way valve at torque of 18 N.m with a torque wrench.
7. Remove the valve caps of both of the 2-way valve and 3-way valve. Position both of the valves to “OPEN” using a hexagonal wrench (4 mm).
8. Mount valve caps onto the 2-way valve and the 3-way valve.

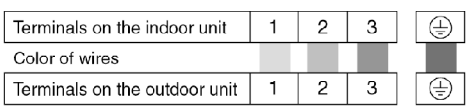
   - Be sure to check for gas leakage.

CAUTION

- If gauge needle does not move from 0 cmHg (0 MPa) to -76 cmHg (-0.1 MPa), in step 3 above tak following measure:
- If the leak stops when the piping connections are tightened further, continue working from step
- If the leak does not stop when the connections are retightened, repair the location of leak.
- Do not release refrigerant during piping work for installation and reinstallation. Take care of the refrigerant, it may cause frostbite.

11.3.5. CONNECT THE CABLE TO THE OUTDOOR UNIT

1. Remove the control board cover from the unit by loosening the screw.
2. Connecting cable between indoor unit and outdoor unit shall be approved polychloroprene sheathed 4 × 2.5 mm^2 (E18CK, E21CK) flexible cord, type designation 245 IEC 57 or heavier cord.



3. Secure the cable onto the control board with the holder (clamper).
4. Attach the control board cover back to the original position with

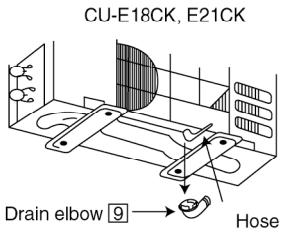
the screw.

11.3.6. PIPE INSULATION

1. **Please carry out insulation at pipe connection portion as mentioned in Indoor/Outdoor Unit Installation Diagram. Please wrap the insulated piping end to prevent water from going inside the piping.**
2. **If drain hose or connecting piping is in the room (where dew may form), please increase the insulation by using POLY-E FOAM with thickness 6 mm or above.**

DISPOSAL OF OUTDOOR UNIT DRAIN WATER

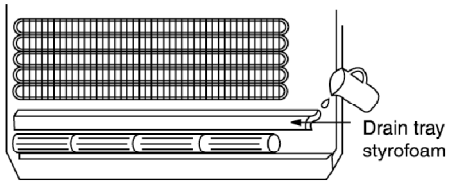
- **If a drain elbow is used, the unit should be placed on a stand which is taller than 3 cm.**
- **If the unit is used in an area where temperature falls below 0°C for 2 or 3 days in succession, it is recommended not to use a drain elbow, for the drain water freezes and the fan will not rotate.**



Install the hose at an angle so that the water smoothly flows out.

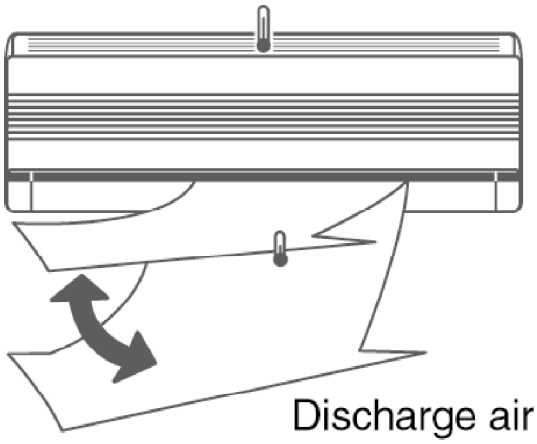
CHECK THE DRAINAGE

- **Open front panel and remove air filters. / (Drainage checking can be carried out without removing the front grille.)**
- **Pour a glass of water into the drain tray-styrofoam.**
- **Ensure that water flows out from drain hose of the indoor unit.**



EVALUATION OF THE PERFORMANCE

- **Operate the unit at cooling operation mode for fifteen minutes or more.**
- **Measure the temperature of the intake and discharge air.**
- **Ensure the difference between the intake temperature and the discharge is more than 8°C.**



CHECK ITEMS

- ☐ **Is there any gas leakage at flare nut connections?**
- ☐ **Has the heat insulation been carried out at flare nut connection?**
- ☐ **Is the connecting cable being fixed to terminal board firmly?**
- ☐ **Is the connecting cable being clamped firmly?**
- ☐ **Is the drainage OK?**
  (Refer to "Check the drainage" section)
- ☐ **Is the earth wire connection properly done?**
- ☐ **Is the indoor unit properly hooked to the installation plate?**
- ☐ **Is the power supply voltage complied with rated value?**

☐ **Is there any abnormal sound?**

☐ **Is the cooling operation normal?**

☐ **Is the thermostat operation normal?**

☐ **Is the remote control's LCD operation normal?**

☐ **Is the air purifying filter installed?**

12. Servicing Information

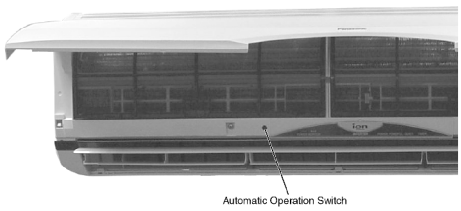
Caution:
- Pb free solder has a higher melting point than standard solder; Typically the melting point is 50 -
- 40°C) higher. Please use a high temperature soldering iron. In case of the soldering iron wit
control,please set it to 700 ± 20°F (370 ± 10°C).
- Pb free solder will tend to splash when heated too high (about 1100° F/600°C).

12.1. Troubleshooting

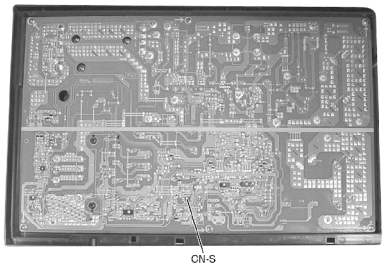
1. Rated Frequency Operation

During troubleshooting and servicing, rated compressor operating frequency must be obtained in order to check the specification and technical data. Below are the methods used to obtain rated compressor operating specification.
(a) Cooling

(i) Press the Auto button continuously for 5 seconds or less than 8 seconds, the air conditione operation at Cooling rated frequency. ("beep" will be heard at the 5th second.)



(ii) Short the service terminal (CN-S) of the outdoor printed circuit board. The operation of air c is Cooling rated frequency.



(b) Heating

Press the Auto button continuously for 8 seconds or less than 11 seconds, the air conditioner starts operation at Heating rated frequency. (“beep” “beep” will be heard at the 8th second.)

2. Troubleshooting Air Conditioner

Refrigeration cycle system

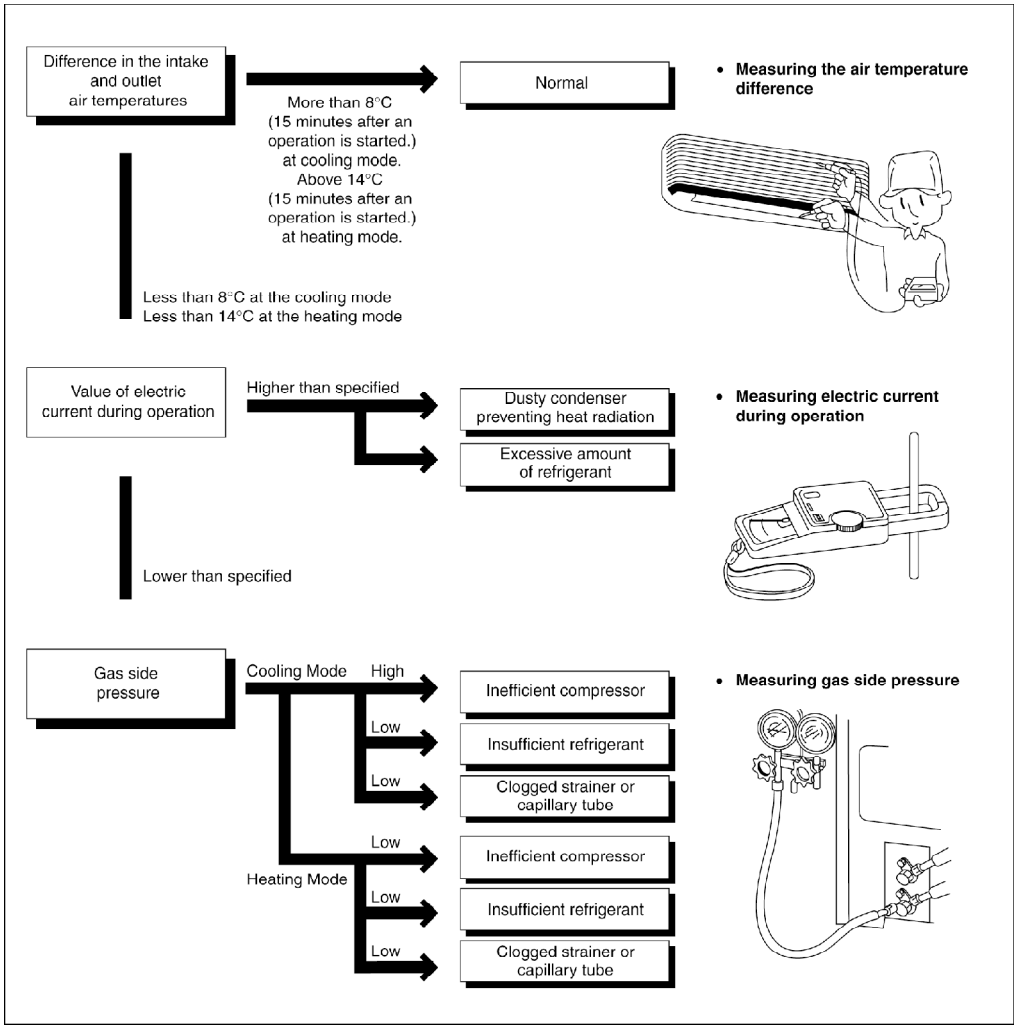
In order to diagnose malfunctions, make sure that there are no electrical problems before inspecting the refrigeration cycle. Such problems include insufficient insulation, problem with the power source, malfunction of a compressor and a fan.

The normal outlet air temperature and pressure of the refrigeration cycle depends on various conditions, the standard values for them are shown in the table to the right.

Normal Pressure and Outlet Air Temperature (Standard)

	Gas pressure MPa (kg/cm²G)	Outlet air temperature (°C)
Cooling Mode	0.9 ~ 1.2 (9 ~ 12)	12 ~ 16
Heating Mode	2.3 ~ 2.9 (23 ~ 29)	36 ~ 45

★ Condition:
- Indoor fan speed; High
- Outdoor temperature 35°C at cooling mode and 7°C at heating mode.
- Compressor operates at rated frequency


Difference in the intake and outlet air temperatures
More than 8°C (15 minutes after an operation is started.) at cooling mode. Above 14°C (15 minutes after an operation is started.) at heating mode.
Normal
Less than 8°C at the cooling mode
Less than 14°C at the heating mode
• Measuring the air temperature difference
Value of electric current during operation
Higher than specified
Dusty condenser preventing heat radiation
Excessive amount of refrigerant
Lower than specified
• Measuring electric current during operation
Gas side pressure
Cooling Mode
High
Low
Low
Low
Heating Mode
Low
Low
Inefficient compressor
Insufficient refrigerant
Clogged strainer or capillary tube
Inefficient compressor
Insufficient refrigerant
Clogged strainer or capillary tube
• Measuring gas side pressure

1. Relationship between the condition of the air conditioner and pressure and electric current

Condition of the air conditoner	Cooling Mode			Heating Mode		
	Low Pressure	High Pressure	Electric current during operation	Low Pressure	High Pressure	Ele cu du ope
Insufficient refrigerant (gas leakage)	↘	↘	↘	↘	↘	
Clogged capillary tube or Strainer	↘	↘	↘	→	→	
Short circuit in the indoor unit	↘	↘	↘	→	→	
Heat radiation deficiency of the outdoor unit	→	→	→	↘	↘	
Inefficient compression	→	↘	↘	→	↘	

- Carry on the measurements of pressure, electric current, and temperature fifteen minutes after an operation is started.

12.2. Breakdown Self Diagnosis Function

Once abnormality detected during operation, the unit will immediately stop its operation (Timer LED is blinking) and maximum of three error codes (abnormality) will be saved in memory. The abnormality of the operation can be identified through thebelow breakdown diagnosis method:

- Press “CHECK” button at remote control continuously for more than five seconds to turn on the diagnosis mode, “H11” will be displayed at remote control.

- By pressing the TMER “ ∧ ” button once, next error code will be displayed; press “V” button once, previous error code will be displayed.

- If error code displayed matches the error code saved in unit

memory (abnormality detected), four “beep” sounds will be heard and Power LED will light on. Otherwise, one “beep” sound is heard.

If “CHECK” button is press again during Cooling operation using test run operation mode for 30 seconds, the diagnosis mode will turn off.

Error Codes Table

Diagnosis display	Abnormality / Protection control	Abnormality Judgement	Emergency operation	Primary location t
H11	Indoor / outdoor abnormal communication	> 1 min after starting operation	Indoor fan operation only	-Internal / external cable co -Indoor / Outdoor PCB
H14	Indoor intake air temperature sensor abnormality	Continue for 5 sec.	—	-Intake air temperature sens or disconnected)
H15	Outdoor compressor temperature sensor abnormality	Continue for 5 sec.	—	-Compressor temperature s (defective or disconnected)
H16	Outdoor Current Transformer open circuit	—	—	-Outdoor PCB -IPM (Power transistor) mod
H19	Indoor fan motor merchanism lock	—	—	-Indoor PCB -Fan motor
H23	Indoor heat exchanger temperature sensor abnormality	Continue for 5 sec.	O (Cooling only)	-Heat exchanger temperatu (defective or disconnected)
H26	Ion abnormality	—	—	-Indoor PCB -Ionizer
H27	Outdoor air temperature sensor abnormality	Continue for 5 sec.	O	-Outdoor temperature sens or disconnected)
H28	Outdoor heat exchanger temperature sensor abnormality	Continue for 5 sec.	O	-Outdoor heat exchanger te sensor (defective or disconn
H30	Discharge temperature sensor abnormality	Continue for 5 sec.	—	-Discharge temperature sen
H33	Indoor/Outdoor wrong connection	—	—	-Indoor/Outdoor supply vol
H97	Outdoor Fan Motor lock abnormality	—	—	-Outdoor PCB -Outdoor Fan Motor
H98	Indoor high pressure protection	—	—	-Air filter dirty -Air circulation short circuit
H99	Indoor heat exchanger anti-freezing protection	—	—	-Insufficient refrigerant -Air filter dirty
F11	Cooling / Heating cycle changeover abnormality	4 times occurance within 30 minutes	—	-4-way valve -V-coil

F90	PFC control	4 times occurance within 10 minutes	—	-Voltage at PFC
F91	Refrigeration cycle abnormality	7 times occurance continuously	—	-No refrigerant (3-way valve is closed)
F93	Outdoor compressor abnormal revolution	4 times occurance within 20 minutes	—	-Outdoor compressor
F95	Cool high pressure protection	4 times occurance within 20 minutes	—	-Outdoor refrigerant circuit
F96	IPM (power transistor) overheating protection	—	—	-Excess refrigerant -Improper heat radiation -IPM (Power transistor)
F97	Outdoor compressor overheating protection	4 times occurance within 20 minutes	—	-Insufficient refrigerant -Compressor
F98	Total running current protection	3 times occurance within 20 minutes	—	-Excess refrigerant -Improper heat radiation
F99	Outdoor Direct Current (DC) peak detection	7 times occurance continuously	—	-Outdoor PCB -IPM (Power transistor) -Compressor

The memory data of error code is erased when the power supply is cut off, or press the Auto Switch until “beep” sound heard following by pressing the “RESET” button at Remote Control. Although operation forced to stop when abnormality detected, emergency operation is possible for certain errors (refer to Error Codes Table) by using Remote Control or Auto Switch at indoor unit. However, the Remote Control signal receiving soundis changed from one “beep” to four “beep” sounds.

12.3. Remote Control

- Remote Control Reset

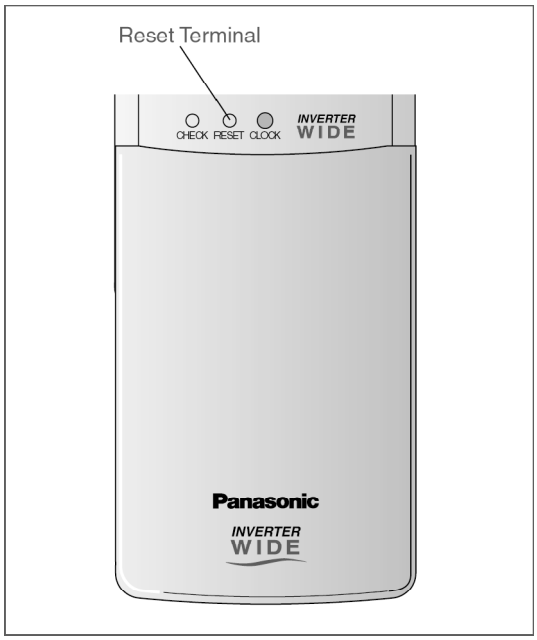
When the batteries are inserted for the first time, or the batteries are replaced, all the indications will blink and the remote control might not work.

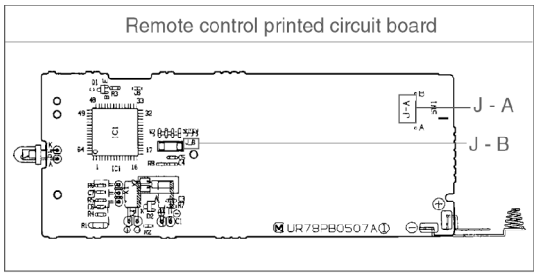
If this happen, remove the cover of the remote control and push the reset point once to clear the memory data.

- Changing the wireless remote control transmission code

When there are more than one indoor units installed in the same

room, it is possible to set different remote control receiving signal by modifying the jumpers inside Remote Control.





	Remote control printed circuit board		Note
	J - A	J - B	
0	SHORT	OPEN	At product delivery
1	OPEN	OPEN	
2	SHORT	SHORT	
3	OPEN	SHORT	

12.4. Indoor Electronic Controllers Removal Procedures

1. The Electronic Controller, a Signal Receiver and an Indicator (Fig. 3) can be seen by the below steps:

- Open the Intake Grille and remove the screw at the front of the Front Grille. (Fig. 1).
- Remove the 3 caps and 3 screws at the bottom of the Front Grille. (Fig. 1)

- Remove the Front Grille by releasing the 3 hooks at the top of the Front Grille. (Fig. 1)
- Unhook the tabs at the Control Board to remove the Control Board Cover. (Fig. 2)

2. To remove the Main Electronic Controller:

- Release the 2 Particular Piece. (Fig. 3)
- Release the CN-REC/DISP connectors. (Fig. 4)
- Release the CN-TH connector. (Fig. 4)
- Release the CN-MAIN connector. (Fig. 4)
- Release the CN-STM1 connector. (Fig. 4)
- Release the CN-STM2 connector. (Fig. 4)
- Release the hooks that hold the Electronic Controller. (Fig. 3)

3. To remove the Power Electronic Controller:

- Release the CN-001 connector. (Fig. 4)
- Release the CN-002 connector. (Fig. 4)

Fig. 1

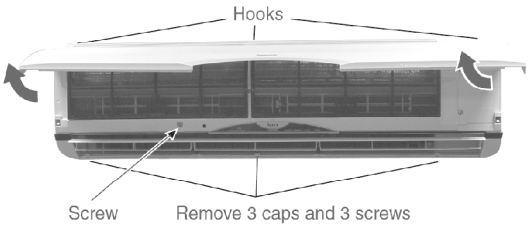


Fig. 2

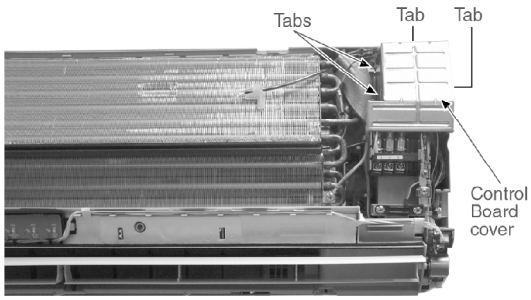


Fig. 3

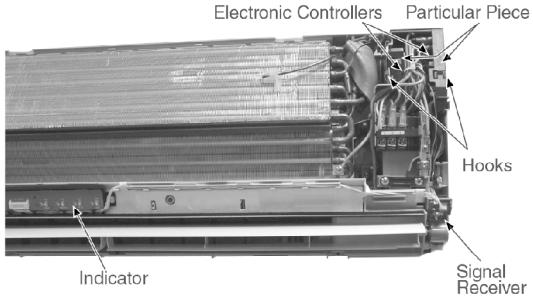
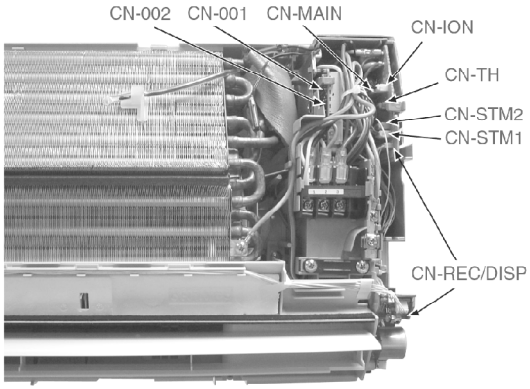


Fig. 4



12.5. Cross Flow Fan and Indoor Fan Motor Removal Procedures

1. In order to remove the Cross Flow Fan and Indoor Fan Motor, Control Board need to be taken out by releasing all the connectors as indicated below.
   A. Release the Earth Wire screw. (Fig. 5)
   B. Release the Intake Air Sensor. (Fig. 5)
   C. Release the Piping Sensor. (Fig. 5)
   D. Release the CN-REC connectors. (Fig. 5)
   E. Release the CN-STM1. (Fig. 5)
   F. Release the CN-STM2. (Fig. 5)
   G. Release connectors generator Ionizer. (Fig. 5)
2. Pull out the Drain Hose from outlet to remove the Discharge Grille. (Fig. 6)
3. Removing the right and left screws. (Fig. 7)
4. By pressing down the hook at the left and pushing up the hook at the right, you will be able to remove the Control Board. (Fig. 7)
5. Remove the screw at the Cross Flow Fan. (Fig. 8)

Fig. 5

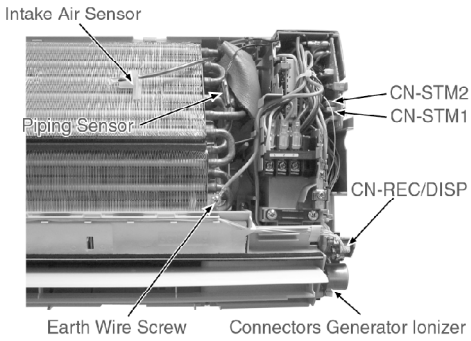


Fig. 6

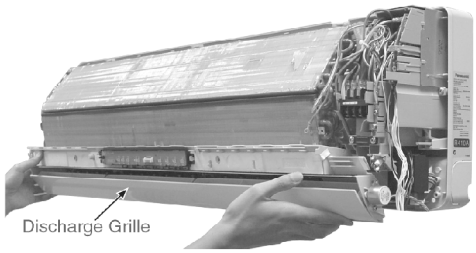


Fig. 7

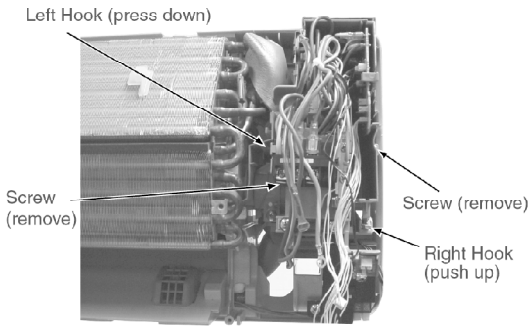
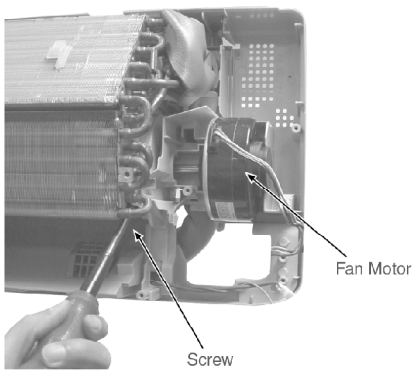


Fig. 8



6. **Remove the Bearing. (Fig. 9)**
7. **Remove the screws at the left of the Evaporator. (Fig. 9)**
8. **Push up the Evaporator and pull out the Cross Flow Fan from shaft. By then, Fan Motor can be taken out. (Fig. 10).**

REMINDER - To reinstall the Fan Motor, put it back in place, adjust the position of the Fan Motor's leadwire appropriately as shown in the Fig. 8 before installing the Cross Flow Fan.

Fig. 9

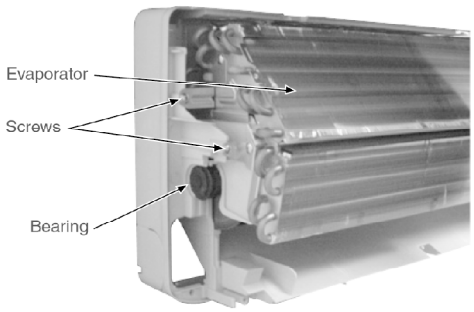
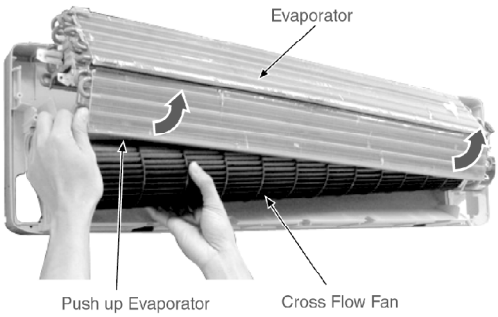


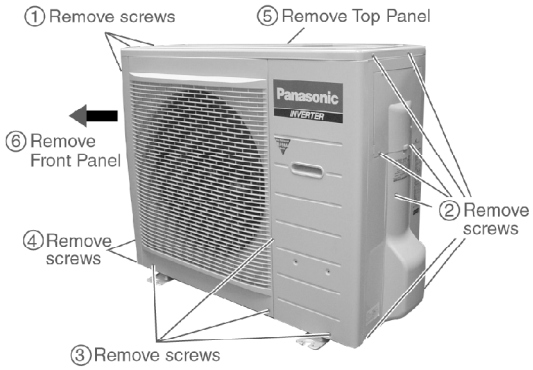
Fig. 10



12.6. Outdoor Electronic Controller Removal Procedure

1. Remove the top panel and front panel

Fig. 16



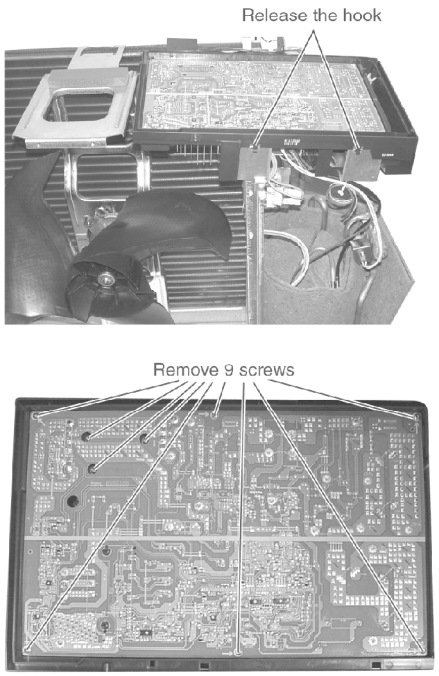
WARNING

-Be save to return the wiring to its original position

-There are many high voltage components within the heat sink cover so never touch the interior during operation. Wait at least two minutes after power has been turned off.

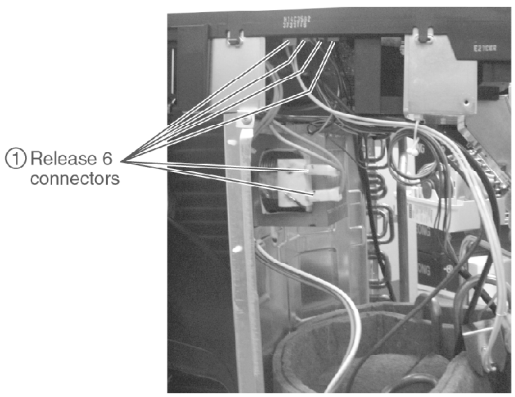
2. Remove the Outdoor Electronic Controller

Fig. 18



⚠ **Caution! When handling electronic controller, be careful of electrostatic discharge.**

Fig. 19

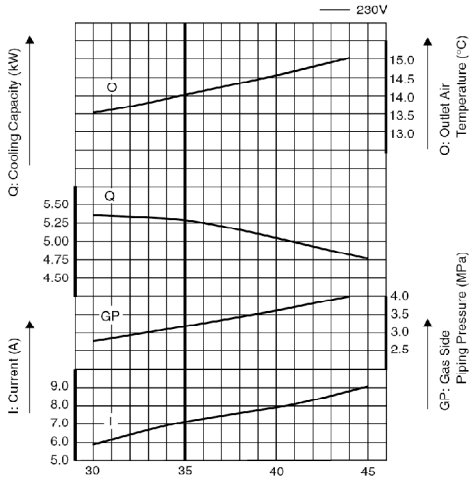


13. Technical Data

■ Operation characteristics

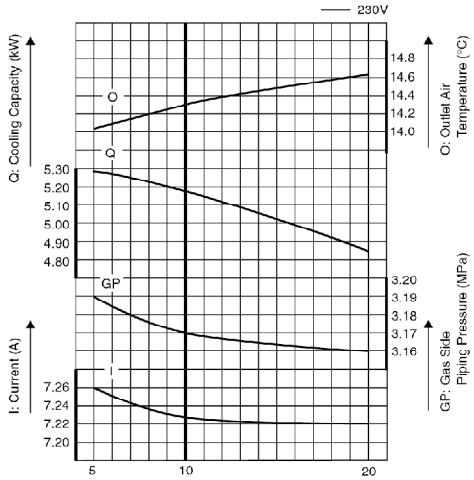
CS-E18CKE / CU-E18CKE

- **Cooling Characteristic**



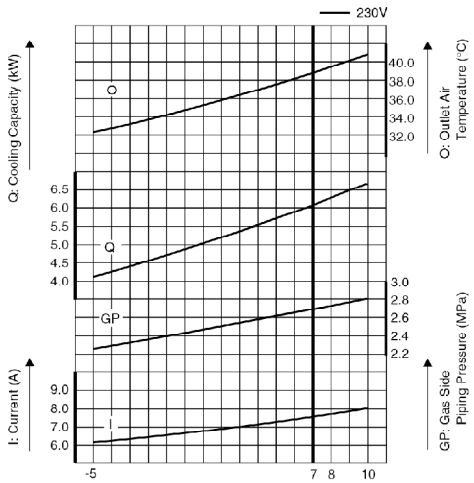
[Condition] Room temperature: 27/19°C
Cooling Operation: at High Fan
Piping length: 5m
Rated Frequency Operation

- **Piping Length Characteristic (Cooling)**



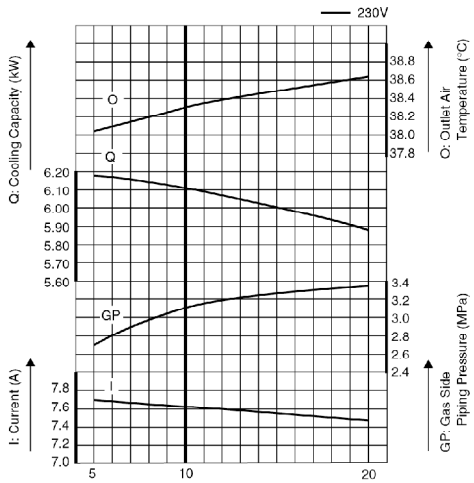
[Condition] Room temperature: 27/19°C
Cooling Operation: at High Fan
Piping length: 5m
Rated Frequency Operation

- **Heating Characteristic**



[Condition] Room temperature: 20°C
Heating Operation: at High Fan
Piping length: 5m
Rated Frequency Operation

- **Piping Length Characteristic (Heating)**

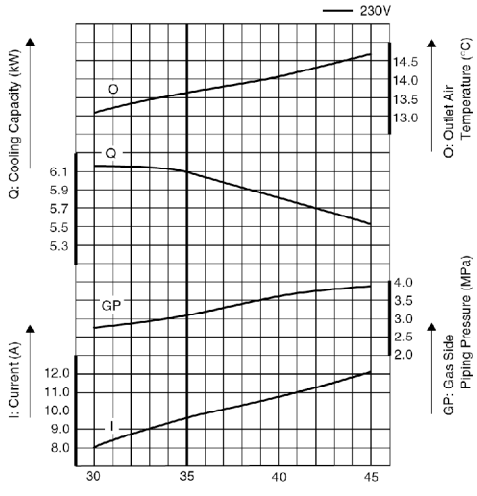


[Condition] Room temperature: 20°C
Heating Operation: 7/6°C
Piping length: at High Fan
Rated Frequency Operation

■ Operation characteristics

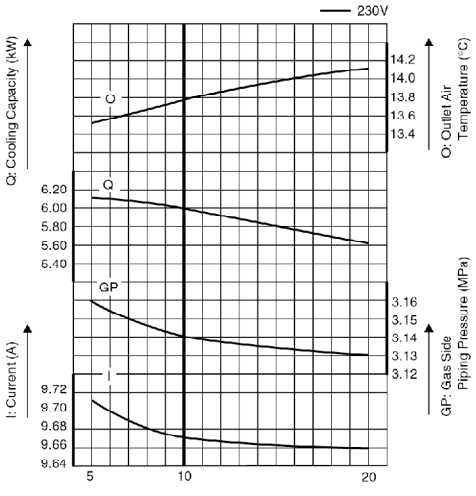
CS-E21CKE / CU-E21CKE

- **Cooling Characteristic**



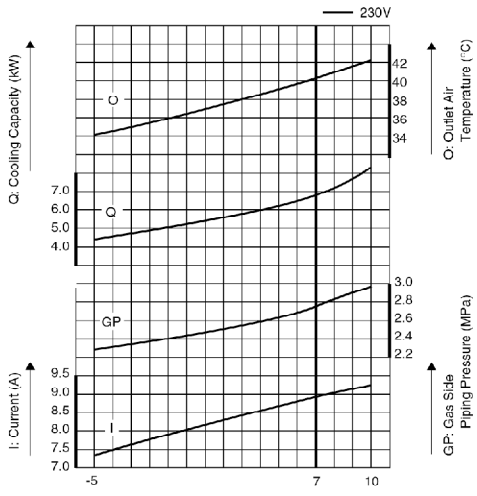
[Condition] Room temperature: 27/19°C
Cooling Operation: at High Fan
Piping length: 5m
Rated Frequency Operation

- **Piping Length Characteristic (Cooling)**



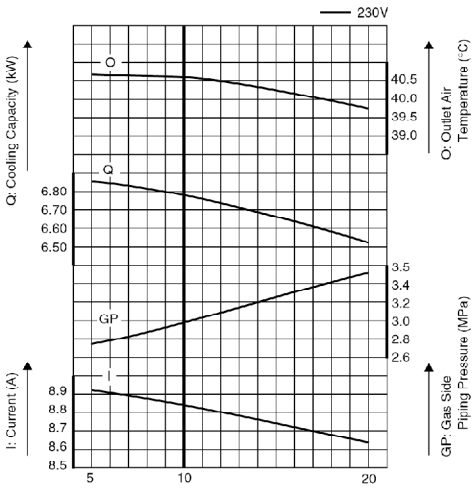
[Condition] Room temperature: 27/19°C
Cooling Operation: at High Fan
Piping length: 5m
Rated Frequency Operation

- **Heating Characteristic**



[Condition] Room temperature: 20°C
Heating Operation: at High Fan
Piping length: 5m
Rated Frequency Operation

- **Piping Length Characteristic (Heating)**



[Condition] Room temperature: 20°C
Heating Operation: 7/6°C
Piping length: at High Fan
Rated Frequency Operation

■ Sensible Capacity Chart

- **CS-E18CKE CU-E18CKE**

Indoor wet bulb temp.	Outdoor Temp. (°C)											
	30			35			40			46		
	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
17.0°C	5.26	3.99	1.51	4.91	3.82	1.63	4.57	3.67	1.74	4.16	3.49	1.88
19.0°C				5.30		1.65						
19.5°C	5.77	4.17	1.54	5.40	4.01	1.66	5.02	3.86	1.77	4.56	3.67	1.91
22.0°C	6.29	4.33	1.57	5.88	4.16	1.69	5.47	4.01	1.80	4.97	3.83	1.95

- **CS-E21CKE CU-E21CKE**

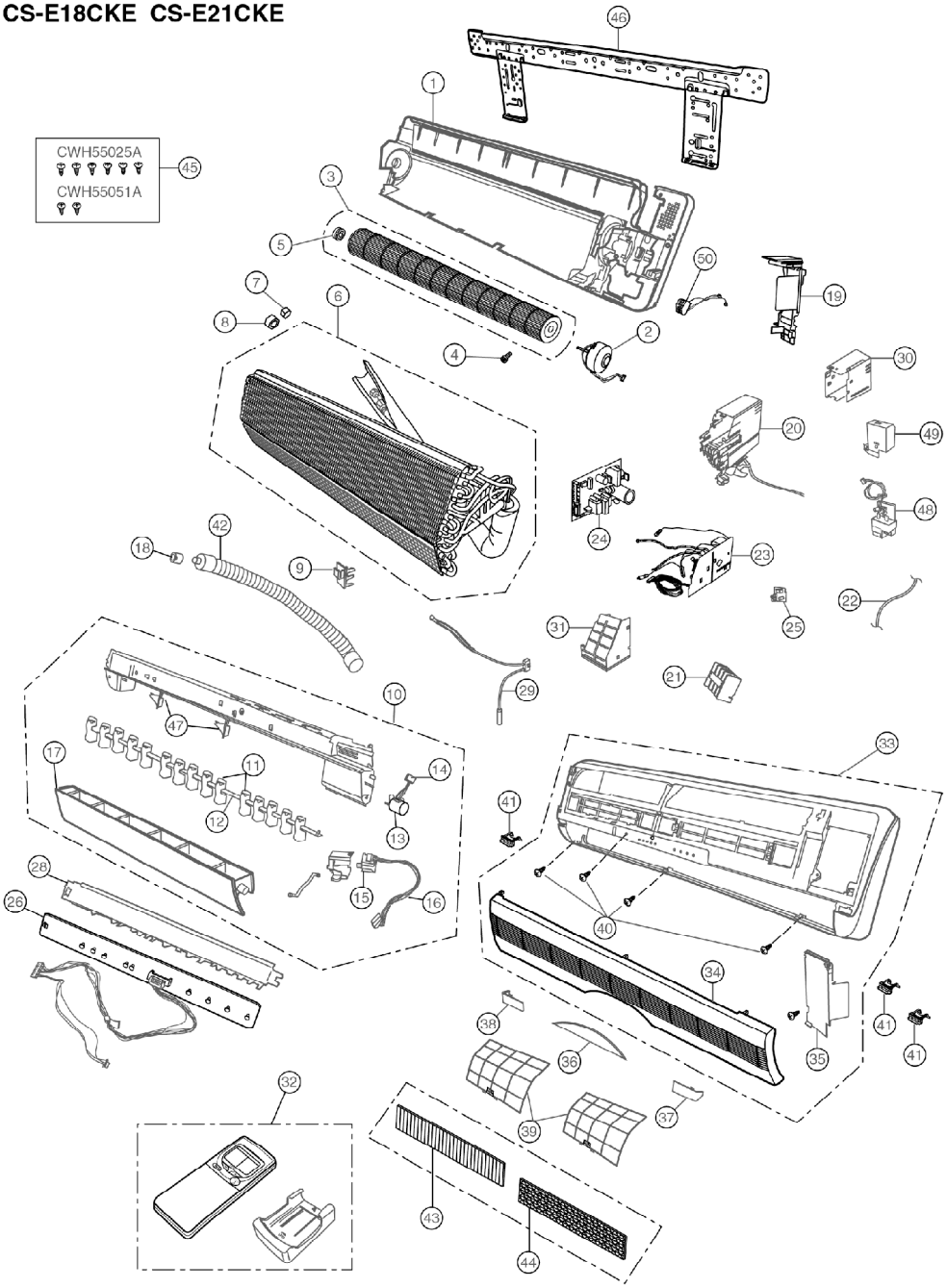
Indoor wet bulb temp.	Outdoor Temp. (°C)											
	30			35			40			46		
	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP	TC	SHC	IP
17.0°C	6.25	4.74	2.02	5.84	4.54	2.18	5.43	4.37	2.33	4.94	4.15	2.51
19.0°C				6.30		2.21						
19.5°C	6.86	4.96	2.06	6.41	4.77	2.22	5.97	4.59	2.37	5.42	4.37	2.56
22.0°C	7.48	5.14	2.10	6.99	4.95	2.26	6.50	4.77	2.42	5.91	4.55	2.61

TC - Total Cooling Capacity (kW)
SHC - Sensible Heat Capacity (kW)
IP - Input Power (kW)

Indoor 27°C/19°C
Outdoor 35°C/24°C

14. Exploded View

CS-E18CKE CS-E21CKE



Note:
The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement.
The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

15. Replacement Parts List

<Model: CS-E18CKE & CS-E21CKE>

REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-E18CKE	CS-E21CKE
1	CHASSY COMPLETE	1	CWD50C1293	←
2	FAN MOTOR	1	CWA981056	←
3	CROSS FLOW FAN COMPLETE	1	CWH02C1010	←
4	SCREW - CROSS FLOW FAN	1	CWH4580304	←
5	BEARING ASS'Y	1	CWH64K007	←
6	EVAPORATOR	1	CWB30C1387	CWB30C1336
7	FLARE NUT	1	CWT25086 (7/16")	←
8	FLARE NUT	1	CWT25096 (3/4")	←
9	INTAKE AIR SENSOR HOLDER	1	CWH32142	←
10	DISCHARGE GRILLE COMPLETE	1	CWE20C2240	←
11	VERTICAL VANE	15	CWE241088	←
12	CONNECTING BAR	2	CWE261025	←
13	AIR SWING MOTOR	1	CWA98260	←
14	LEAD WIRE - AIR SWING MOTOR	1	CWA67C3849	←
15	AIR SWING MOTOR	1	CWA981041	←
16	LEAD WIRE - AIR SWING MOTOR	1	CWA67C3731	←
17	HORIZONTAL VANE	1	CWE241136	←
18	CAP - DRAIN TRAY	1	CWH52C1001	←
19	PARTICULAR PIECE	1	CWD932162	←
20	CONTROL BOARD	1	CWH102103	←
21	TERMINAL BOARD COMPLETE	1	CWA28C2128	←
22	POWER SUPPLY CORD	1	CWA20C2328	←
23	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	CWA73C1456	CWA73C1457
24	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - POWER	1	CWA743304	←
25	P.C.B. RECEIVER	1	CWA742724	←
26	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - INDICATOR	1	CWE39C1102	←
28	INDICATOR HOLDER	1	CWD932163	←
29	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	CWA50C2122	←
30	CONTROL BOARD TOP COVER	1	CWH131091	←
31	CONTROL BOARD FRONT COVER	1	CWH131090	←
32	REMOTE CONTROL COMPLETE	1	CWA75C2401	←
33	FRONT GRILLE COMPLETE	1	CWE11C2843	←
34	INTAKE GRILLE	1	CWE22C1105	←
35	GRILLE DOOR	1	CWE141033	←
36	CONTROL PANEL	1	CWE312291	←
37	DECORATION BASE (R)	1	CWE351067	←
38	DECORATION BASE (L)	1	CWE351068	←
39	AIR FILTER	2	CWD001049	←
40	SCREW - FRONT GRILLE	4	XTT4+16C	←

REF. NO.	PART NAME & DESCRIPTION	QTY.	CS-E18CKE	CS-E21CKE
41	CAP - FRONT GRILLE	3	CWH521062	←
42	DRAIN HOSE	1	CWH85285	←
43	AIR PURIFYING FILTER	1	CWMD00C0001	←
44	TRIPLE DEODORIZING FILTER	1	CWMD00C0004	←
45	BAG COMPLETE - INSTALLATION SCREW	1	CWH82C067	←
46	INSTALLATION PLATE	1	CWH36K1007	←
47	FULCRUM	2	CWH621013	←
48	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - IONIZER	1	CWA743099	←
49	CASING - IONIZER	1	CWD932228	←
50	ION - GENERATOR	1	CWH94C0001	←

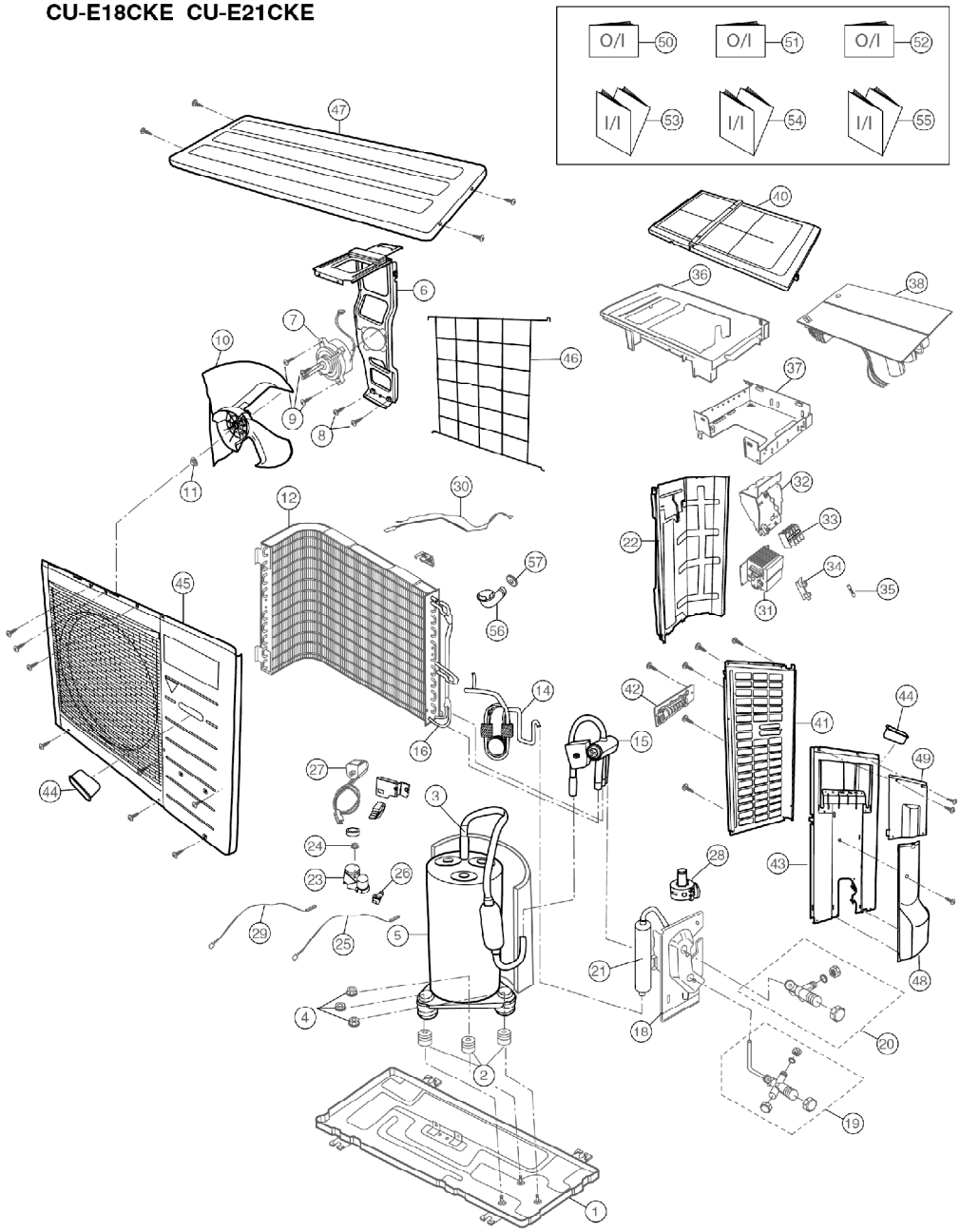
(Note)

- All parts are supplied from MAICO, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 061).

- “O” marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.

16. Exploded View

CU-E18CKE CU-E21CKE



Note:
The above exploded view is for the purpose of parts disassembly and replacement.
The non-numbered parts are not kept as standard service parts.

17. Replacement Parts List

<Model: CU-E18CKR & CU-E21CKR>

REF NO.	DESCRIPTION & NAME	QTY.	CU-E18CKR	CU-E21CKR	REMARKS
1	CHASSY ASSY	1	CWD50K2085	←	
2	ANTI-VIBRATION BUSHING	3	CWH50077	←	
3	COMPRESSOR	1	5CS130XAC03	←	O
4	NUT-COMPRESSOR MOUNT	3	CWH56000	←	
5	SOUND PROOF MATERIAL	1	CWG302111	←	
6	FAN MOTOR BRACKET	1	CWD541054	←	
7	FAN MOTOR	1	CWA981110	←	O
8	SCREW - FAN MOTOR BRACKET	2	CWH551060	←	
9	SCREW - FAN MOTOR MOUNT	3	CWH551109	←	
10	PROPELLER FAN ASSY	1	CWH03K1016	←	
11	NUT - PROPELLER FAN	1	CWH56053	←	
12	CONDENSER	1	CWB32C1317R	CWB32C1324R	
14	TUBE ASS'Y COMPLETE (VALVE/RECEIVER)	1	CWT01C2900	CWT01C2901	O
15	4 WAYS VALVE	1	CWB001027	←	
16	STRAINER	1	CWB11094	←	
18	HOLDER - COUPLING	1	CWH351035	←	
19	3 WAYS VALVE (GAS)	1	CWB011170	←	O
20	2 WAYS VALVE (LIQUID)	1	CWB021135	←	O
21	DRYER	1	CWB101015	←	O
22	SOUND PROOF BOARD	1	CWH151050	←	
23	TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH171001	←	
24	NUT-TERMINAL COVER	1	CWH7080300	←	
25	SENSOR COMPLETE (COMP. TOP)	1	CWA50C2168	←	
26	HOLDER SENSOR	3	CWH321010	←	
27	V-COIL COMPLETE (4-WAYS VALVE)	1	CWA43C2098	←	
28	V-COIL COMPLETE (EXPAND VALVE)	1	CWA43C2058	←	
29	SENSOR COMPLETE (COMP. DISC.)	1	CWA50C2169	←	
30	SENSOR COMPLETE	1	CWA50C2120	←	
31	REACTOR	1	CWA421069	←	
32	CONTROL BOARD (SIDE)	1	CWH102122	←	
33	TERMINAL BOARD ASSY	1	CWA28K1036	←	
34	FUSE HOLDERS	1	-	-	
35	FUSE	1	-	-	
36	CONTROL BOARD (TOP)	1	CWH102204	←	
37	CONTROL BOARD (BOTTOM)	1	CWH102205	←	
38	ELECTRONIC CONTROLLER - MAIN	1	CWA73C1464	CWA73C1465	
40	CONTROL BOARD COVER (TOP)	1	CWH131167	←	
41	CABINET SIDE PLATE (LEFT)	1	CWE041082A	←	
42	HANDLE	1	CWE161010	←	
43	CABINET SIDE PLATE (RIGHT)	1	CWE041083A	←	

REF NO.	DESCRIPTION & NAME	QTY.	CU-E18CKR	CU-E21CKR	REMARKS
44	HANDLE	1	-	-	
45	CABINET FRONT PLATE CO.	1	CWE06K1043	←	
46	WIRE NET	1	CWD041041A	←	
47	CABINET TOP PLATE	1	CWE031031A	←	
48	CONTROL BOARD COVER (BOTTOM)	1	CWH131168	←	
49	CONTROL BOARD COVER (TOP)	1	CWH131169A	←	
50	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	CWF563989	←	
51	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	CWF563990	←	
52	OPERATING INSTRUCTION	1	CWF563991	←	
53	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	CWF612433	←	
54	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	CWF612434	←	
55	INSTALLATION INSTRUCTION	1	CWF612435	←	
56	DRAIN HOSE	1	CWH5850080	←	
57	PACKING	1	CWB81012	←	

(Note)

- All parts are supplied from MAICO, Malaysia (Vendor Code: 061).

- “O” marked parts are recommended to be kept in stock.

18. Electronic Circuit Diagram

CS-E18CKE
CS-E21CKE

Fig. 1

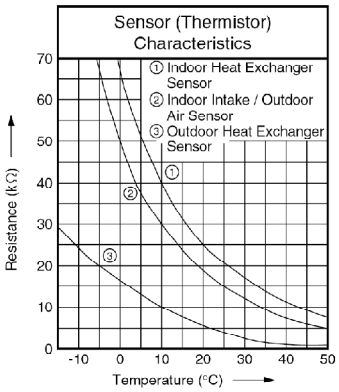
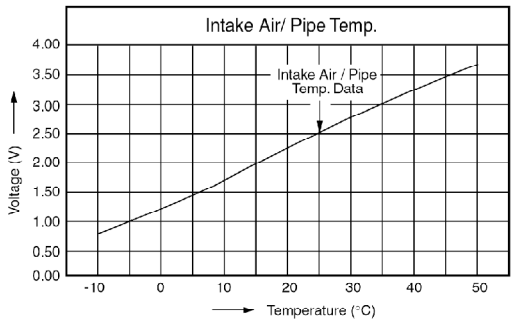

Sensor (Thermistor) Characteristics
① Indoor Heat Exchanger Sensor
② Indoor Intake / Outdoor Air Sensor
③ Outdoor Heat Exchanger Sensor
Resistance (kΩ)
Temperature (°C)

Fig. 2



CU-E18CKE
CU-E21CKE

Fig. 3

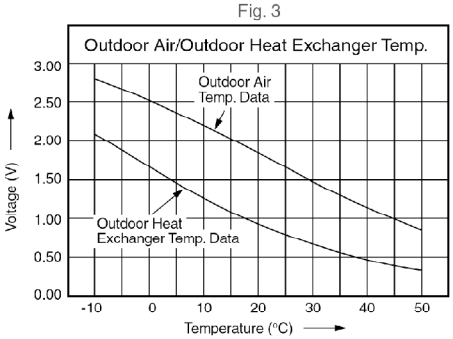


Fig. 4

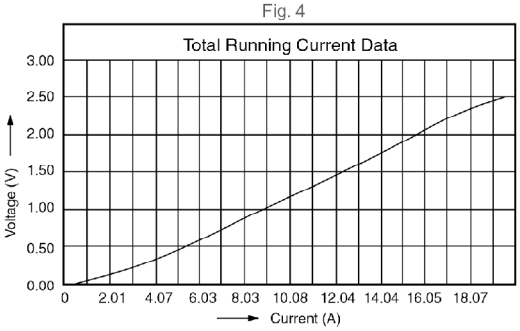


Fig. 5

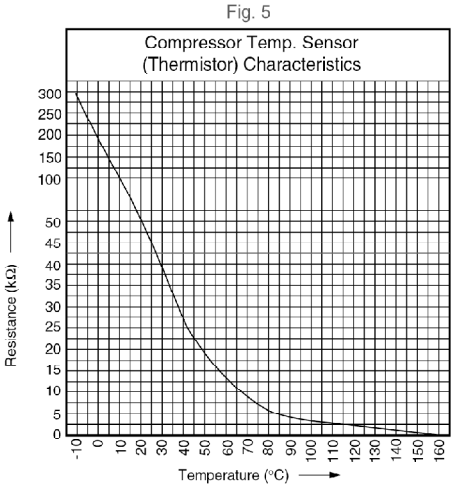
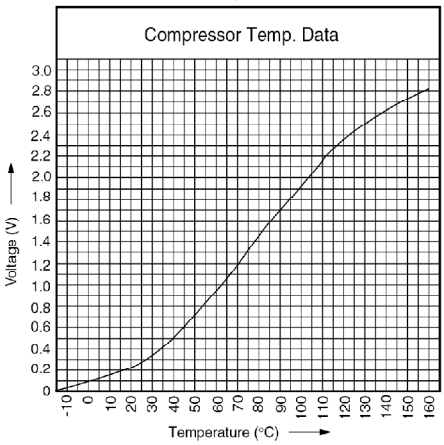


Fig. 6



How to use electronic circuit diagram

Before using the circuit diagram, read the following carefully.

* Voltage measurement
  Voltage has been measured with a digital tester when the indoor fan is set at high fan speed under the following conditions without setting the timer.
  Use them for servicing.
  Voltage indication is in Red at all operations.

* Indications for resistance
  a. K....kΩ M....MΩ
  W...watt Not indicated....1/4W
  b. Type
  Not indicated.....carbon resister
  Tolerance±5%
  .....metal oxide resister
  Tolerance±1%

* Indications for capacitor
  a. Unit μ....μF P....pF
  b. Type Not indicated....ceramic capacitor
  (S).....S series aluminium electrolytic capacitor
  (Z).....Z series aluminium electrolytic capacitor
  (SU).....SU series aluminium electrolytic capacitor
  (P).....P series polyester system
  (SXE).....SXE series aluminium electrolytic capacitor
  (SRA).....SRA series aluminium electrolytic capacitor
  (KME).....KME series aluminium electrolytic capacitor

* Diode without indication.....MA165
※ Circuit Diagram is subject to change without notice for further development.

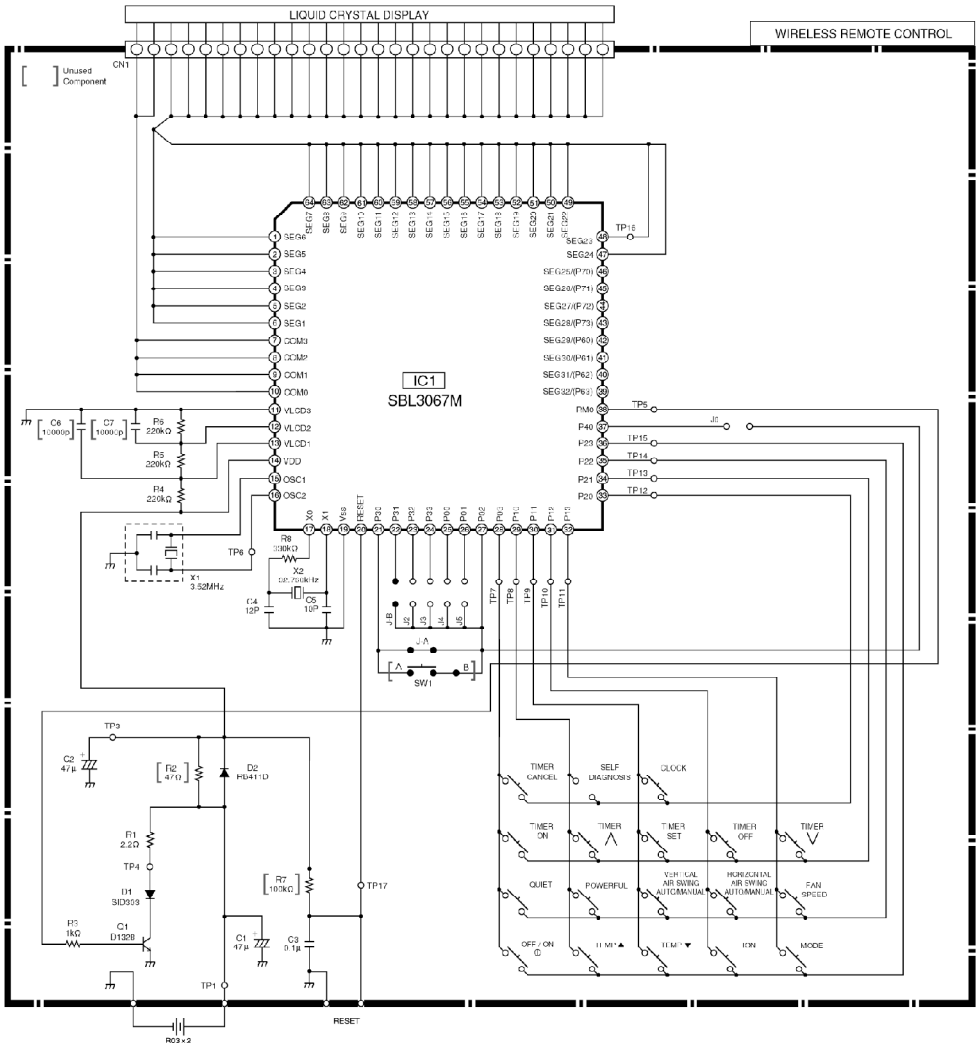
TIMER TABLE <INDOOR>

Name	Time	Test mode (When test point Short-circuited)
4 way valve abnormality	4 min.	24 sec.
Outdoor air temp. for Hz No. decision	30 min.	0 sec.
Anti-dew formation control	20 min.	0 sec.
Anti-freezing control	6 min.	0 sec.
Thermo OFF delay	3 min.	0 sec.
Low pressure control (gas leakage) compressor OFF time	3 min.	0 sec.
Time delay safety control	2 min. 58 sec.	0 sec.
Odour timer status shift time	20 sec.	0 sec.
	90 sec.	
	20 sec.	
	120 sec.	
Intake air temp. sampling time	2 min.	0 sec.
Self diagnosis display time	10 sec.	0 sec.
Auto mode judgement sampling time	20 sec.	0 sec.
24 hours Real Timer	1 hour	1 min.
Heating SSHi fan speed shift	120 min.	12 sec.
Cooling SHi fan speed shift	30 min.	3 sec.
Hot start forced completion	4 min.	0.4 sec.
Auto mode judgement interval	30 min.	3 sec.
After Hot start / Deice	2 min.	12 sec.

TIMER TABLE <OUTDOOR>

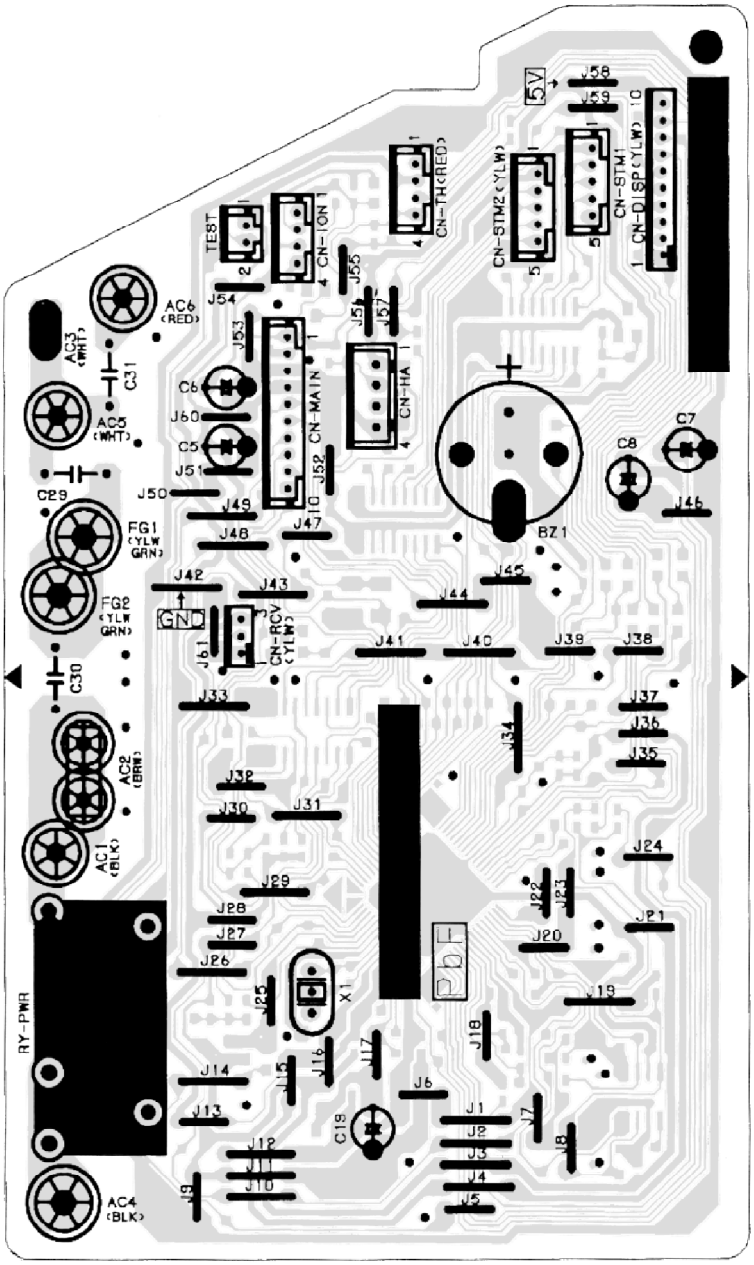
Name	Time	Test mode (When test point Short-circuited)
DC PEAK	30 sec.	3 sec.
Deice detection	120 min.	24 sec.
	80 min.	16 sec.
	40 min.	8 sec.
	40 min.	8 sec.
Hz lock time	30 sec.	0 sec.
Outdoor fan delay operation control	30 sec.	3 sec.
4 way valve delay operation control	3 min.	18 sec.

18.1. REMOTE CONTROL



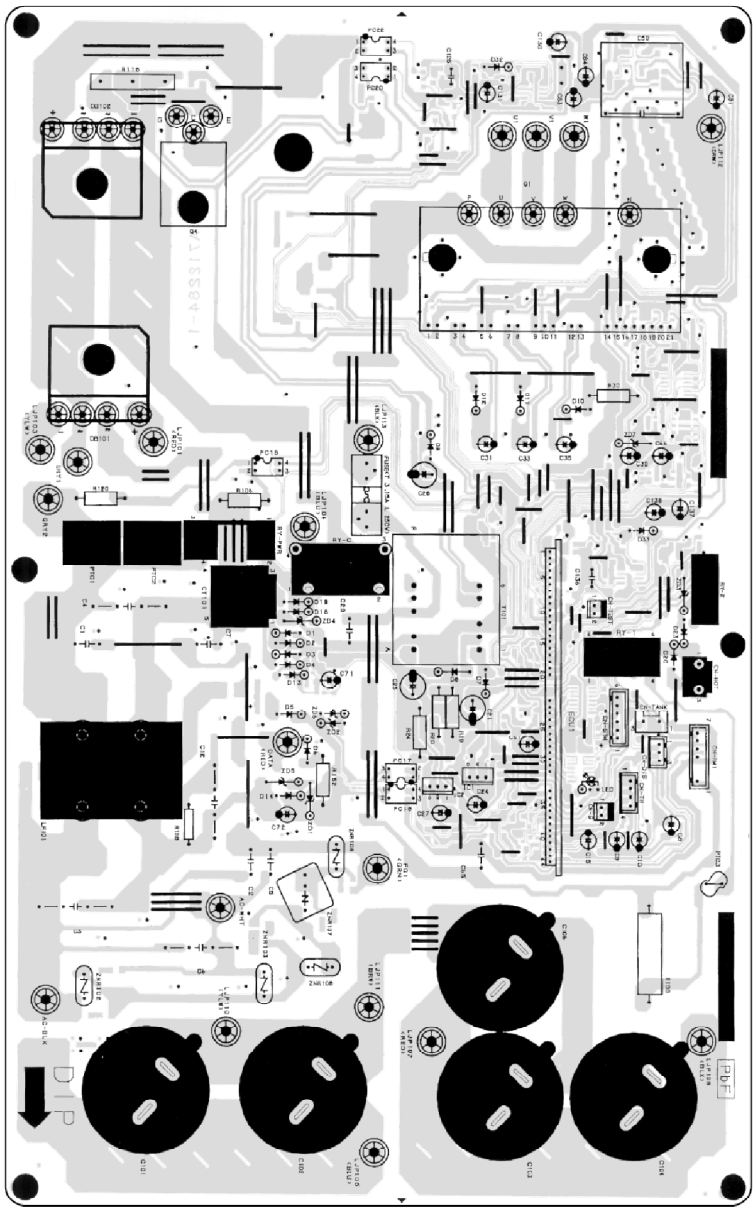
18.2. PRINT PATTERN / INDOOR UNIT PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD

● MAIN



18.3. PRINT PATTERN / OUTDOOR UNIT PRINTED CIRCUIT BOARD VIEW

● **MAIN**



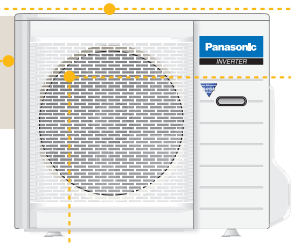
[MAICO] Printed in Malaysia /

1 PRODUCT OVERVIEW

Your device can ...

COOL *Cooling* | HEAT *Heating* | DRY *Dehumidifying* | FAN *Air circulation*

1.1 Outdoor Unit



Air intake

Air outlet

Piping, connecting cable

Filters under front panel, see page 47

1.2 Indoor Unit

Direction louver

Ionizer

DO NOT TOUCH

Fluorescent lights may interfere with signal transmission

0 - 10 m

Indicator & Auto operation button

Compressor *on* / *off*

«ion» | «POWER ON» | «POWERFUL» | «QUIET» | «TIMER»

Under front panel

1.3 Remote Control

Open | Memory reset!

If Remote Control malfunctions/ is misplaced...

1 Open front panel

2 Press to START >>

i AUTO-Mode only

3 Press again to STOP >>

see page

45 Set TEMPERATURE

46 Activate «ion»

45 Select MODE — AUTO•HEAT COOL•DRY•FAN

46 Activate «QUIET»

46 TIMER functions

49 Check Malfunction code

see page

Switch OFF/ON of the device

46 Very fast cooling/heating

46 Select Fan speed

46 Select air flow direction

48 Set CLOCK

Find on page

48 PREPARATIONS

49 TROUBLE-SHOOTING

50 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

47 HELPFUL INFORMATION

OPERATION

Press button

START

Switch on — OFF/ON

AUTO

Automatic

Select... MODE

min. 16 °C
max. 30 °C

Based on the outdoor, indoor and setting temperature, the system automatically chooses COOL / DRY / HEAT

HEAT

Heating

Select... MODE

min. 16 °C
max. 30 °C

Choose the right temperature to be comfortably warm!

Recommended: ~20...24 °C

COOL

Cooling

Select... MODE

min. 16 °C
max. 30 °C

Choose the right temperature to be comfortably cool!

Recommended: ~26...28 °C

DRY

Dehumidifying

Select... MODE

min. 16 °C
max. 30 °C

Very gentle cooling and dehumidifying operation.

Recommended: Room temperature -(1~2)°C

FAN

Air circulation

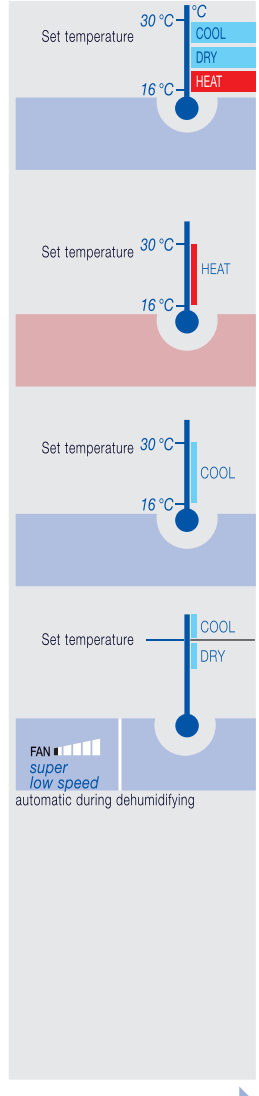
Select... MODE

Fan operation, to circulate air in the room

STOP

Switch off — OFF/ON

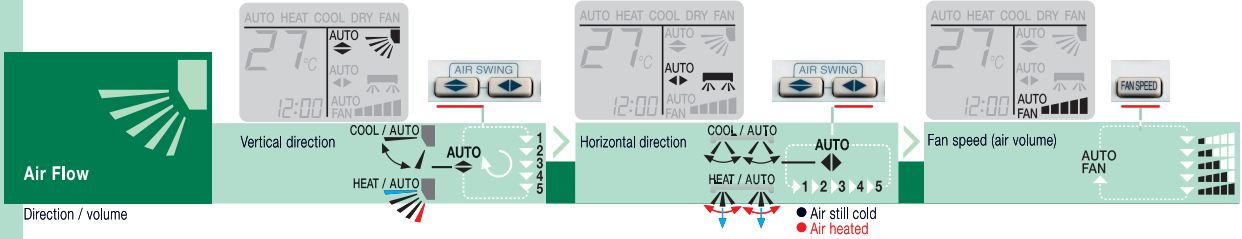
Automatic Internal Function



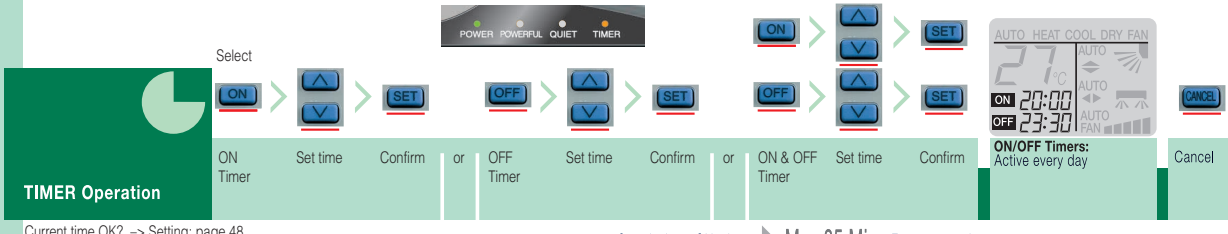
automatic during dehumidifying

Additional comfort

Press button

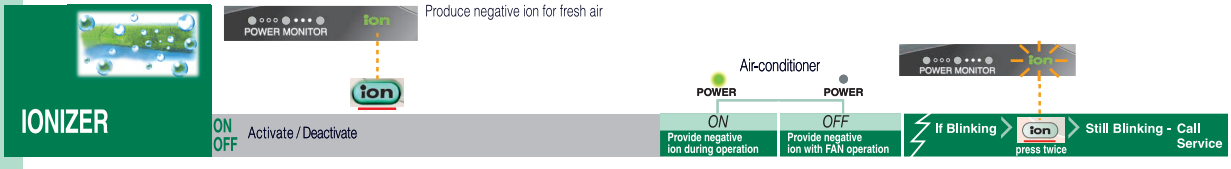


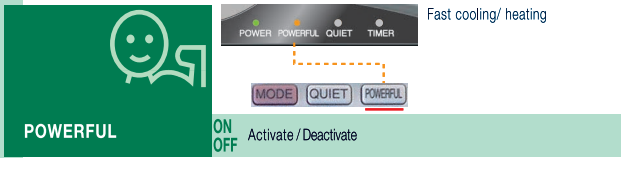
Select automatic/manual



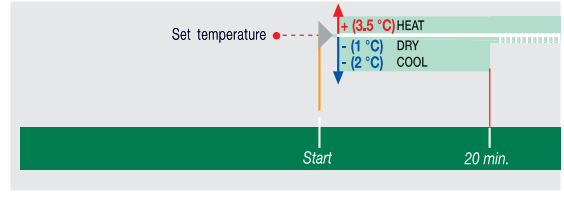
Current time OK? –> Setting: page 48

Start before «ON» time ▶ Max 35 Min For your comfort





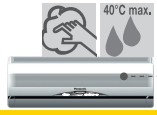
Automatic Internal Function



CARE & CLEANING

Soaps | Neutral household detergents (≈pH7) | Benzine / Thinner | Scouring powder

Indoor unit



Wipe gently

Filters

*

**

Filter cleaning see below

Front Panel

Wash gently... + dry

Remove → Reinstall

Ionizer

every 6 months

Open manually | **Clean with cotton bud**

Purifying filters

*

**

Vacuum refresh

Part No.

CZ-SF70P

CZ-SFD72P

REPLACE every 3 years

Expose to direct sunlight

6 *hrs*

Damaged –> replace!

every 6 months

Remove → Reinstall

Air filters

Vacuum | Wash (40°C max.) | Dry | Damaged –> replace!

every 2 weeks

Remove → Part No. **CWD 001049** → Reinstall

* Catechin

** Triple Deodorizing Filter

DIRTY FILTERS cause: unpurified air, low cooling/ heating capacity, more unpleasant smells, higher energy consumption!

HELPFUL INFORMATION

Automatic Operation

AUTO

If remote control malfunctions/ is misplaced see page 44

Save cost

≃ -10%

TEMP COOL + (1°C) HEAT - (2°C)

* Close

* Vacuum

* Better performance

QUIET

Use... QUIET! TIMER!

see page 48

Thunder/Lightning

Built-in surge protection, BUT UNPLUG in case of very strong lightning!

Power Failure

When power resume...

3-4 Min. Random restart automaticlally

MODE Restored

TIMER Deleted –>set again!

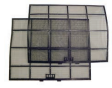
PREPARATIONS

Press button

Plug/breaker

Installation: see enclosed installation instruction!

Indoor unit

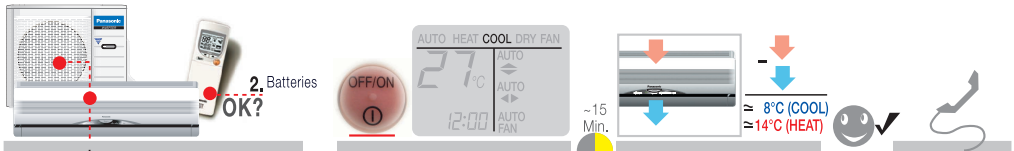

refer page 47

OPEN front Panel | Remove AIR filters | Place PURIFIYING filters | Place AIR filters | CLOSE front Panel | Plug in

Insert batteries Set clock

Same type! | Rechargeable | Open/remove | Insert batteries/close | Press | Set time | Set current time immediately | Confirm

Pre-season inspection



check | 1. Fans obstructed? | START cooling or heating | Check performance | Call Service

For extended non-operation

START | dry internal parts | OFF | Unplug | Remove batteries

Recommended Inspections

After several seasons and due to operational conditions, performance may be reduced by dust or there may be unpleasant smells.

Consult an authorized distributor for inspection!

TROUBLESHOOTING

OK?

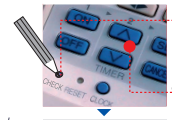
No problem

1. It sounds like water flowing... → Caused by refrigerant flow inside ✓
2. Mist seems to emerge from the indoor unit → Condensation effect due to cooling ✓
3. Outdoor unit emits water/steam → Condensed moisture due to defrosting ✓
4. Delayed air discharging → At COOL, SOFT DRY (Auto Fan Speed): Prevent odours smell from blowing out ✓
   → At HEAT (POWER LED flashes): Prevent cold air from blowing out ✓
5. Function stops suddenly → At COOL, SOFT DRY (Auto Fan Speed): Function interruptions to the internal temp. measurement ✓
   → At HEAT (POWER LED flashes): Iced up outer device is defrosted (approx. 10 min.) ✓

1. Remote control/display doesn't work → Batteries empty? → Batteries correctly inserted? See page 48
2. No Operation → Circuit breaker tripped? → Power plug OK? → TIMER used correctly?
3. Noise too loud → Installation work slanted? → Front grille/panel closed properly?
4. Cooling/heating efficiency low → Temperature set correctly? → Windows/doors closed? → Filters cleaned/replaced?
   → Outdoor unit obstructed? → Intake/outlet ventilators obstructed?

In case of...

- Abnormal noise during operation
- Water/foreign particles have entered the Remote Control
- Water leak from Indoor Unit
- Switches/buttons do not operate properly
- Circuit breaker switches off frequently
- Power plug/cord become unnaturally warm
- «TIMER» flashes



1. press 5 sec.
2. search code

if 4x beep

=Code (H23/H26/H27/H28)

**Emergency operation (limited function)*

TURN OFF / UNPLUG

CALL authorized distributor

** 1. Press MODE - 2. Select COOL/ HEAT - 3. Press OFF/ON*

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

Before operating, read the safety precautions thoroughly

EMERGENCY!

SOS Immediately isolate from the mains supply (e.g. if there is a smell of burning)

Use only for...

COOL Cooling

FAN Air circulation

HEAT Heating

DRY Dehumidifying

NEVER use this unit for purposes other than those listed in these Operating Instructions. In particular, do not use it for the preservation of food.

Installation

NEVER install, remove or reinstall yourself

Engage dealer/specialist

NOT in potentially explosive atmosphere

Connect drain hose properly

Mains connection

Engage dealer/specialist for mains connection including...

Used connectors/breakers easy reachable!

NEVER shared

Connect protective earth!

Plug in properly

Australia (AS) Standard

The appliance is not intended for use by young children or infirm person without supervision. Young children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play with the appliance.

United Kingdom (GB) Standard

Replacement or installation of power plugs shall be performed by authorised/qualified personnel only. The wires in this mains lead are coloured in accordance with the following code:

Terminals	wires	colour
L	live	brown
N	neutral	blue
E	earth	green- yellow

Operation

NEVER use the plug to switch on/off

Do NOT stay long in the stream of cold air

Do NOT operate with wet hands

Ventilate the room periodically

NEVER modify/damage mains cables/connectors

Do NOT pull out the plug by the cable

Place nothing on the unit –> covered openings may cause overheating

Do NOT insert finger or other objects into the unit! —> especially dangerous for children!

Unused for a long time? –> OFF/unplug

If the supply cord is damaged or needed to be replaced, it must be replaced by the manufacturer or its service agent or a similarly qualified person in order to avoid a hazard

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS & FEATURES

refer page

Defects

Defect/suspicion of defect? –> Attend defects before use!

Do NOT repair yourself

Engage dealer/specialist

Cleaning

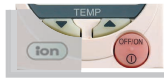
OFF and unplug (connector or breaker)

Do NOT wash!

Waste disposal

Uninstalling and disposal of the unit ONLY by dealer/specialist.

Packaging recyclable



Illuminating button:
convenient in the dark! 44

AUTO

Automatic Operation:
indoor temp. is gauged to select the optimum mode 45

Ionizer Mode:
produce negative ion for fresh air 46

Quiet Mode:
to provide quiet operation 46

Powerful Mode:
reaches the desired room temperature quickly 46

Auto Restart Control:
After power failure, restart automatically when power resume 47

Removable Front Panel:
for quick and easy cleaning, washable 47

Catechin Filter:
Trapping dust, tobacco, smoke / tiny particles, it inhibits the growth of bacteria/viruses 47 / 48

Triple Deodorizing Filter:
Absorb odours produced by wall paper, construction material and living environment 47 / 48

Environmental friendly (Refrigerant R410A model):
Zero ozone depleting and low global warming potential

Indoor Unit — Outdoor Unit

Operational Condition

[°C]	Wet Bulb min	Wet Bulb max	Temperature	Dry Bulb min	Dry Bulb max
Cooling	11	23		16	32
	11	26		16	43
Heating	-	-		16	30
	-6	18		-5	24

TSM SUCCESS MANUAL® - safe to use - easy to understand due to TSM® - Total Security Management and ergonomic communication® ***-060203 by SEV-ASE***

TSM® TOTAL SECURITY MANAGEMENT

SEV ASE

Manufactured by:

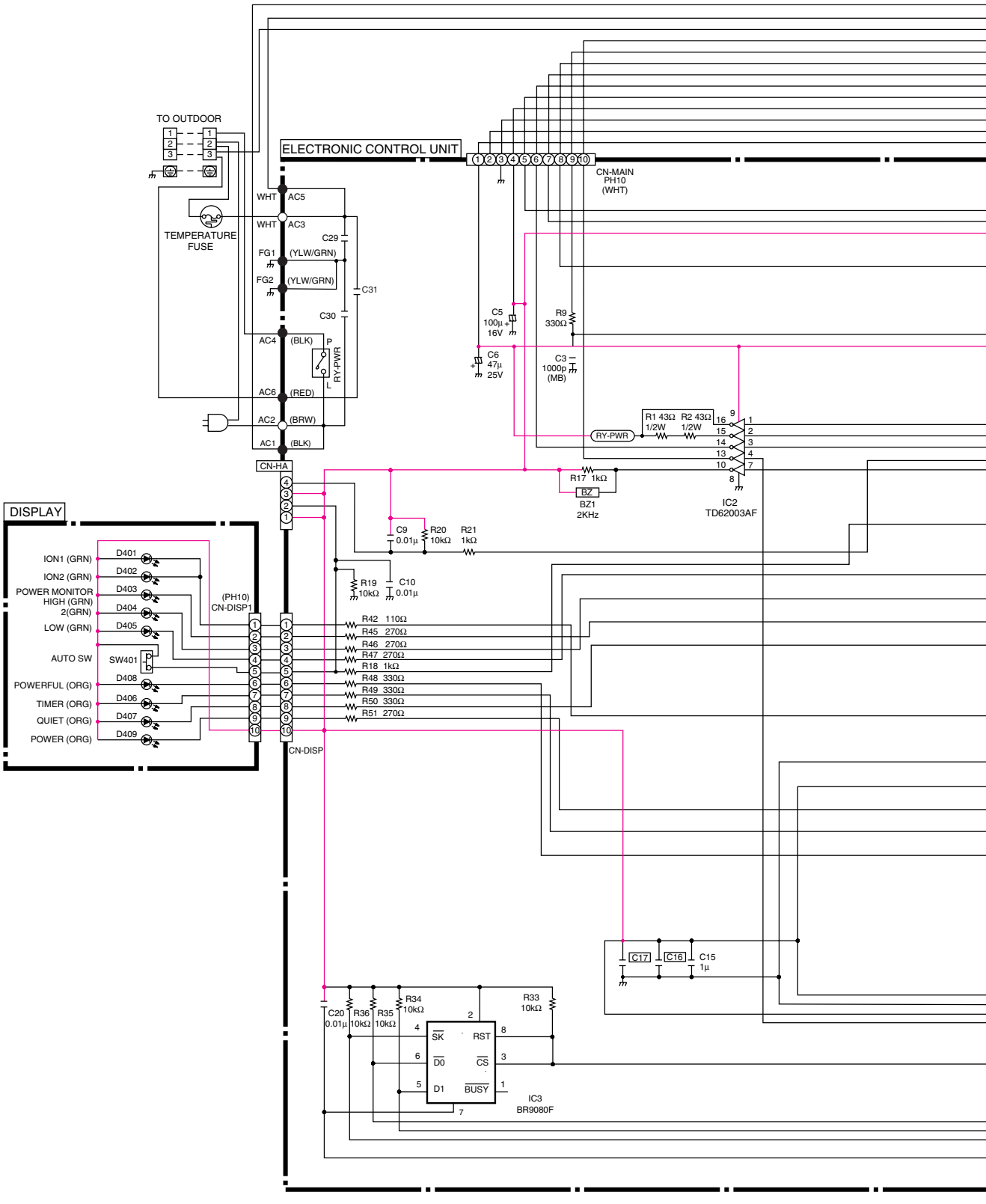
MATSUSHITA INDUSTRIAL CORP. SDN.BHD.
Lot 2, Persiaran Tengku Ampuan, Section 21, Shah Alam
Industrial Site Selangor, Malaysia

MATSUSHITA ELECTRIC INDUSTRIAL CO., LTD.
web site: http://www.panasonic.co.jp/global/

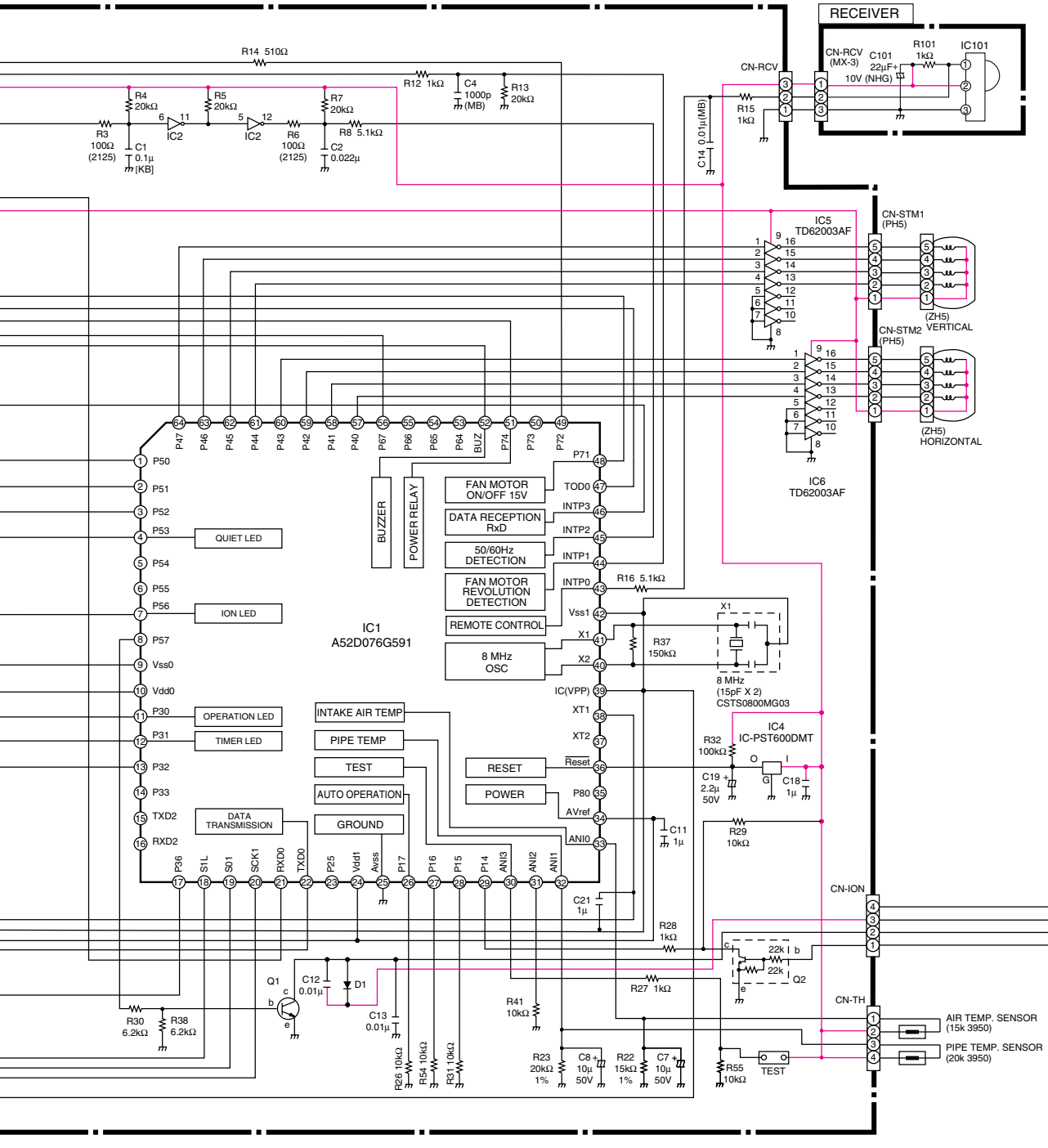
This TSM SUCCESS MANUAL® has been examined by SEV for conformity with the safety relevant standards, and has been analysed by an applicationoriented risk analysis for the completeness and correctness of the indications for a safe use of the appliance. Thereby we assume a use with which can be reckoned based on commonsense.

• CS-E18CKE CS-E21CKE

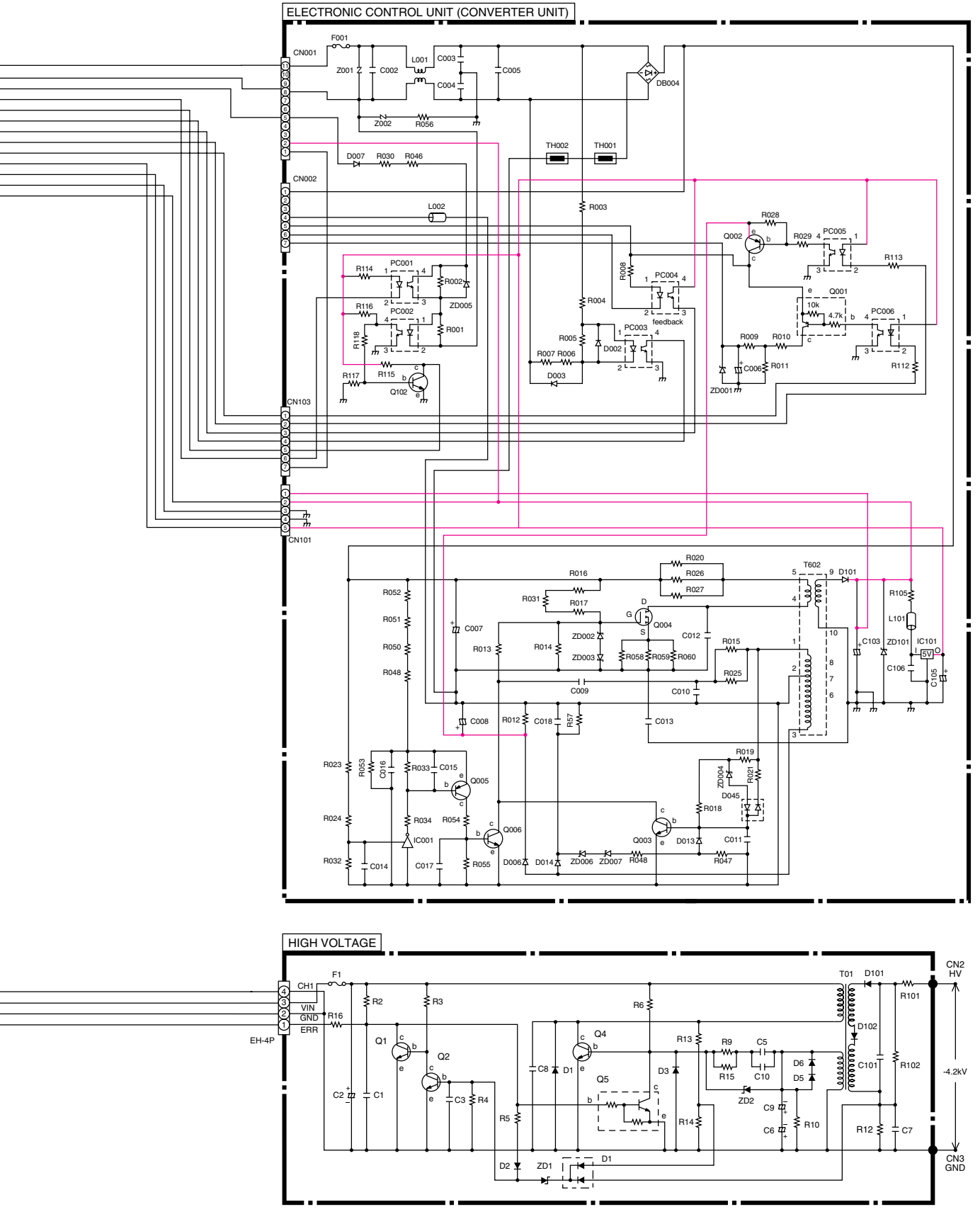
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM 1/3



SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM 2/3

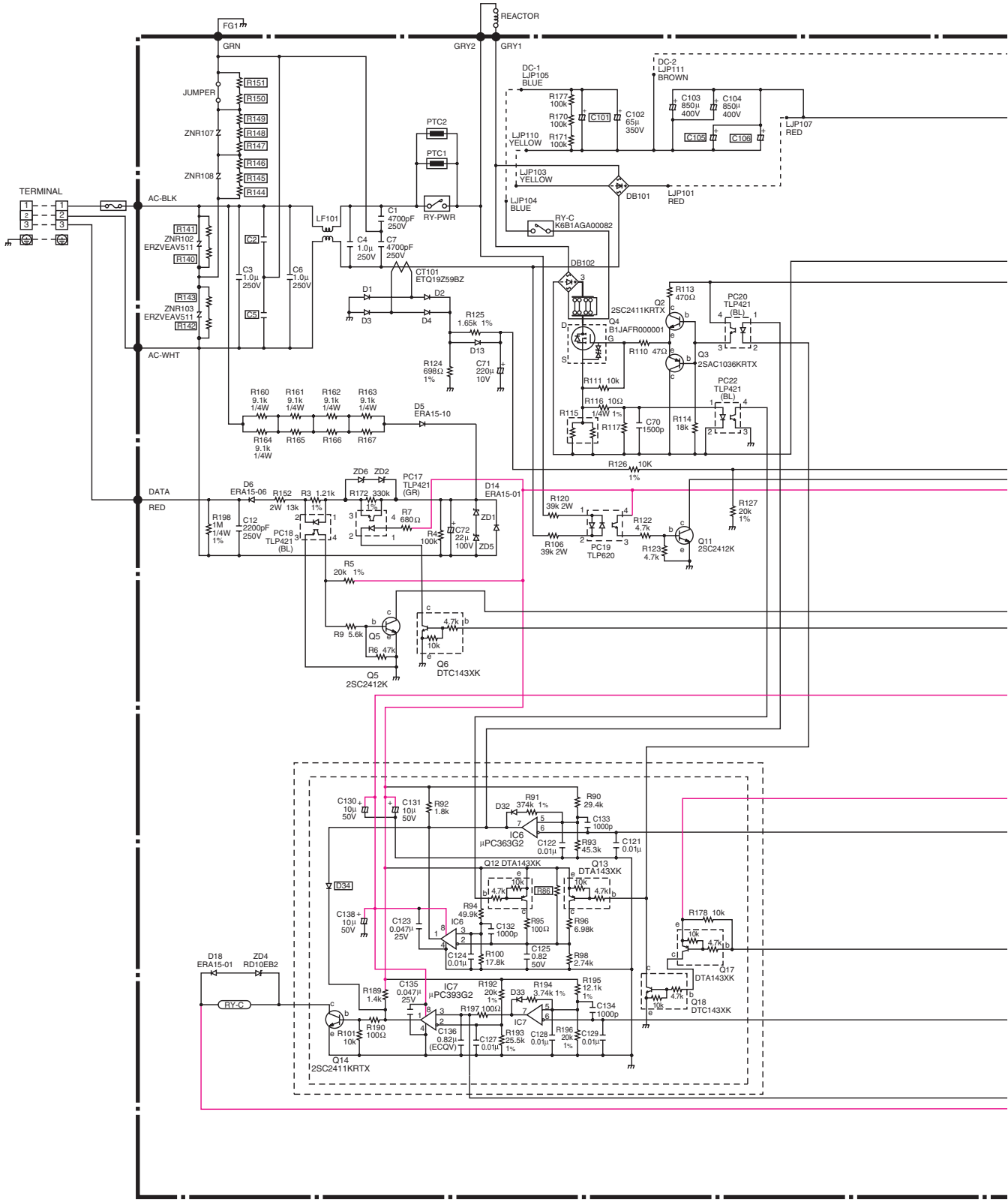


SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM 3/3

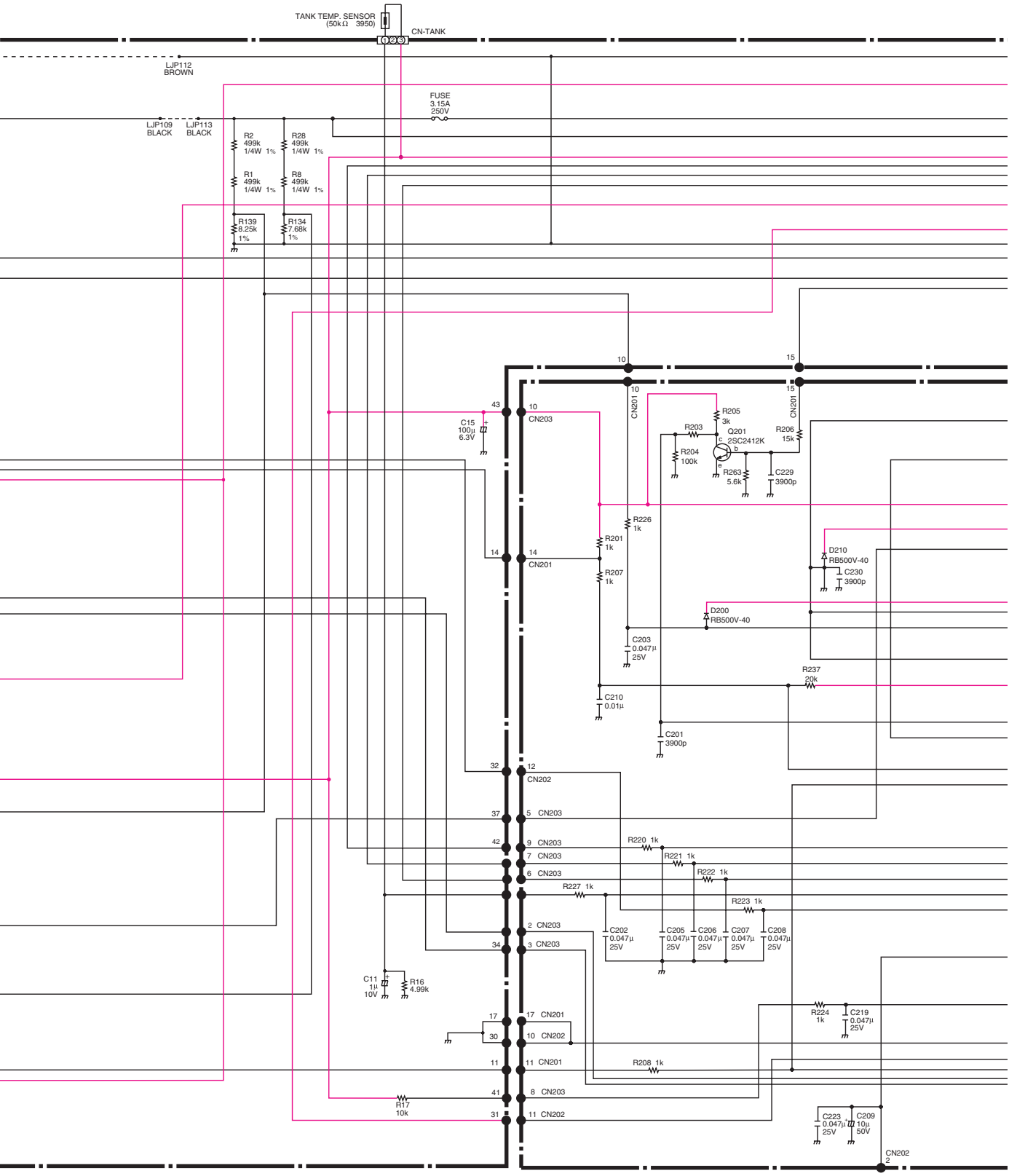


• CU-E18CKE CU-E21CKE

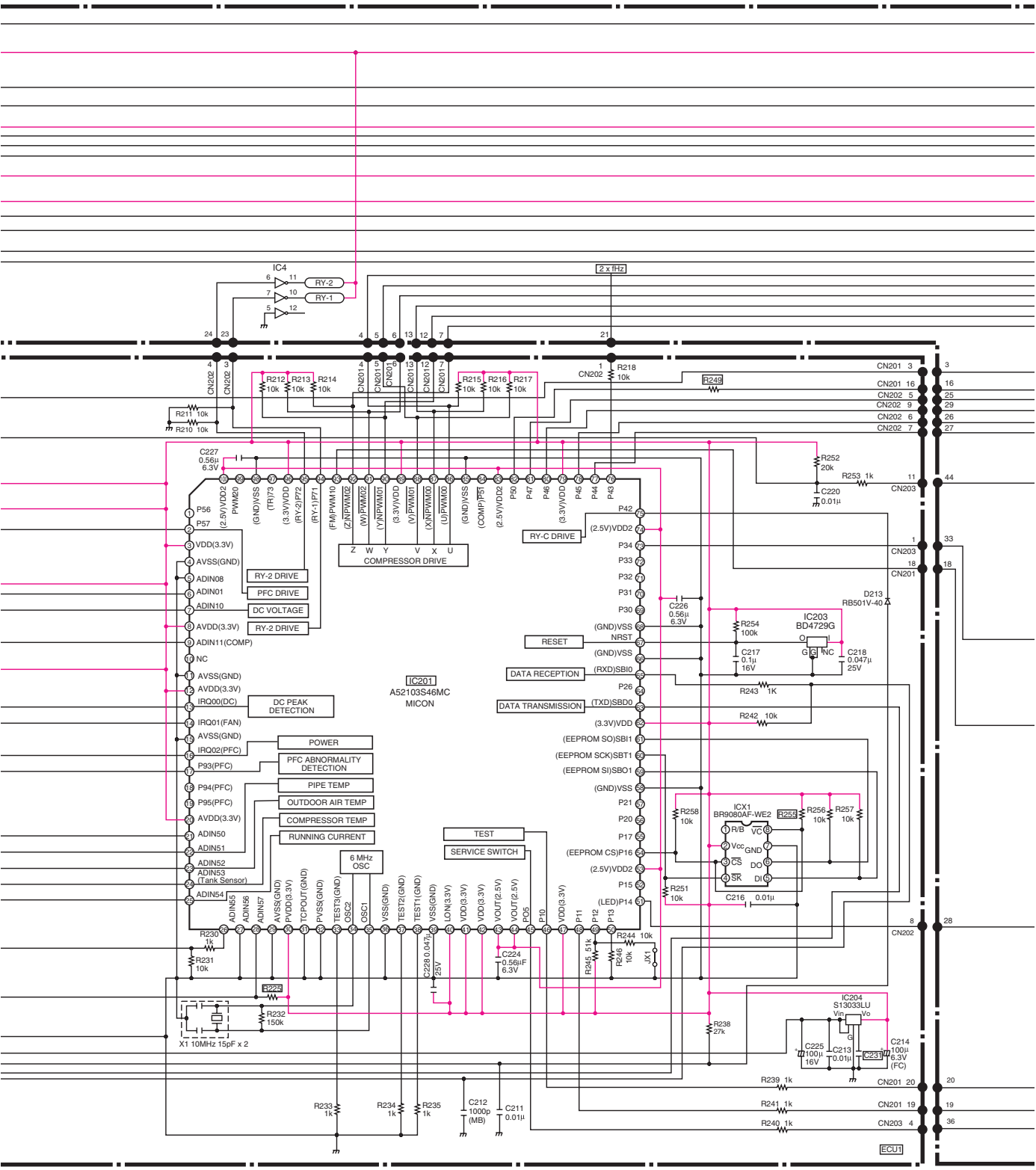
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM 1/5



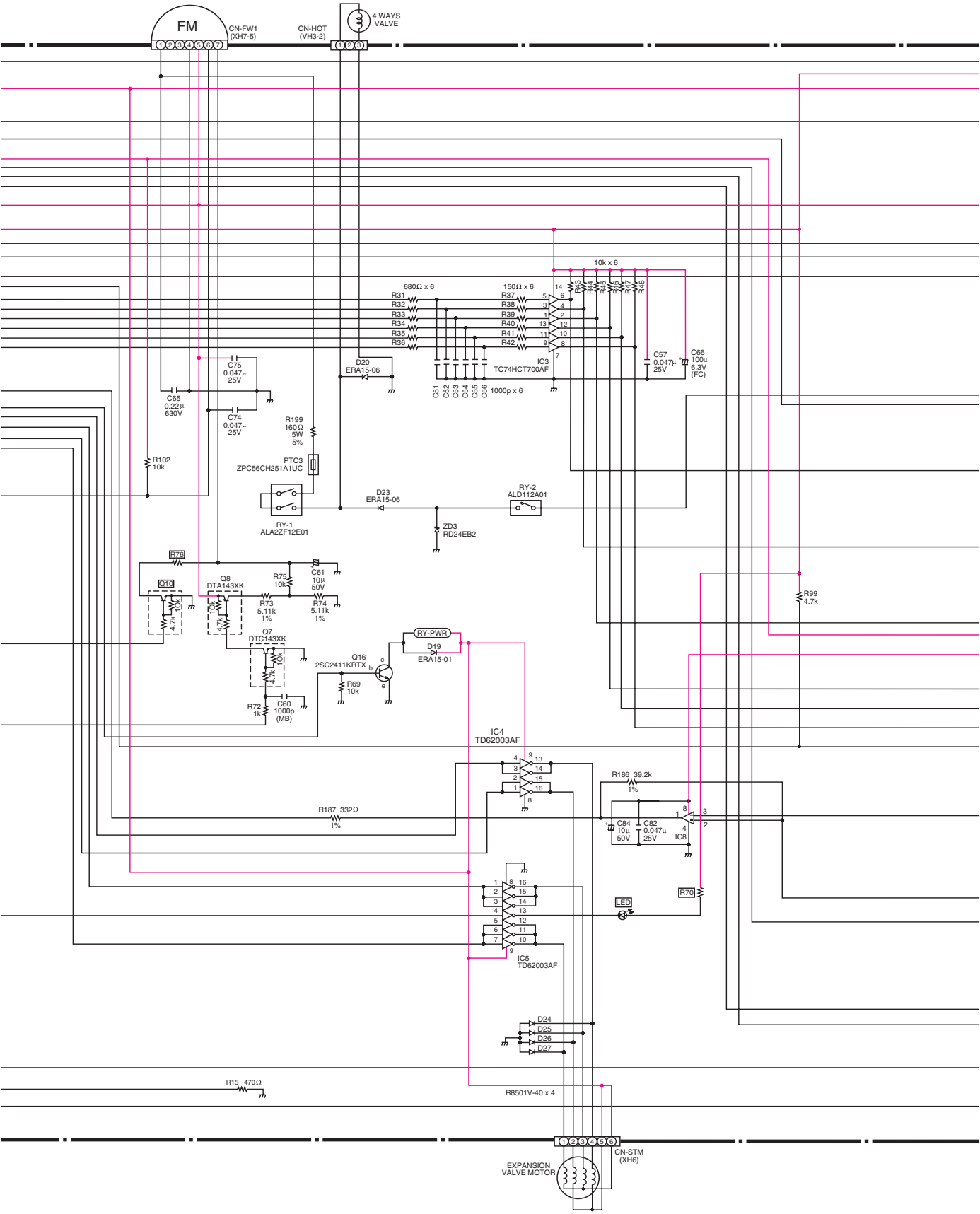
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM 2/5



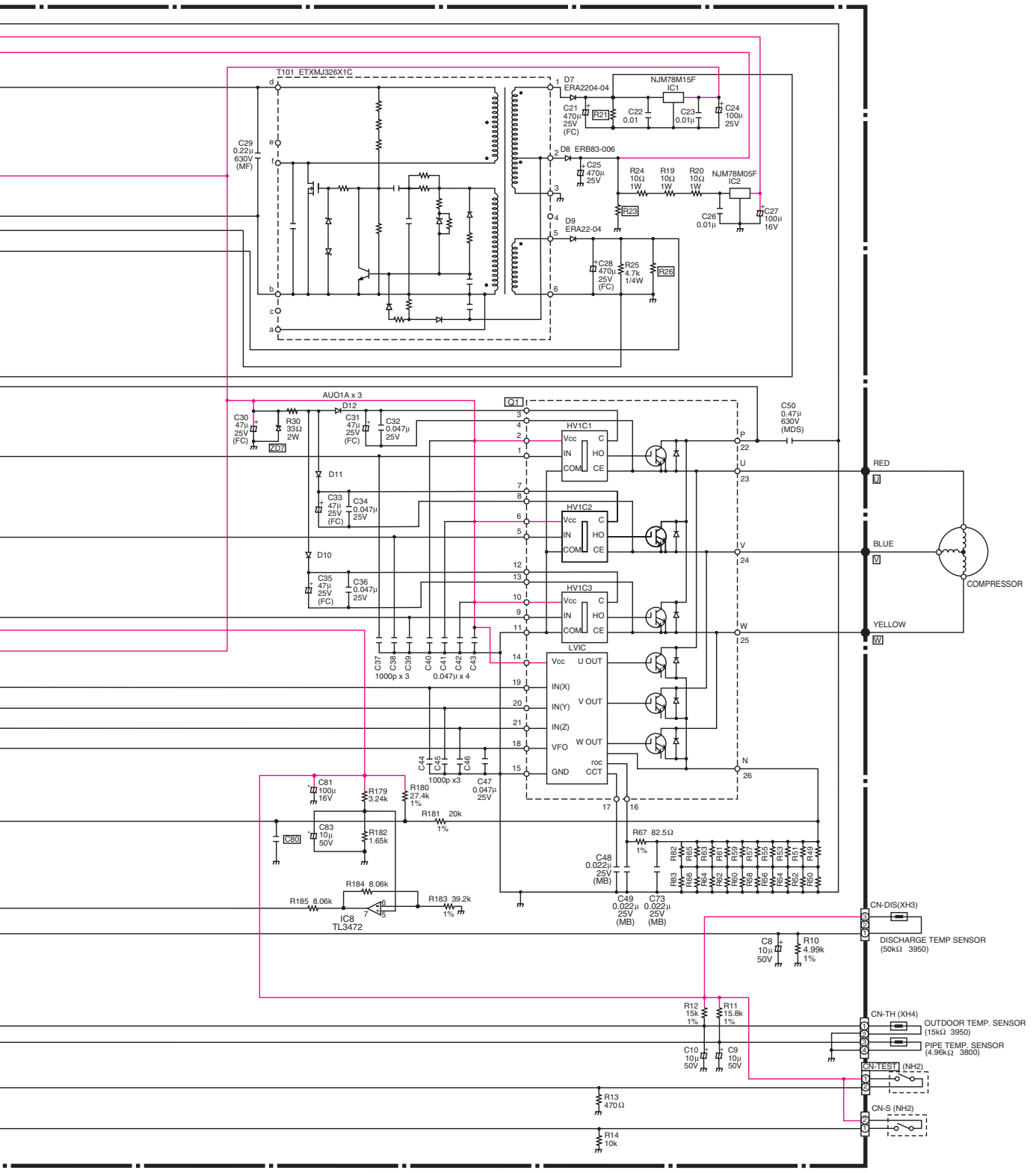
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM 3/5



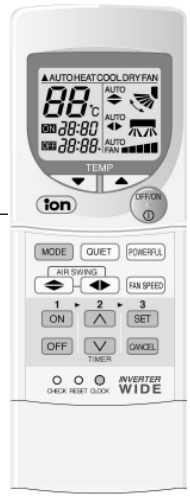
SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM 4/5

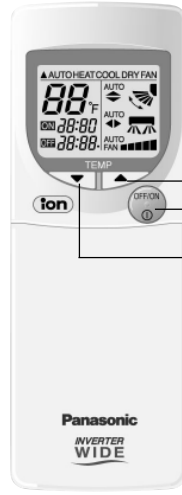


SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM 5/5



Remote Control





Illuminable buttons

OFF/ON

Operation OFF / ON

MODE

Operation Mode Selection

- AUTO Automatic Operation
- HEAT Heating Operation
- COOL Cooling Operation
- DRY Soft Dry Operation
- FAN Fan Operation

POWERFUL

Powerful Mode Operation

QUIET

Quiet Mode Operation

ion

Ion Mode Operation

AIR SWING

Airflow Direction Control

- Vertical Automatic Airflow Direction Control and Manual Airflow Direction Control (5 stages of adjustment).
- Horizontal Automatic Airflow Direction Control and Manual Airflow Direction Control (5 stages of adjustment).

FAN SPEED

Indoor Fan Speed Selection

- Low
- Medium-
- Medium
- Medium+
- High
- AUTO FAN Automatic Fan Speed

TEMP

Room Temperature Setting

- Increase or decrease set temperature. (16°C to 30°C)

TIMER ON OFF

Timer Setting

- 24-hour, OFF / ON Real Timer Setting.

Time / Timer Setting

- Hours and minutes setting.

SET CANCEL

Timer Operation Set / Cancel

- ON Timer and OFF Timer setting and cancellation.

CLOCK

Clock Setting

- Current time setting.

CHECK

Check Point

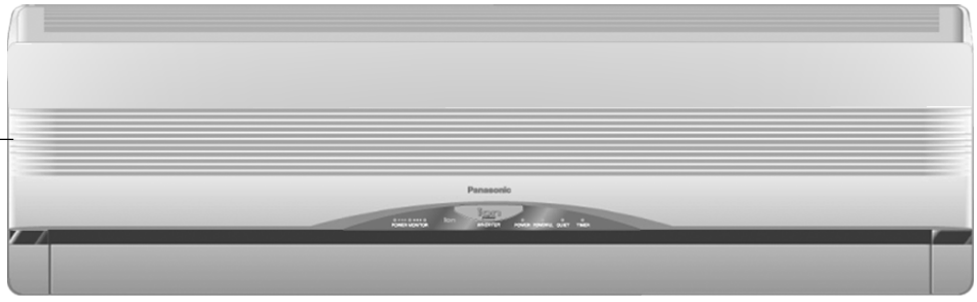
- Breakdown self diagnosis function.

RESET

Reset Point

- Clear memory data.

Indoor Unit



Automatic Operation Switch

- Press for < 5s to run Automatic Operation. (Used when the remote control cannot be used.)
- Press continuously for 5s and < 8s to run Forced Cooling Operation.
- Press continuously for 8s and < 11s to run Forced Heating Operation.
- Press continuously for 11s and < 16s to change different remote controlling setting (4 type of transmission code).
- Press continuously for 16s or < 21s to switch OFF / ON Remote Control Receiving Sound or H14 Abnormality Detection Mode.

Operation Indication Lamps (LED)

- POWER MONITOR (Green) ..... Lights up during compressor operation.
- ion (Green) ..... Lights up in Ionizer Mode Operation. Blinks in Ionizer error.
- POWER (Green) ..... Lights up in operation, blinks in Automatic Operation Mode judging, deice, On Timer sampling and Hot Start operation.
- POWERFUL (Orange) ... Lights up when Powerful Mode is selected.
- QUIET (Orange) .... Lights up in Quiet Mode Operation.
- TIMER (Orange) .... Lights up in Timer Setting. Blinks in Self Diagnosis Control.

Five Operation Modes

- Automatic, Heating, Cooling, Soft Dry and Fan Operation.

Automatic and 5 Manual Indoor Fan Speeds

Automatic and 5 Manual Vertical Airflow Directions

Automatic and 5 Manual Horizontal Airflow Directions

Powerful Mode

- For quick cooling or heating.

Quiet Mode

- To provide extra quiet operation.

Ionizer Control

- Ionizer control for generate negative ion in discharge air.

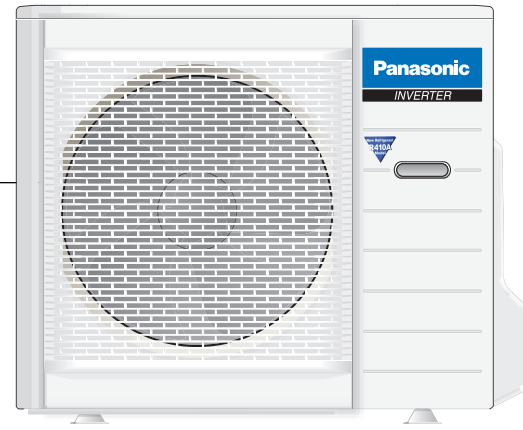
Delay ON Timer and OFF Timer

Automatic Restart Control

- Operation is restarted after power failure at previous setting mode.

Microcomputer-controlled Room Temperature Control

Outdoor Unit



- Breakdown Self Diagnosis Function
- Low Pressure Control (Gas Leakeage Detection)
- Indoor Power Relay Control
- Anti-Dew Formation Control
- Anti Freezing Control
- Anti-Cold Draft Control
- Hot Start
- Intake Air Temperature Control
- High Pressure Control
- Deodorizing Control
- Deice Operation
- Time Delay Safety Control
- 30 seconds Forced Operation
- Overload Protection Control
- Total Running Current Control
- Compressor Overheating Prevention Control
- IPM (Power Transistor) Overheating Protection Control
- Low Operation Frequency Protection Control
- Mininum Operation Frequency Protection Control
- Outdoor Air Temperature Control
- Standby Control
- Deice Operation